



Sponsor:
Denver ComSoc Chapter



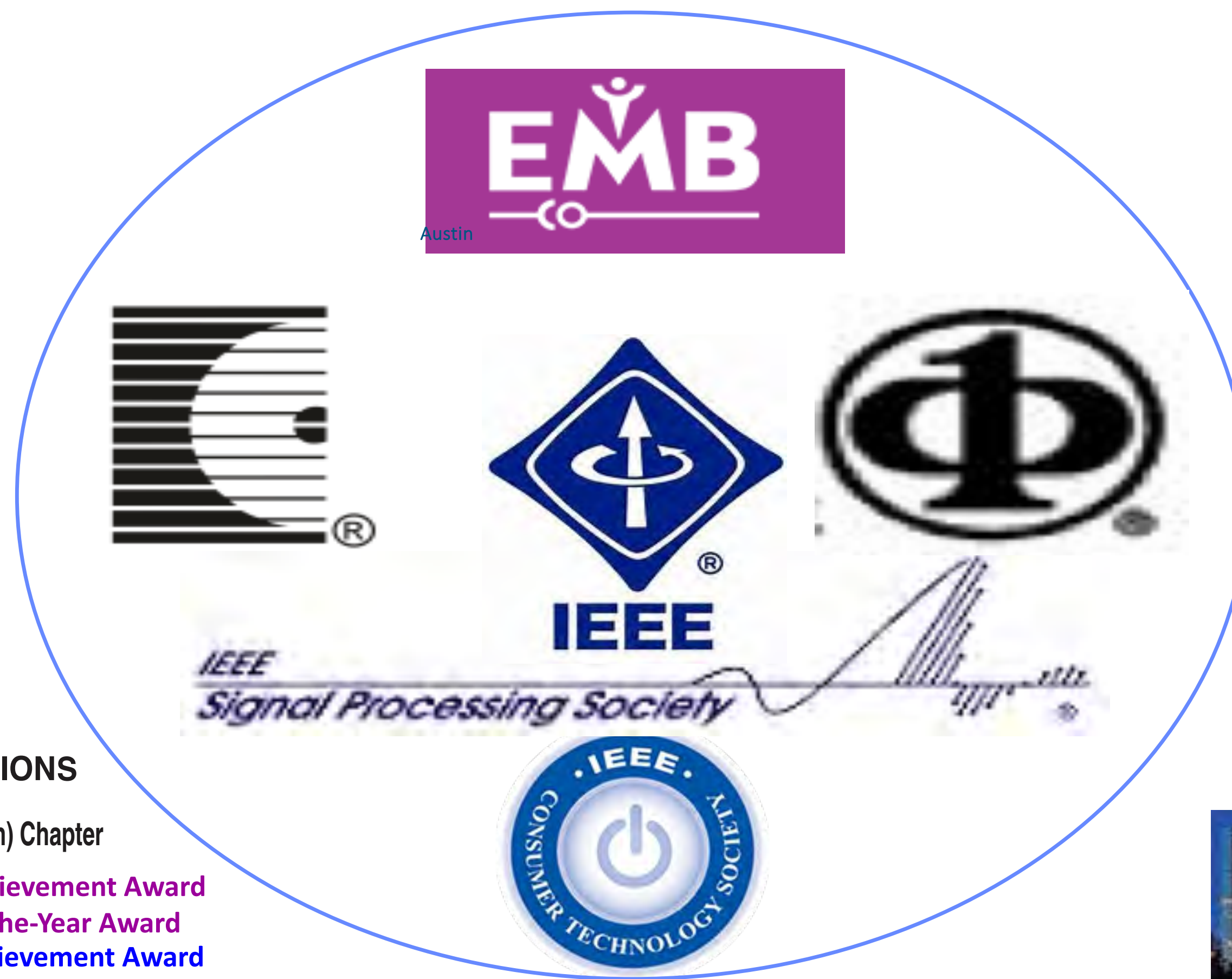
DLT Session on 5G/6G Enabled Edge Computing and Edge AI

Fawzi Behmann

President TelNet Management Consulting Inc.

September 20, 2023

Greetings from Austin IEEE Chapters



 IEEE
COMMUNICATIONS
SOCIETY
Central Texas (Austin) Chapter

2015 Chapter Achievement Award
2015 Chapter-of-the-Year Award
2017 Chapter Achievement Award
2017 Chapter-of-the-Year Award
2020 Chapter Achievement Award
2020 Chapter-of-the-Year Award
2021 Chapter Achievement Award



IEEE Communications Society Chapter Awards Program 2015, 2017, 2020 and 2021 AWARDS TO IEEE Central Texas (Austin) Chapter

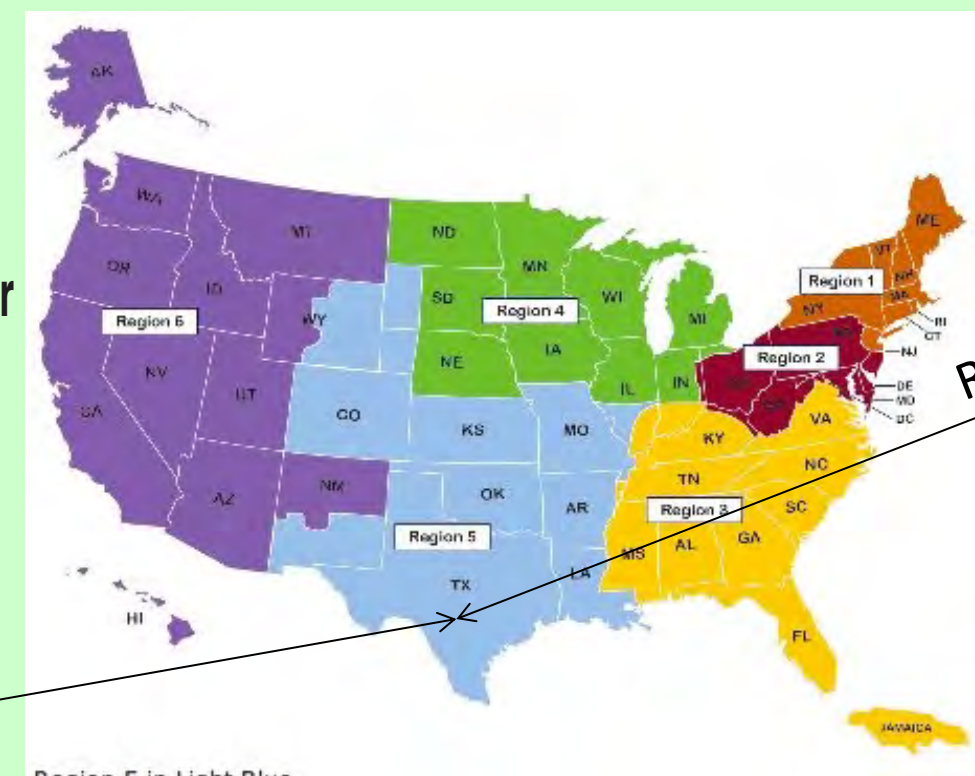


ComSoc Chapter Achievement Award

ComSoc Chapter-of-the-Year Award



Austin



IEEE COMSOC
222 Chapters worldwide

Fawzi Behmann Bio



Leadership Experience - "Communications & Networking"

- President TelNet Management Consulting Inc. since 2009
 - Collaborative Technology positioning for smart ecosystem solutions at key markets
 - Distinguished Lecturer and keynote speaker at domestic & international conference
 - Co-author of Collaborative IoT for Future Smart Connected Life and Business
 - Faculty Advisor for Senior Design Program
- Communications & Networking Technology & Applications
 - Director of Strategic Marketing @ Motorola/Freescale/NXP
 - Sr. Product Management Edge/core @ Nortel Networks
 - Telecom Network Management Leader @ Teleglobe
- IEEE

IEEE: Communications Society Director for NA region & BOG

Member, Distinguished Lecturer, Section Chair, R5 Conference

Committee Chair, Chapter Chairs (ComSoc/SP, Computer/EMBS)

- MBA, Queen's University, Canada
- M. Comp. Sc. , University of Waterloo, Canada
- B.Sc. Hons. With Distinction in Math, Concordia University



**TelNet
Management**



Agenda



- A clear understanding of 5G & 6G positioning, features and roadmap
- Architecture evolution pushing intelligence to the edge
- Provide examples empowered by 5G/6G, IoT and AI
- Provide example of network slicing for bandwidth efficiency, security and QoS.

Takeaways:

- Collaborative technologies and impact on ecosystems and networking smart solutions.
- Opportunity to participate and drive advancement of IEEE transdisciplinary framework and Future Networks Technology Roadmap (INGR) working groups.

5G Vision

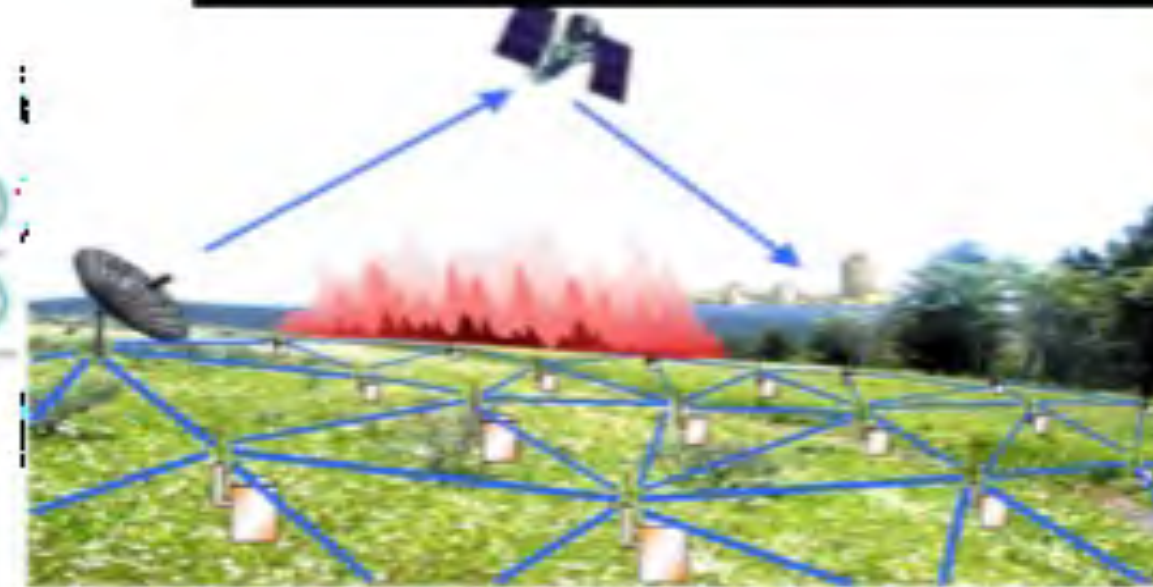
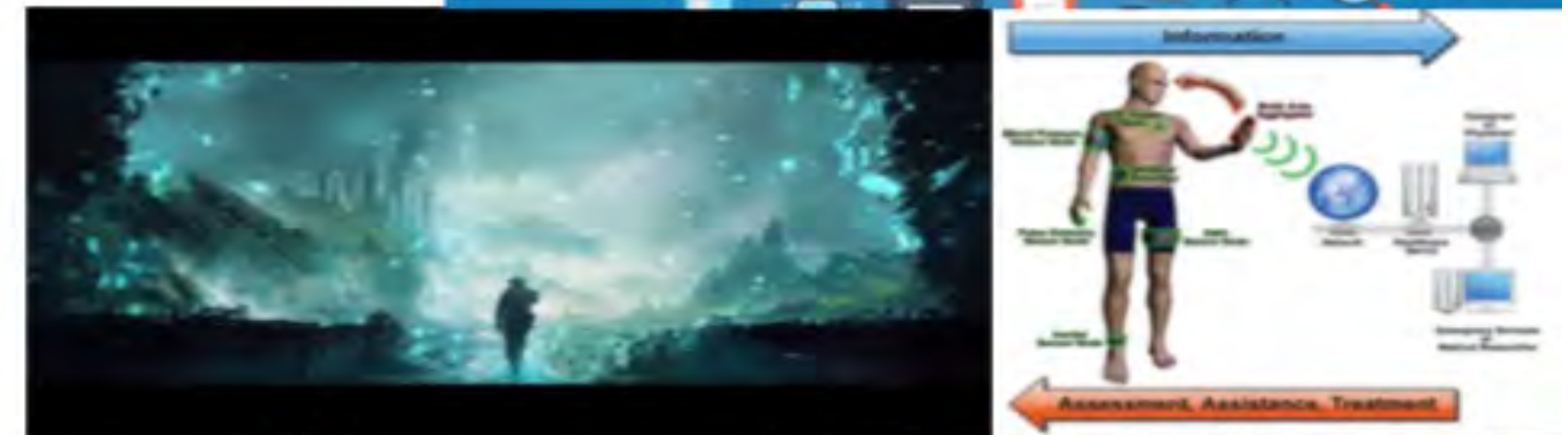
Massive Capacity and Connectivity

Efficient Use of Spectrum and Network Utilization

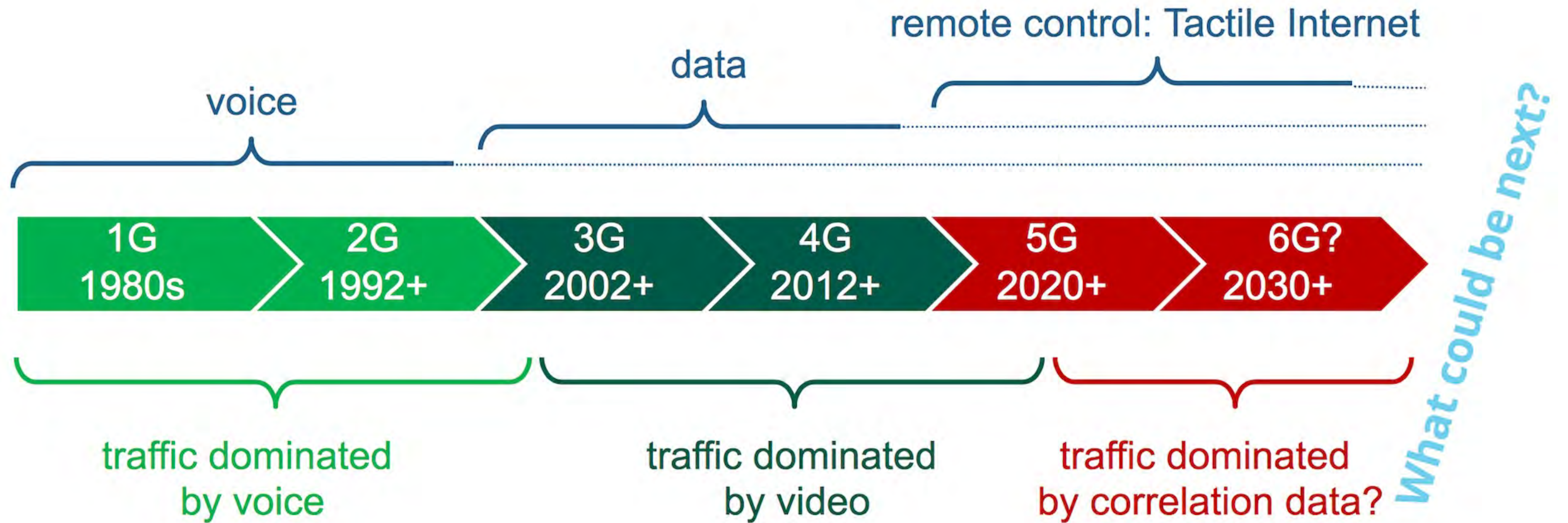
Flexible and Scalable Infrastructure to

Enable value add services affecting the following use cases

- Internet of Things
- Wireless Sensor Networks
- Smart Homes
- Smart Grid
- Intelligent Transport Systems
- Virtual Reality/Online Gaming
- Medical Sensors



Cellular Generations - Roadmap



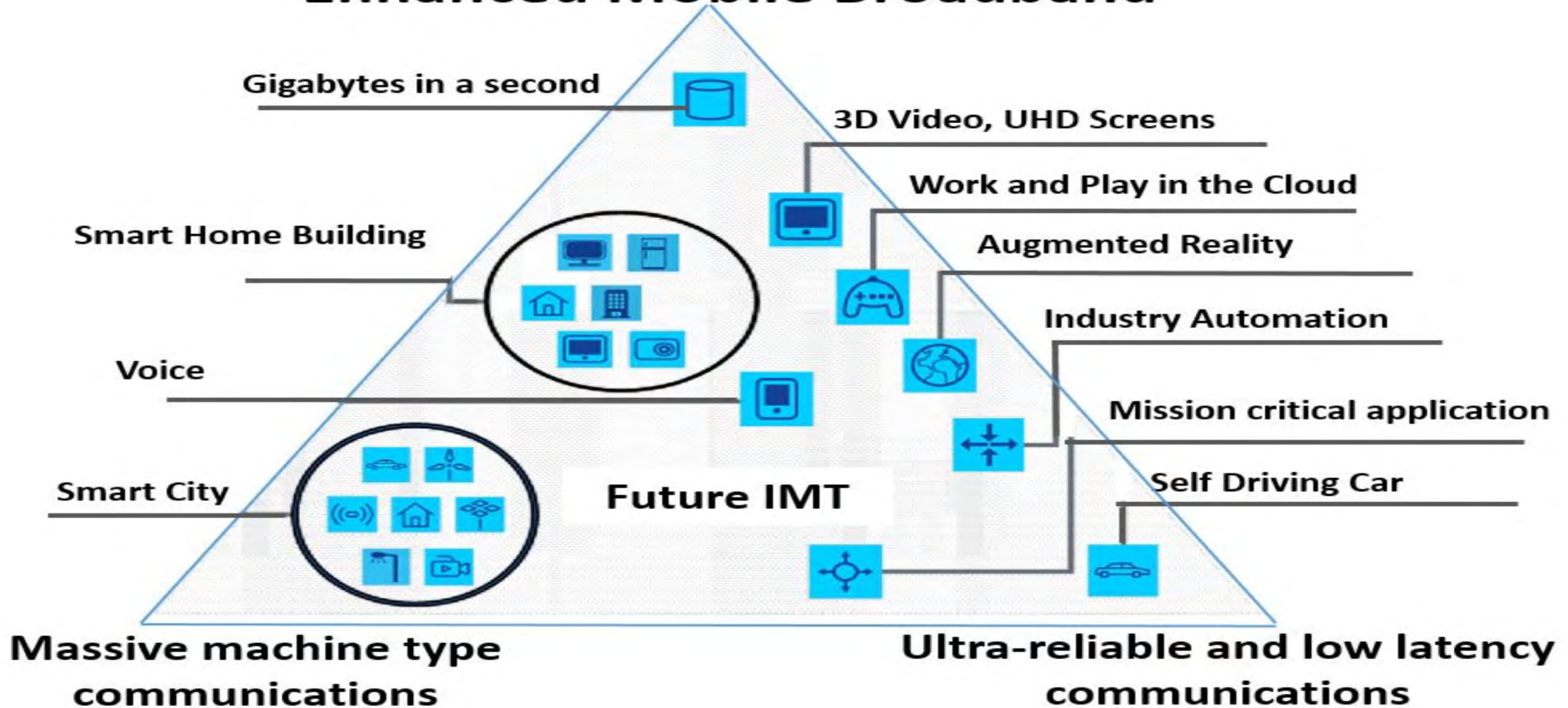
5G vs LTE/4G



	Latency	Throughput	Connections	Mobility
5G	1 ms E2E Latency	10G bps Per Connection	1,000K Connections Per km ²	500 km/h High-speed Railway
GAP	30~50x	100x	100x	1.5x
LTE	30-50ms	100Mbps	10K	350Km/h

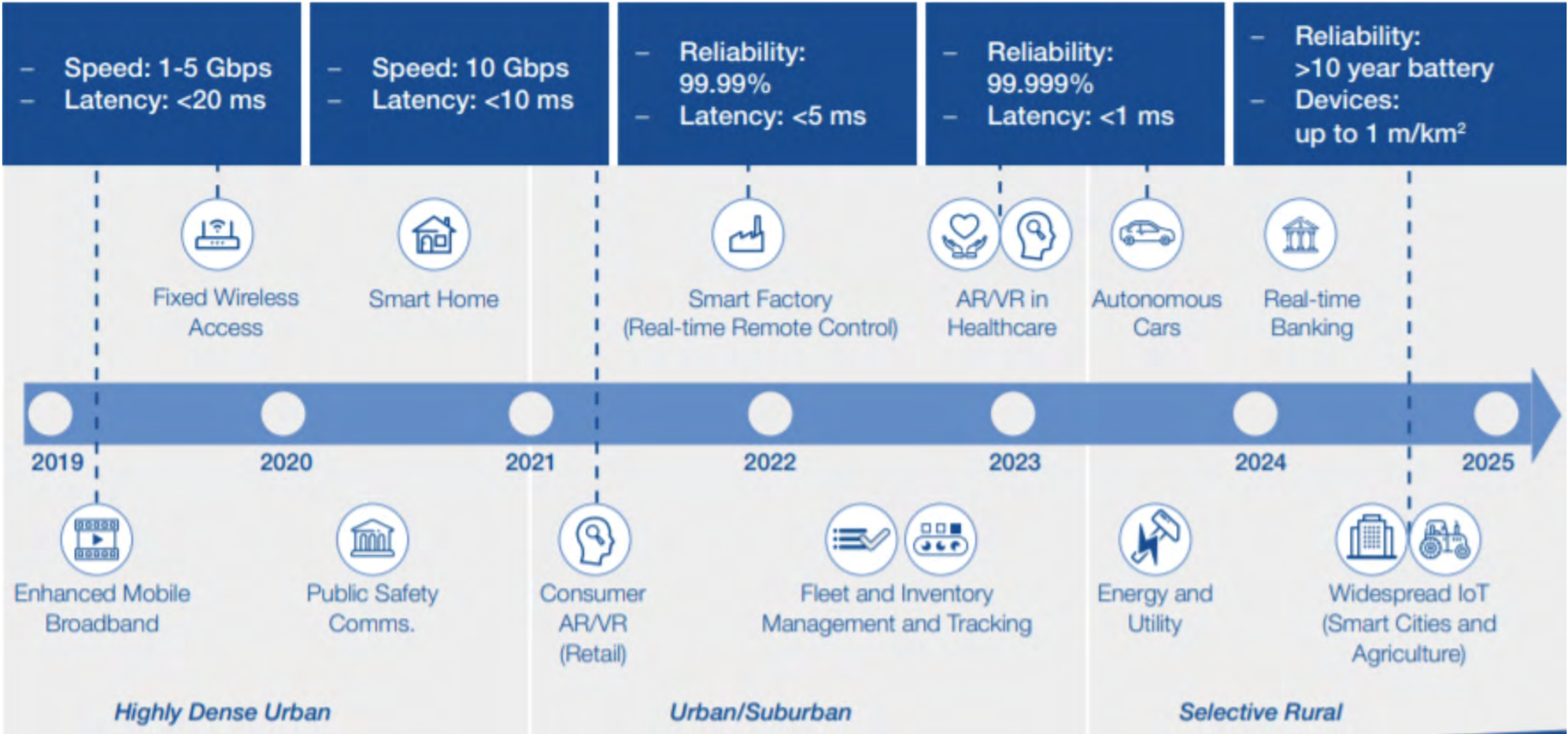
5G is quantum leap in speed, density, latency

Enhanced Mobile Broadband

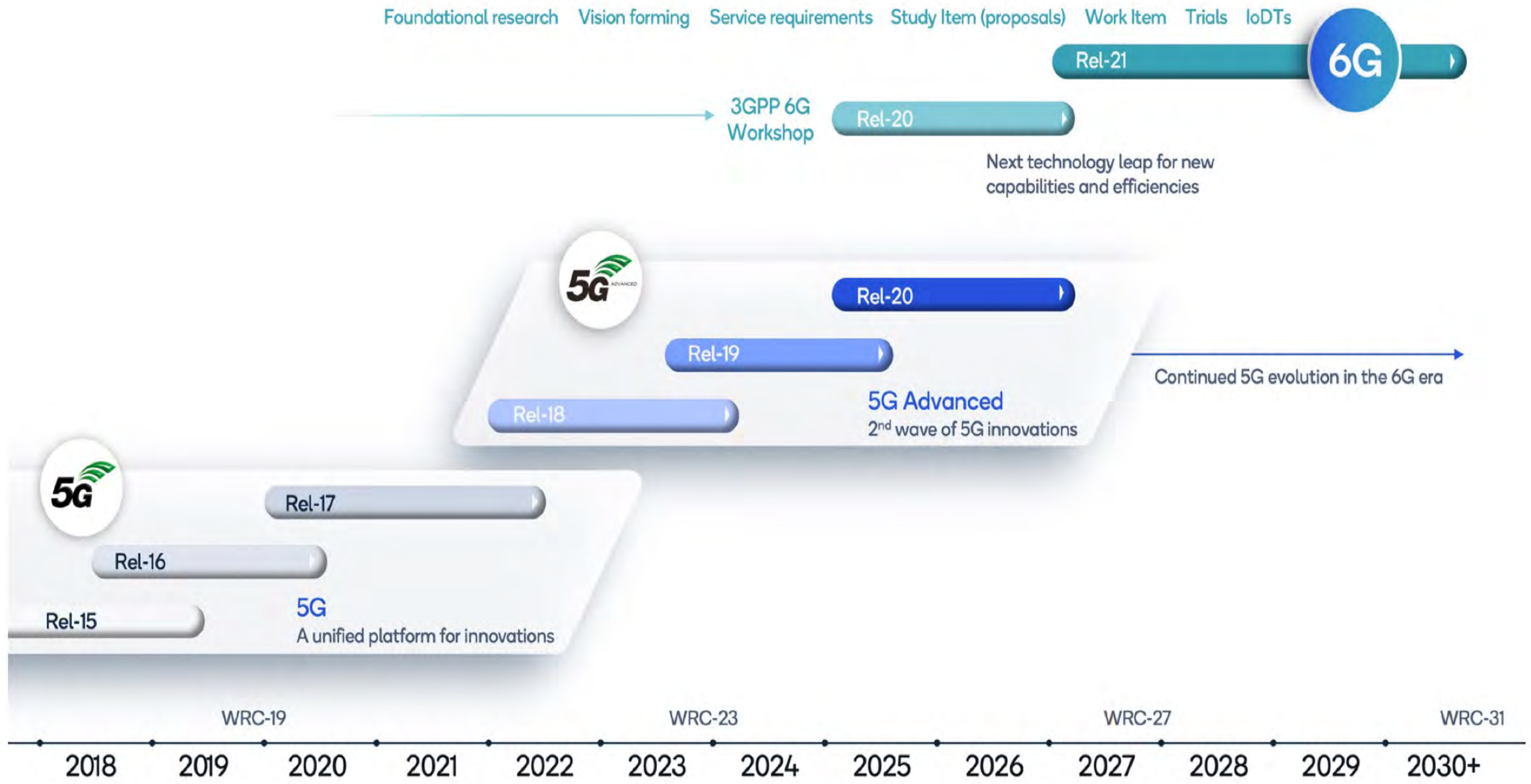


Use Cases / Feature Roadmap

Industry Sectors enabled by evolving 5G/5G Advanced Features



5G/5G Advanced/6G Releases



5G Use Cases Market



5G will expand the mobile ecosystem to new industries

Powering the digital economy

\$13.1 Trillion

in global sales activities by 2035



Precision agriculture



Construction and mining



Digitized education



Connected healthcare



Rich mobile experiences



Smart manufacturing

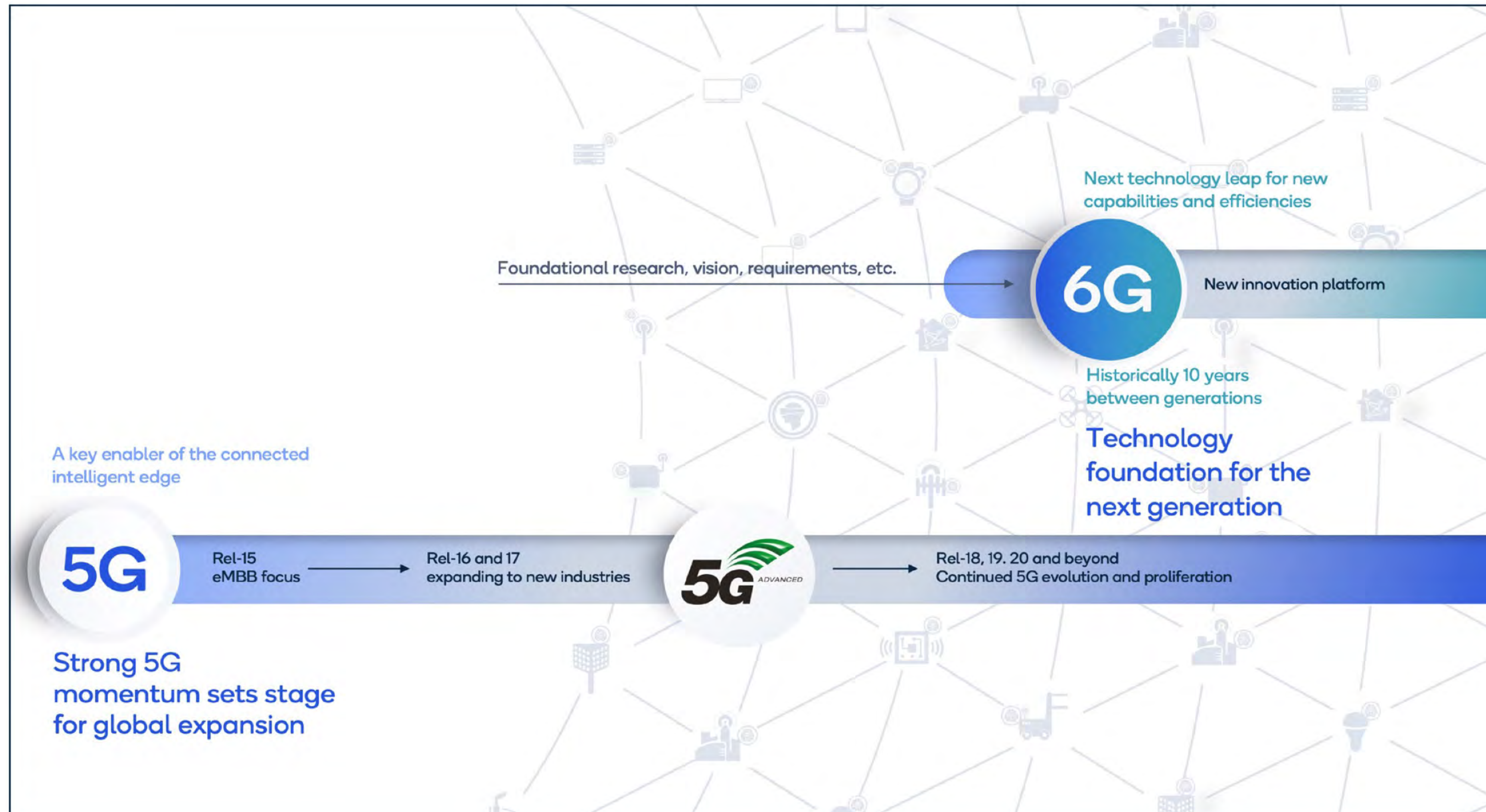


Intelligent retail



Smart city

5G/5G Advanced Releases - Path to 6G



Path to 6G – enabling a connected intelligent future

6G's Disruptive revolution with novel technologies

Fixed and mobile broadband evolution

Critical services expansion

Collaborative robots, real-time command and control

Hologram telepresence

Ultra-wide area to micro connectivity

Smarter verticals

Enhanced boundless XR experiences

Wireless sensor fusion

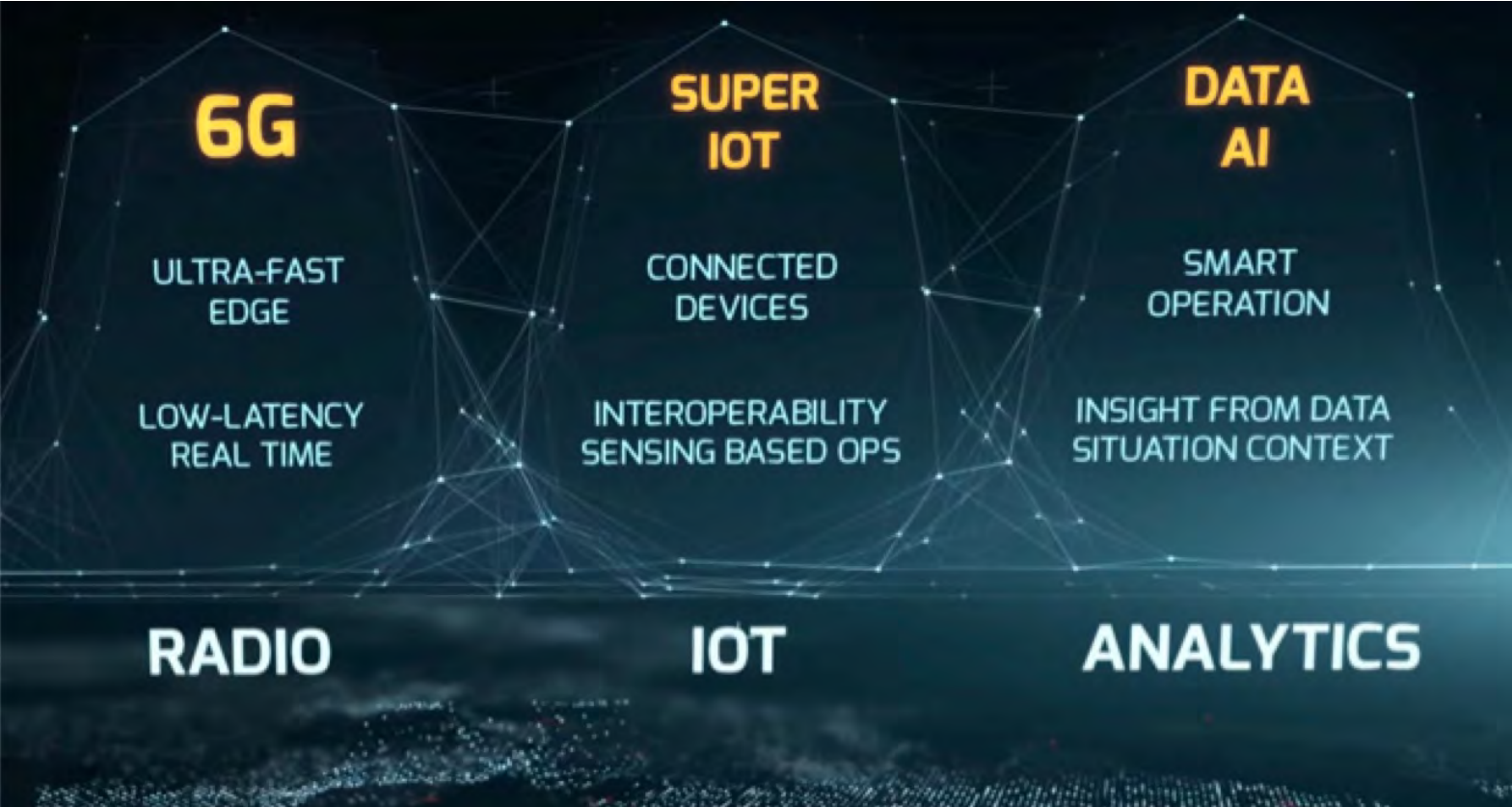
Human augmentation and digital twins

Unknown future use cases

6G Propelling next-level experiences and innovative use cases in the new era of the connected intelligent edge for 2030 and beyond

6G will bring new and enhanced user experiences across the connected intelligent edge


6G's Evolutionary Challenges "Stretching 5G"



6Genesis 2030 6G Vision 1 Tbps speeds, microsecond latency and AI optimization

Source: 6Genesis

Increase data rate	→ beyond 10Gb/s (e.g. for VR)
Address latency	→ Comms. Control Codesign (e.g. for robotics)
Expand coverage	→ connect 4B people missed-out
Scalable HW/SW	→ enable cost-efficient applications (e.g. verticals)
Tactile Internet - AI	→ transport correlation results, weights,...



“faster, higher, stronger...” 😞😊

Source: 5G Lab Germany

6G's Disruptive revolution with novel technologies



Integrated communication, sensing, compute

Enhanced immersive XR, collaborative positioning, RF sensing for the merging of physical, digital, and virtual worlds, ...



Cloud-native network convergence

Merging of core and RAN as well as application services with distributed service model, ...



Wireless machine learning

Cross-node (i.e., network and device) AI/ML air interface design, and intelligent network operations, ...



Full-duplex communication

Single-frequency and subband full duplex, device-side full duplex, for communication, sensing and beyond, ...



New device types and service models

Ultra-low power and passive devices, hologram AI, cooperative devices, ...

Extreme evolution of the wireless foundation

6G

Disruptive revolution with novel technologies



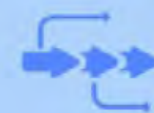
Air interface innovations for enhanced spectral efficiency and new spectrum

Giga-MIMO unlocking upper mid-band (7-24 GHz), sub-THz, visible light, distributed massive MIMO, RIS, 5G/6G DSS, ...



New channel coding, modulation scheme, and waveform design

Enhanced LDPC, polar codes vs. new techniques such as spinal, PAC, staircase codes, constellation shaping, ...



Expanded network topology and enhanced device mobility management

Disaggregated network architecture, multi-access interworking with Wi-Fi/BT/UWB, public/private network interoperability, ...



Strengthened end-to-end system security building on 5G and LTE

Post quantum security, data management and identity privacy, full encryption down to PHY/MAC, integrity protection, ...



Integrated communication, sensing, compute

Enhanced immersive XR, collaborative positioning, RF sensing for the merging of physical, digital, and virtual worlds, ...



Cloud-native network convergence

Merging of core and RAN as well as application services with distributed service model, ...



Wireless machine learning

Cross-node (i.e., network and device) AI/ML air interface design, and intelligent network operations, ...



Full-duplex communication

Single-frequency and subband full duplex, device-side full duplex, for communication, sensing and beyond, ...



New device types and service models

Ultra-low power and passive devices, hologram AI, cooperative devices, ...

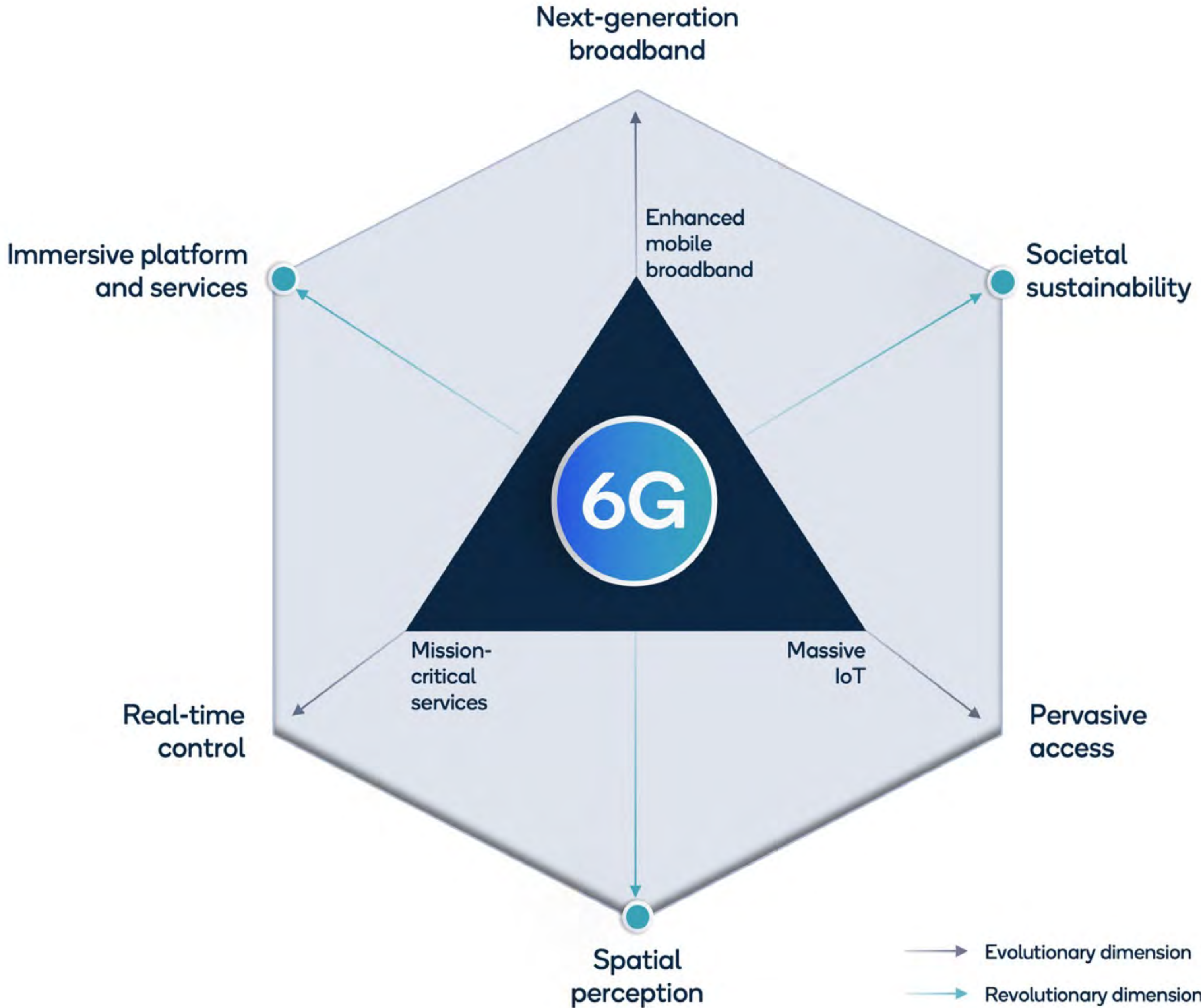
6G WILL BRING TOGETHER

Evolutionary and revolutionary wireless advances

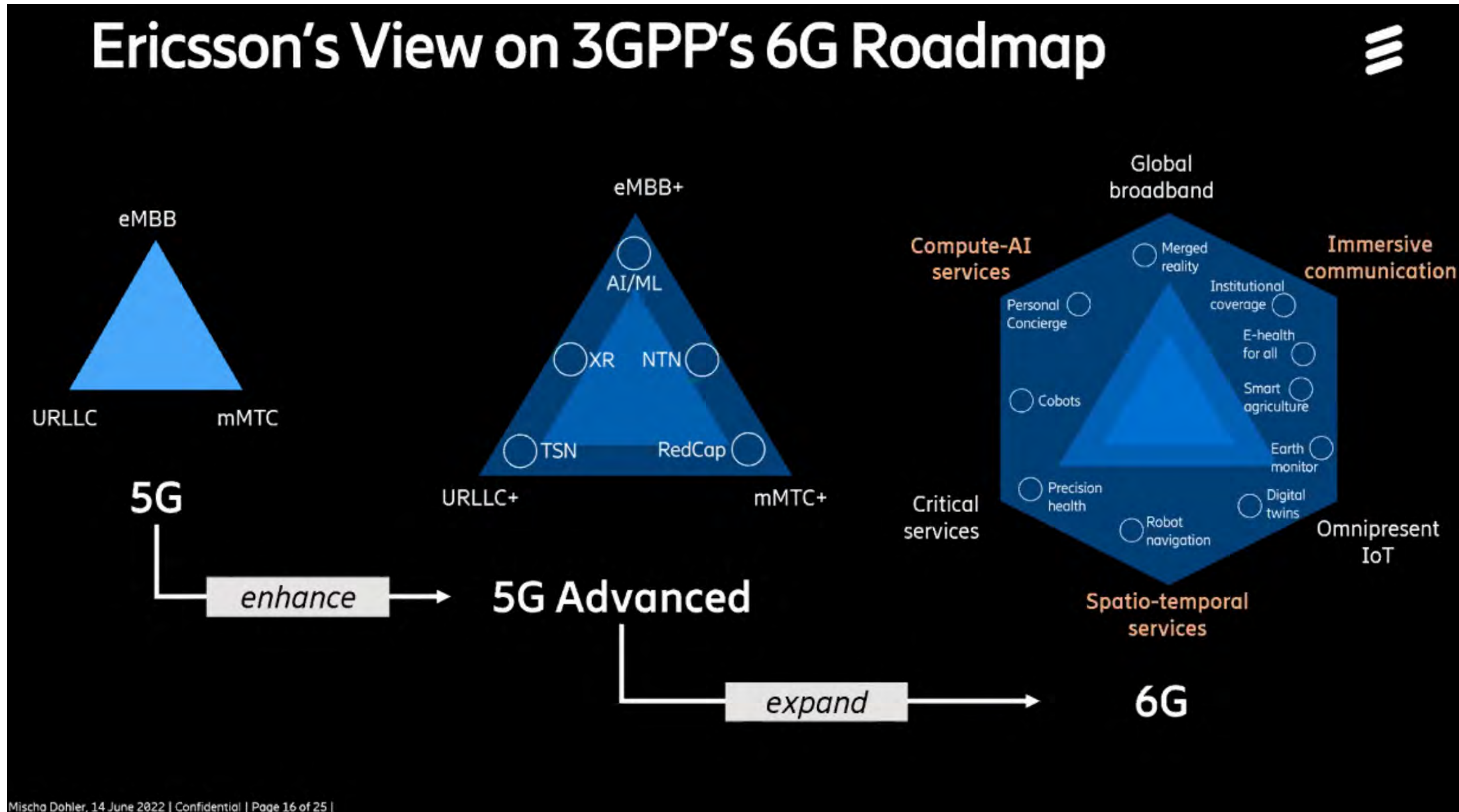
Across radio and baseband, machine learning and AI, cloud — network, and the merging of the worlds

Source: Qualcomm

6G Support enhanced services and new use cases



5G - 5G Advanced- 6G Use cases



5G/6G – Edge Computing/Edge AI High Level Model

Center/Apps (Insightful Intelligence)

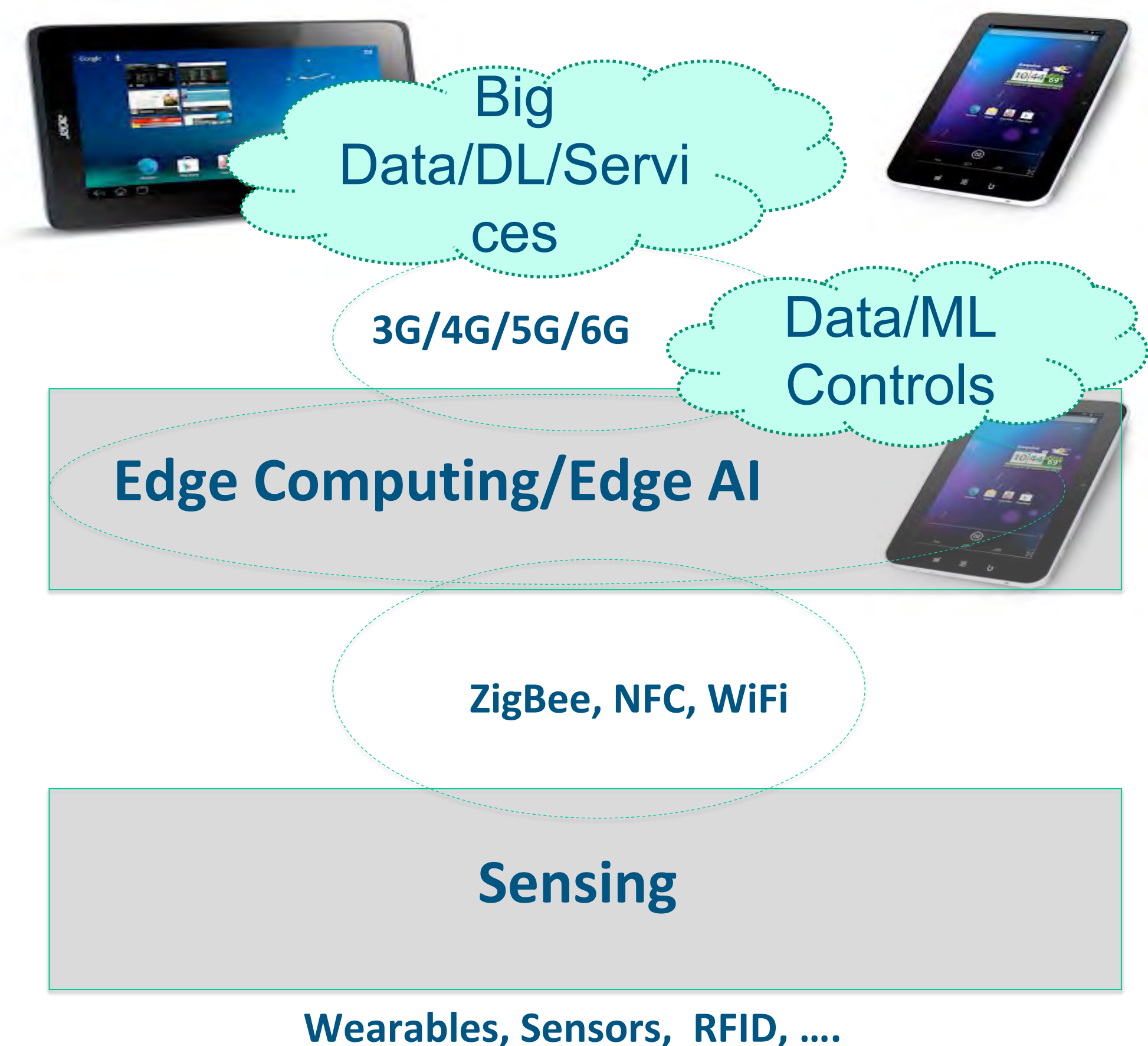
This layer provides insight to the data collected from all layers and offers the information as a service to individuals, industries or infrastructures.

Edge Computing -> Edge AI (Gateway/Aggregation)

This layer enables the stream of data to move from one level to the next for additional processing.

Sensing

This layer enables interface to objects that are currently passive, where tapping into these objects will generate a stream of pertinent data and information.



5G – Application Drivers

Video streaming is exploding, and buffering is a deal breaker

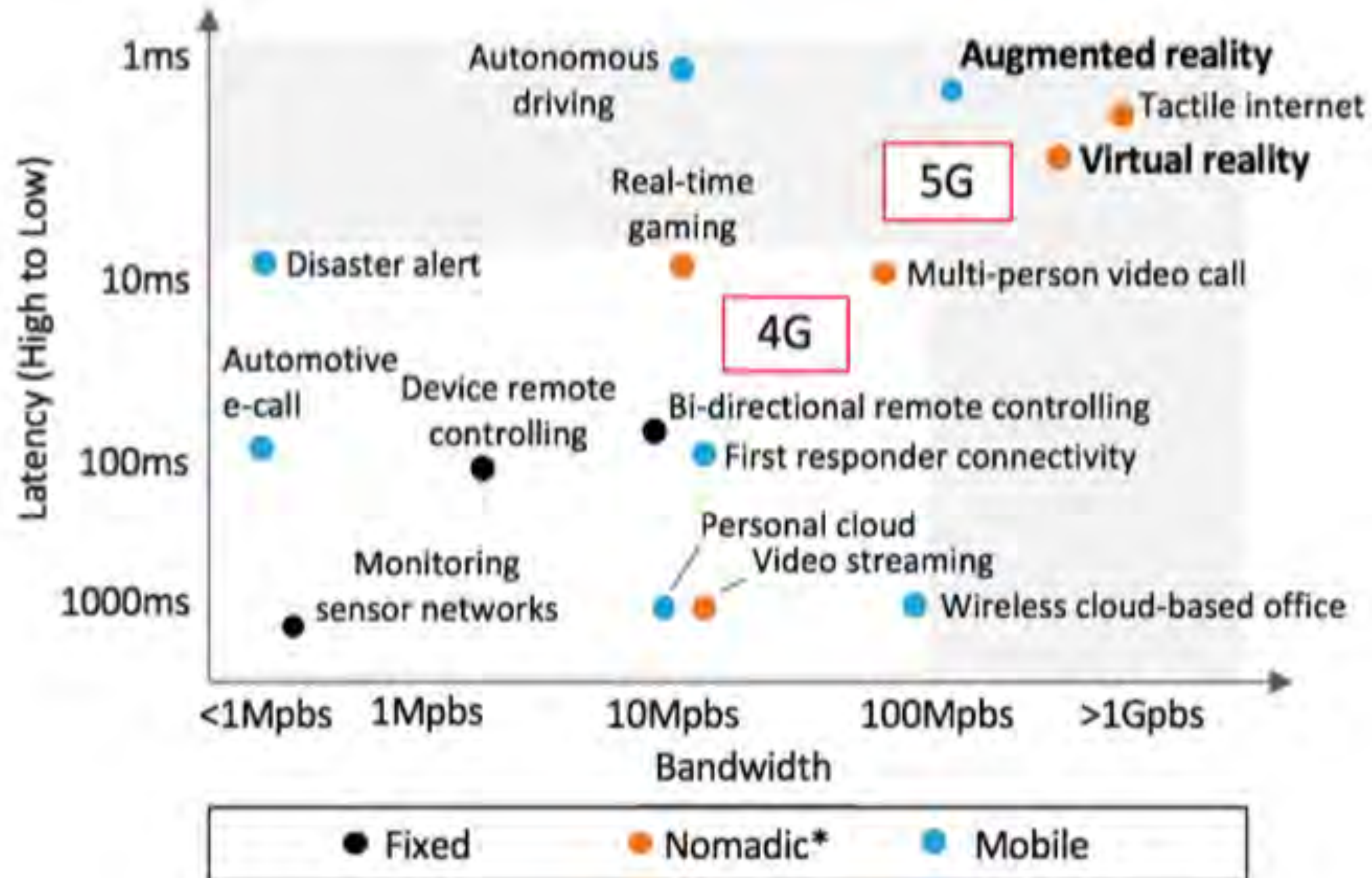
Billions of devices will become connected, driving the need for network capacity to scale

Machine to machine communications will create opportunities, requiring ultra-low latency



5G Technical Drivers

5G's promise of greater speed and overall network performance brings huge opportunities not only for the Internet of Things, 4K video, augmented and virtual reality, autonomous driving, mission critical and much more.



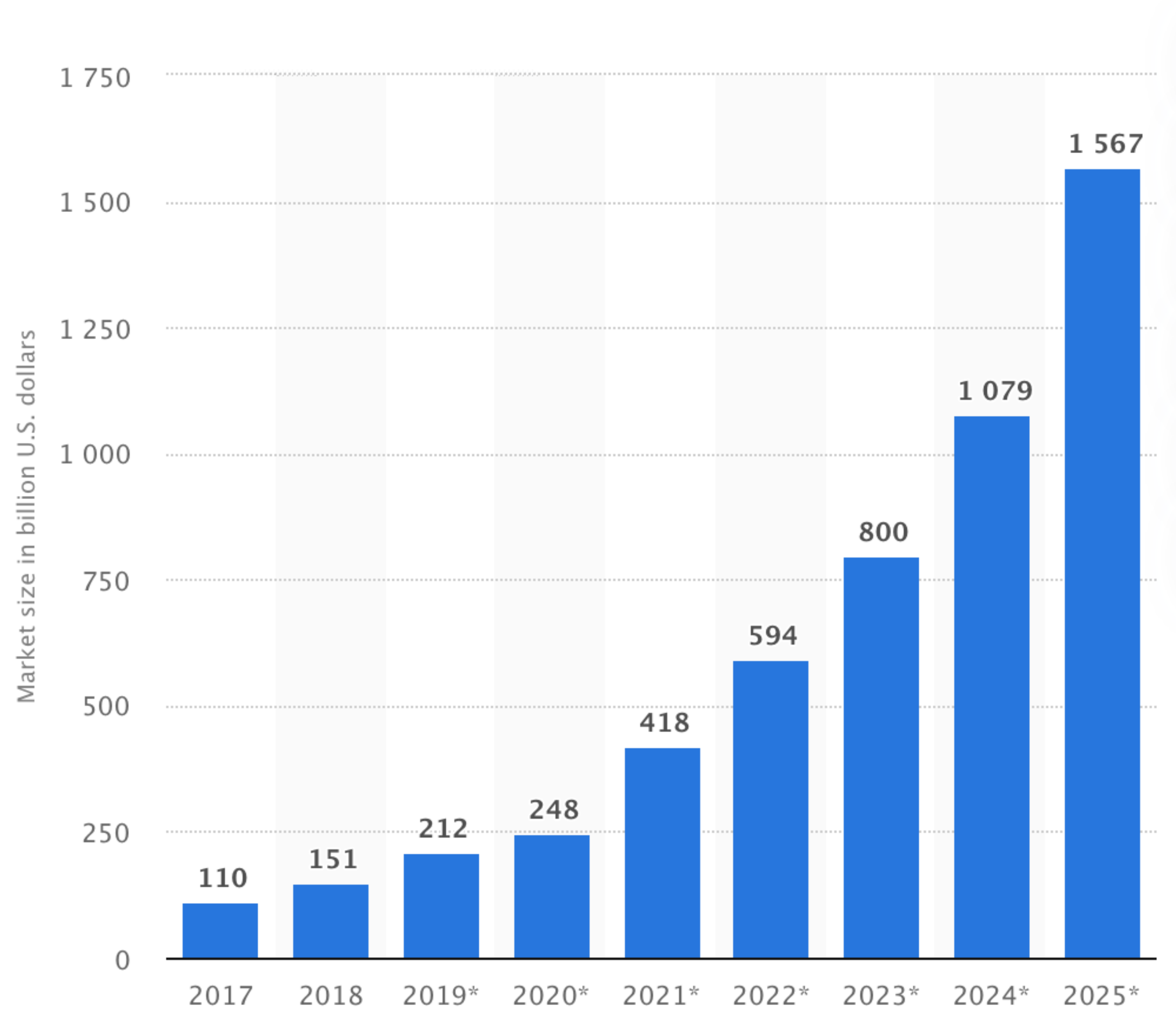
Drivers for the need of 5G - IoT

IoT Global Market

2019: US\$ 212 billion

2025: US\$ 1.6 trillion

Across multiple of vertical markets



Global AI revenue

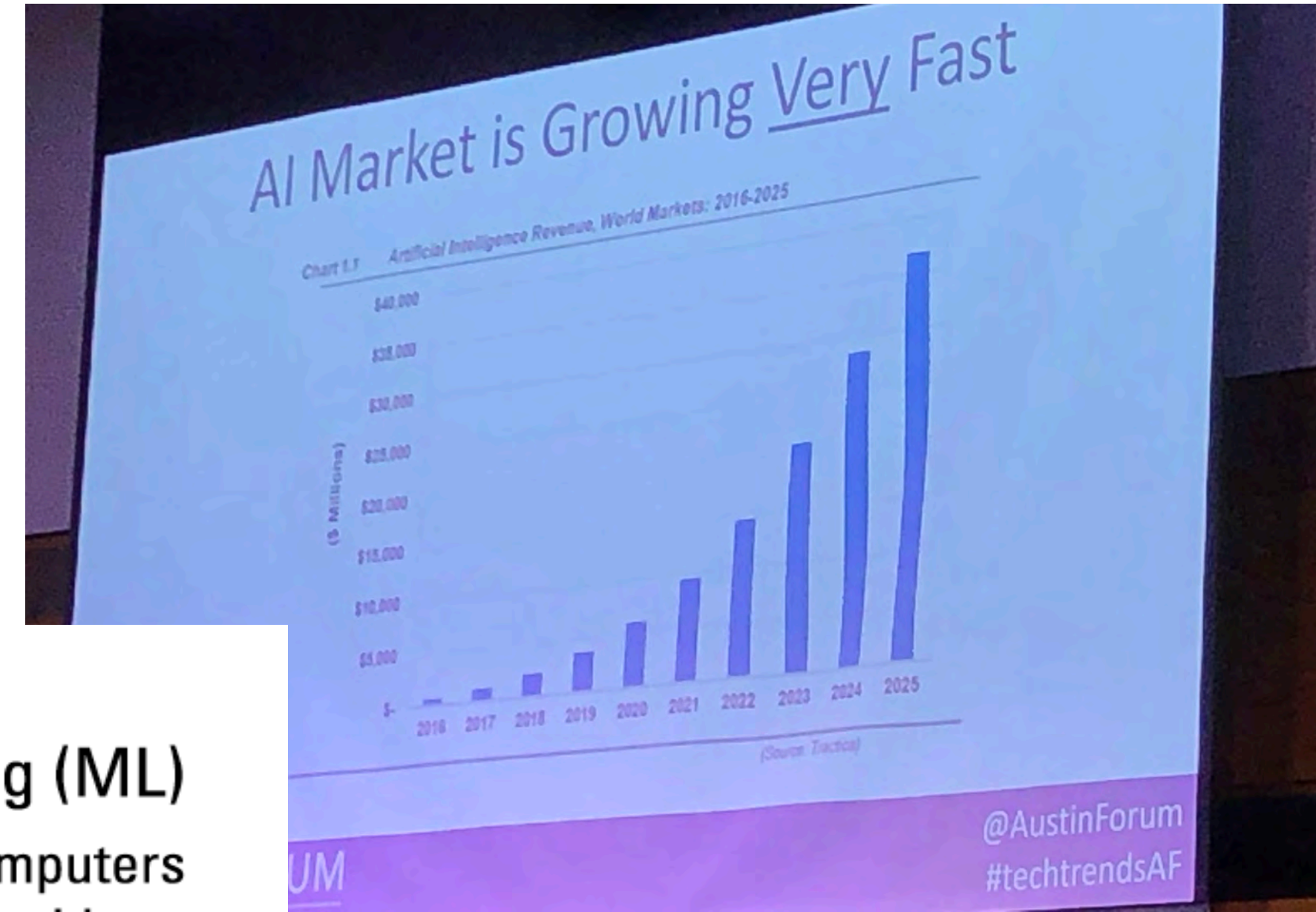
2017: US\$ 7.1 billion

2023: US\$ 98.4 billion

Growing adoption: Smart Cities initiatives

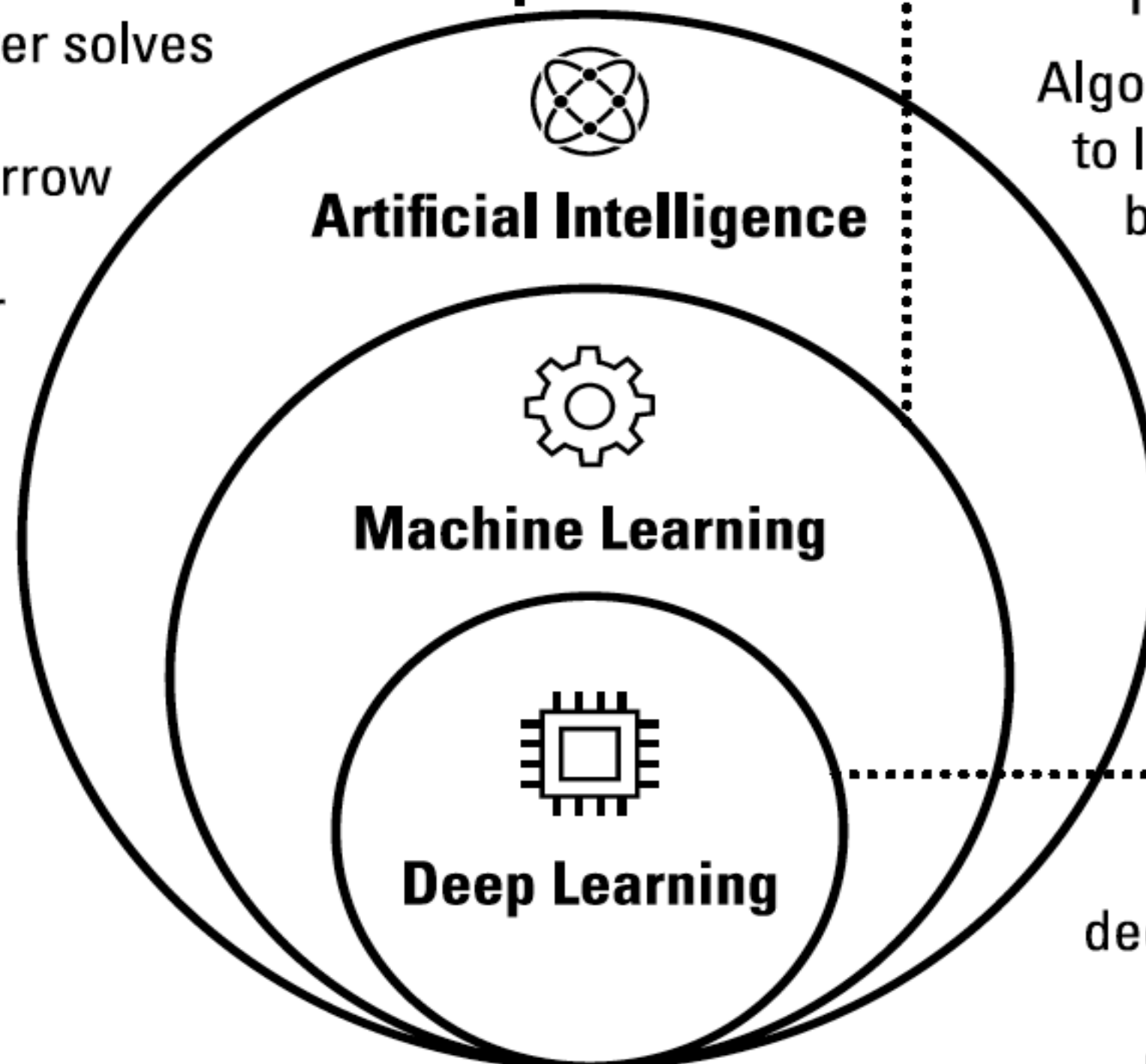
Highest CAGR in APAC followed by Latin America

Source: IDC, Bloomberg NEF, Ericsson, Strategy Analytics



Artificial Intelligence (AI)

A process where a computer solves a task in a way that mimics human behavior. Today, narrow AI—when a machine is trained to do one particular task—is becoming more widely used, from virtual assistants to self-driving cars to automatic tagging your friends in your photos on Facebook.

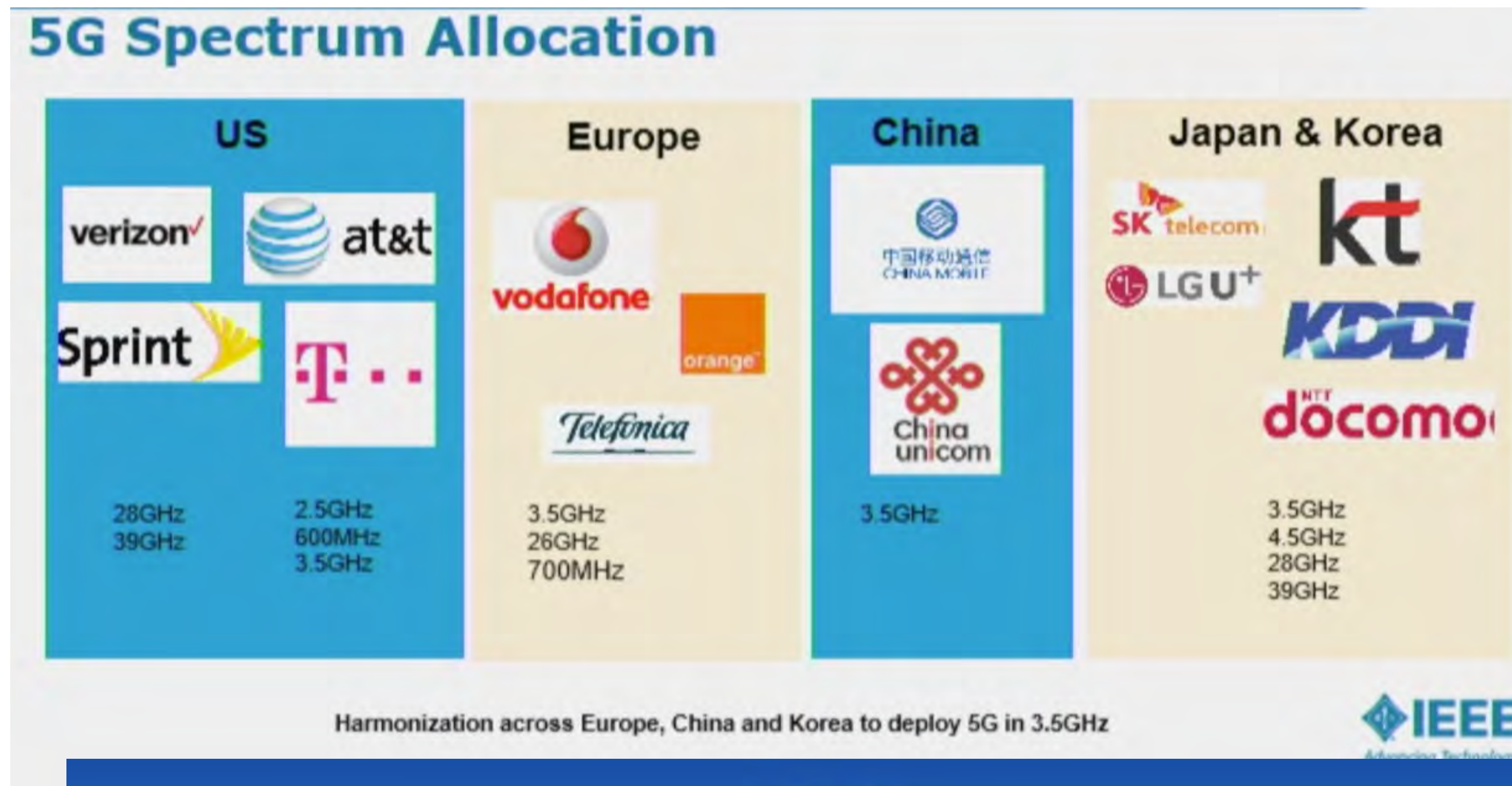


Machine Learning (ML)

Algorithms that allow computers to learn from examples without being explicitly programmed.

Deep Learning (DL)

A subset of ML which uses deep artificial neural networks as models and does not require feature engineering.



The FCC defines 5G spectrum in four primary bands,

1. Low-band between 600–900MHz,
2. Mid-band between 2.5–4.2GHz also known as Sub-6,
3. frequencies above 24GHz, otherwise known as mmWave,
4. Unlicensed spectrum, that can be accessed for a variety of dedicated uses including 5G.

5G commercialization at a glance: network investment and an expanding device ecosystem are helping to drive adoption globally



Networks

157 commercial networks, including 55 FWA networks, in 62 markets around the world.



Devices

600+ 5G devices announced, including 400+ devices that are now commercially available.



Adoption

234 million connections, representing 4% of total mobile connections.

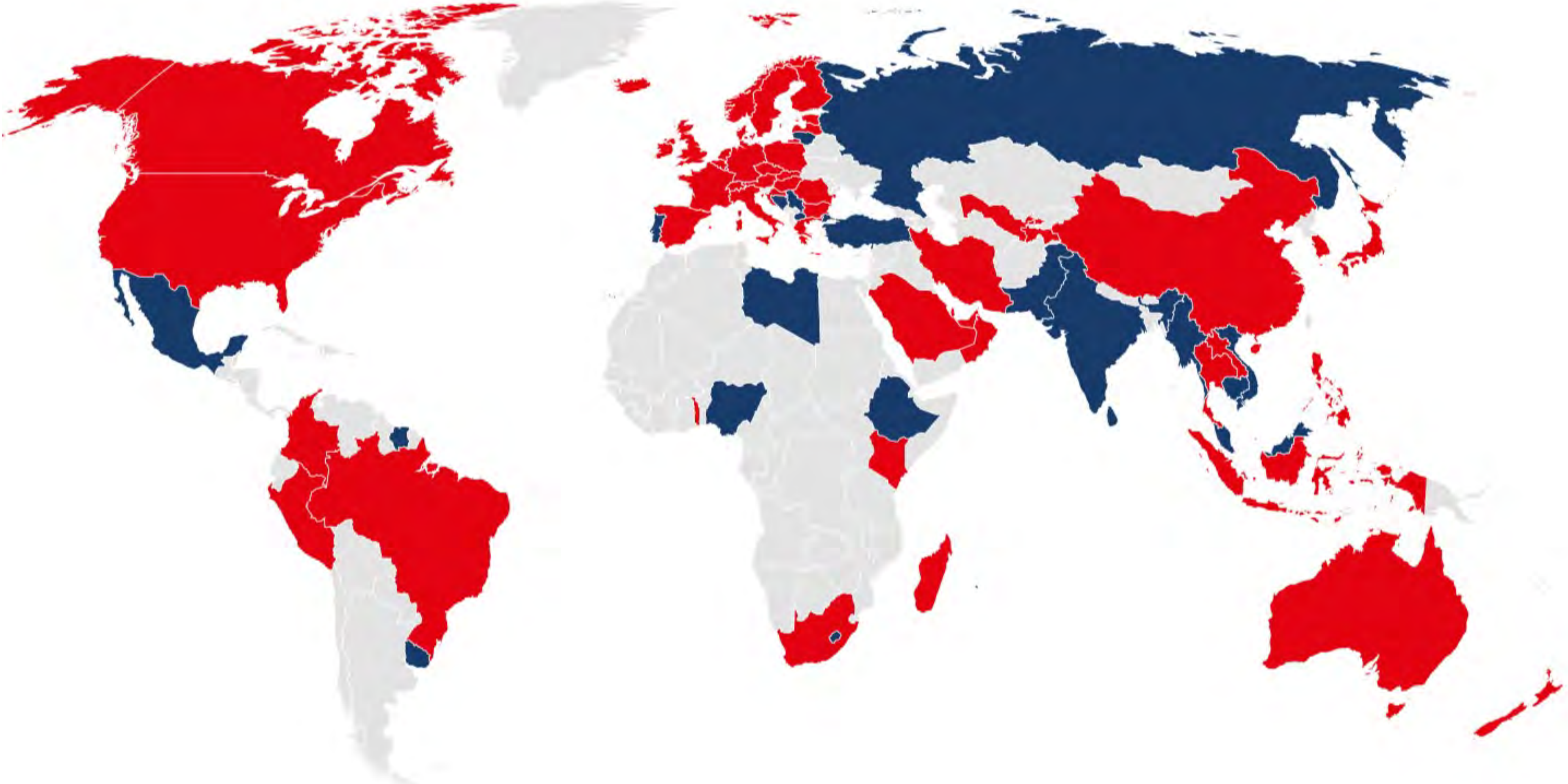


Coverage

15% of the global population. In six markets – Hong Kong, Kuwait, Qatar, South Korea, Switzerland and the US – 5G covers 80% or more of the population.

Note: Data correct to June 2021

5G is now available in every region, making it a truly global technology



Live commercial 5G network

Planned commercial 5G network

Note: Data correct to June 2021

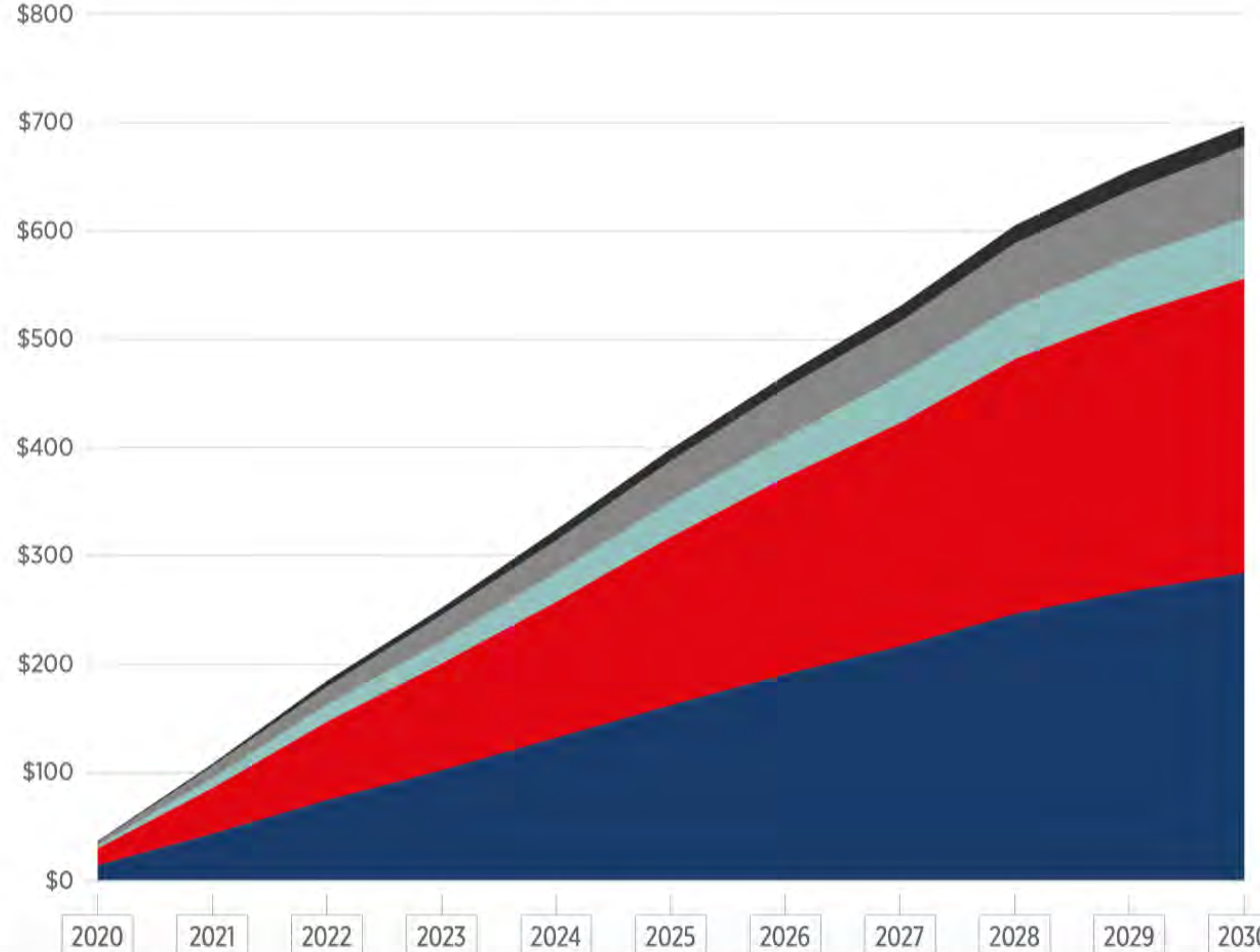
5G – Deployment (Sub-6, Sub-6 + mmWave)



Source: Qualcomm

5G is expected to benefit all economic sectors; some industries will benefit more than others due to their ability to incorporate 5G use cases

Global 5G contribution by industry (billion), 2020-2030

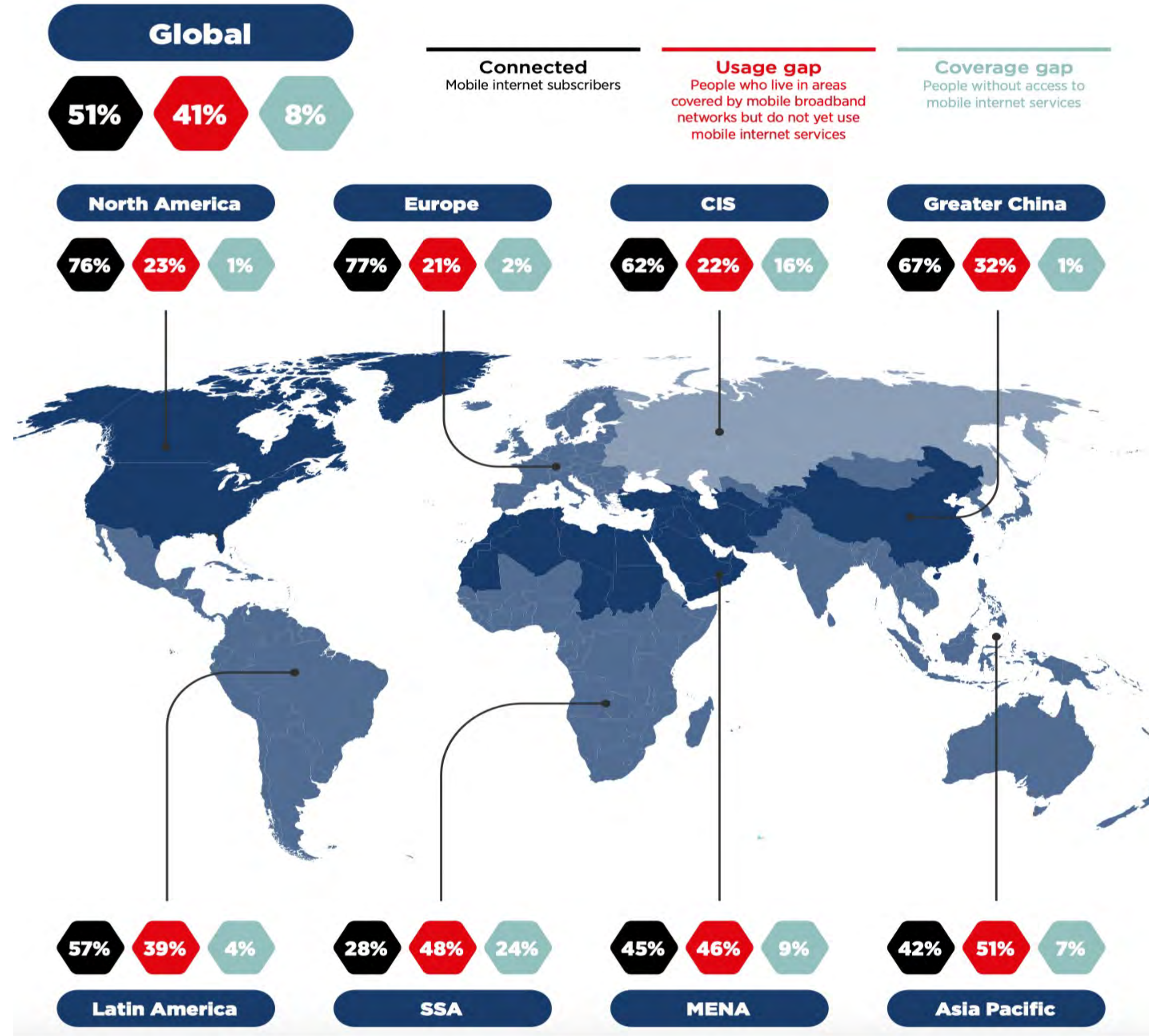


Percentage of global 5G contribution, 2020-2030

- 3% Retail
- 9% Utilities management, transport, construction, mining, agriculture
- 8% ICT
- 39% Manufacturing
- 40% Services (public administration, healthcare, education)

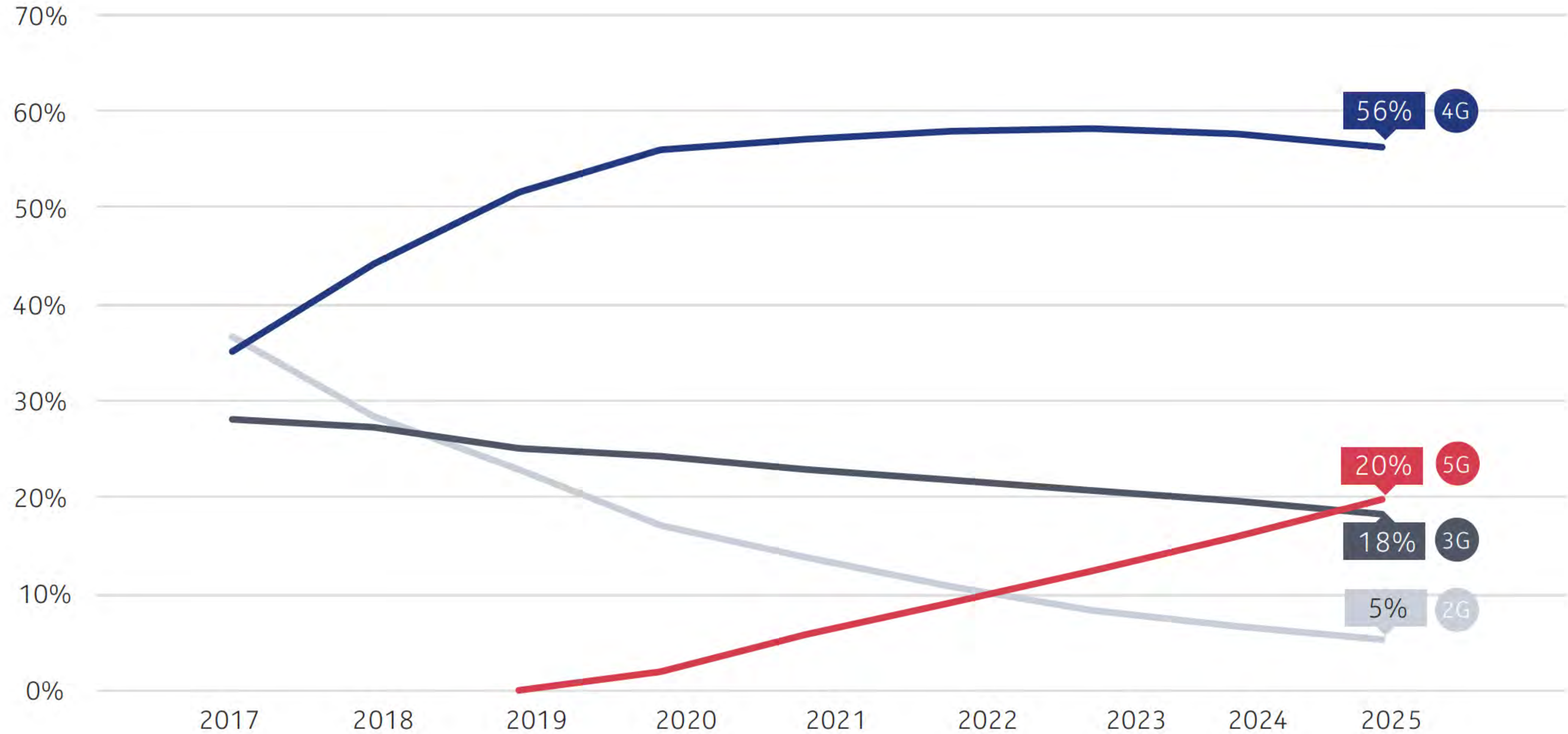
Almost half of the world remains unconnected; Asia Pacific and Sub-Saharan Africa account for the largest unconnected populations

State of global mobile internet connectivity by region (percentage of total population), 2020



4G now accounts for half of total connections; 5G will start moving the needle in 2020

% of connections (excluding licensed cellular IoT)



5G Use Cases Categories



Enhanced mobile
broadband

This illustration depicts enhanced mobile broadband. It features a central tablet displaying a music player interface with album covers. Surrounding the tablet are icons for a person wearing VR goggles, a smartphone, a laptop, and a cloud, representing high-speed data services and immersive experiences.



Mission-critical
services

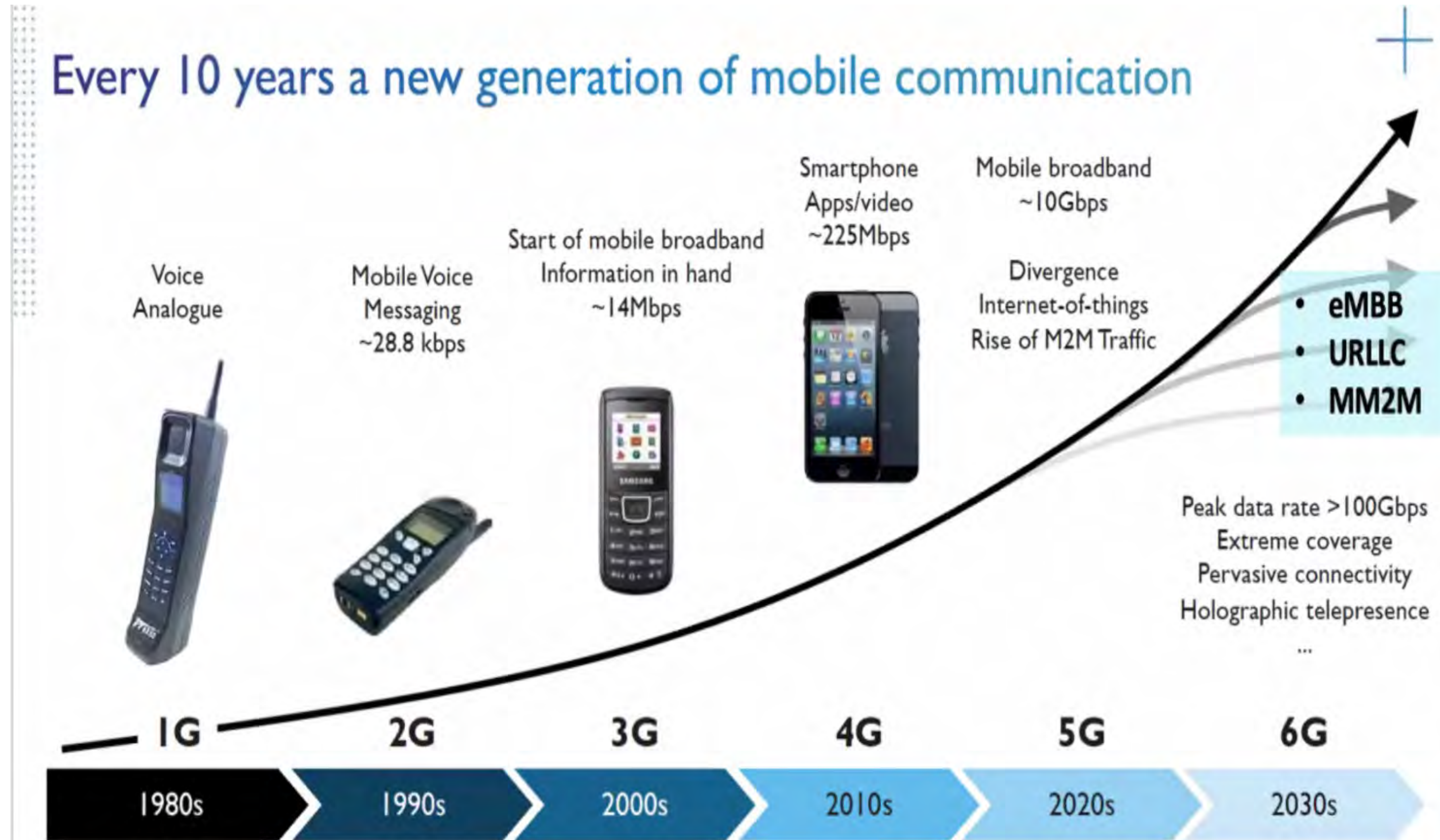
This illustration depicts mission-critical services. It features a central image of a dark SUV. Surrounding it are icons for a robotic arm, a speedometer showing 80, a drone, and a cloud, representing low-latency, high-reliability applications like autonomous vehicles and industrial automation.



Massive Internet
of Things

This illustration depicts massive Internet of Things. It features a central smart meter with a digital display showing '25093'. Surrounding it are icons for a house, a pair of glasses, a factory, and a cloud, representing the integration of billions of diverse devices into a network.

Mobile Communications Roadmap

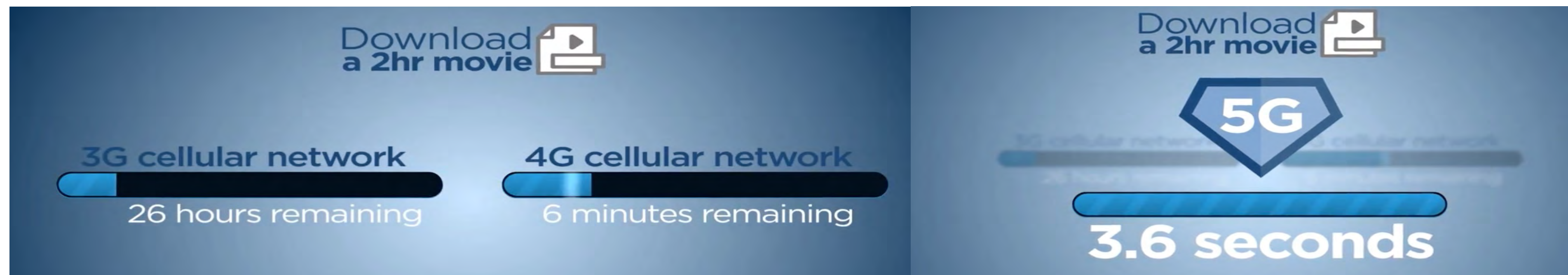
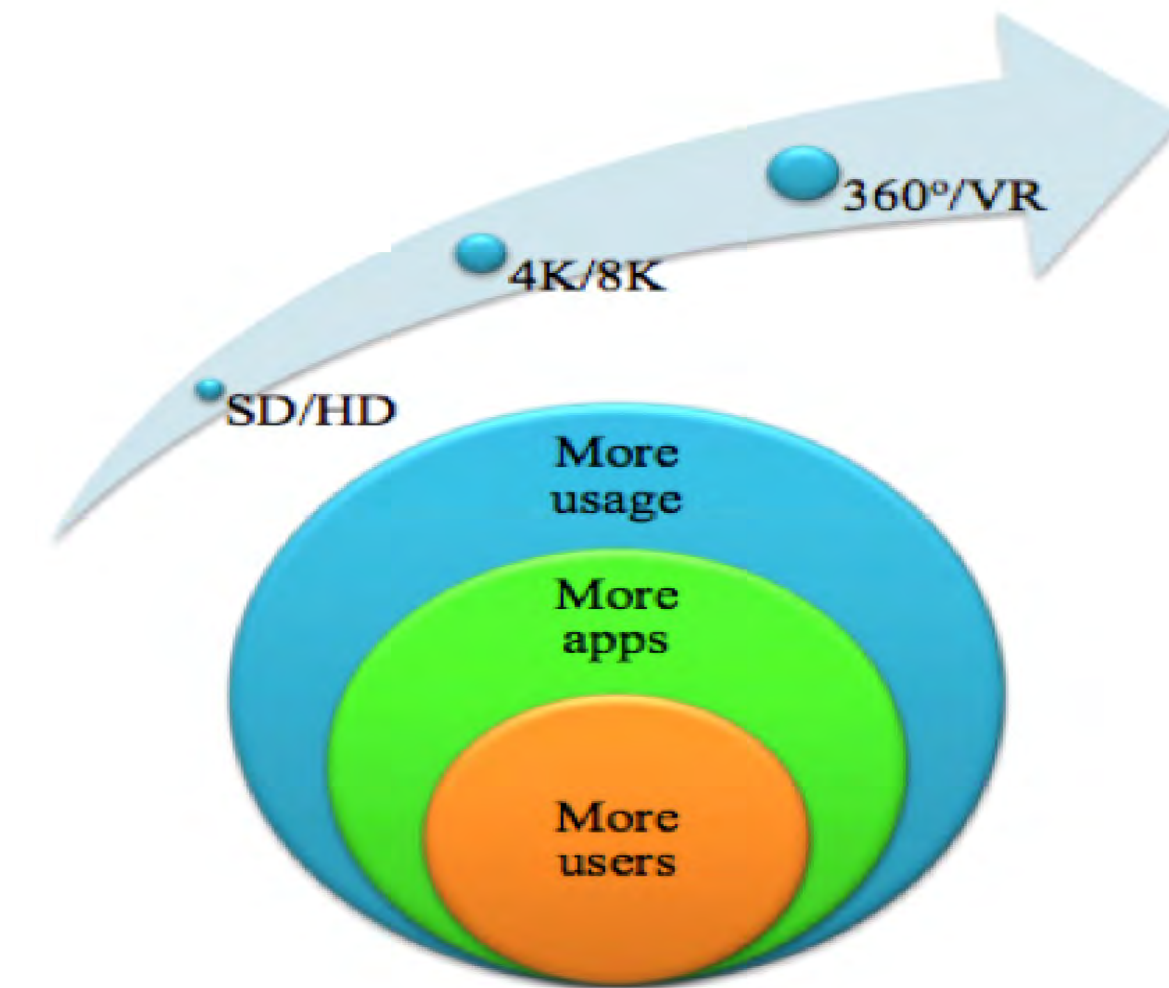


Nadine Collaert, imec, Emerging device and heterogenous integration technologies for sub-THz Applications, ISSCC 2022, 6G Forum.

5G Applications – Enhanced Mobile Broadband

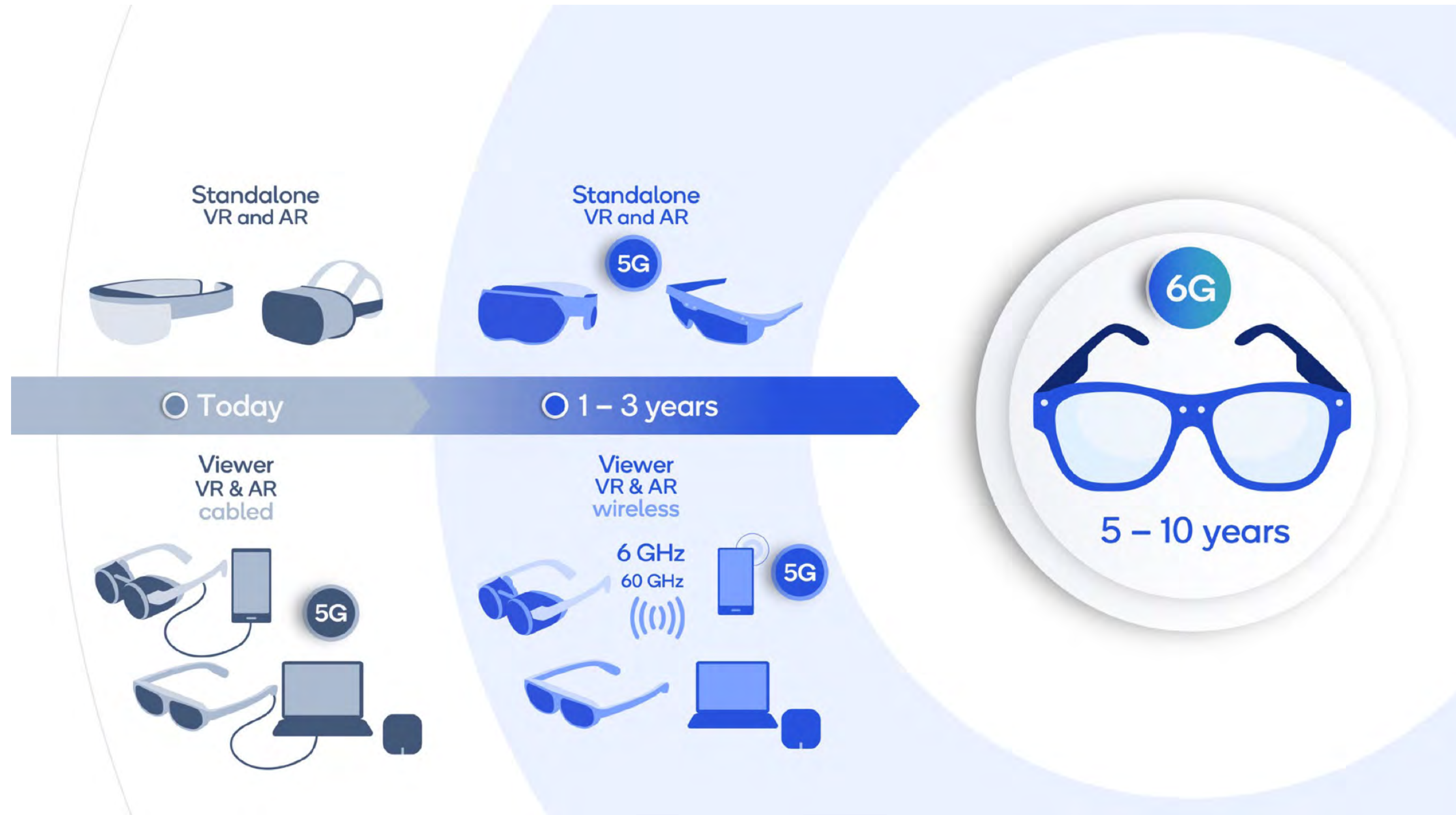
Video Demand for Faster Network:

- **Video applications examples:** Streaming video, video conferencing, and virtual reality demands **higher data speeds.**
- **Video** is projected to be 82 percent of all IP traffic by 2022 (video traffic 2017: 56 exabytes, 2022: 240 Exabytes)



5G Faster download of 2hr HD video

Merging of the physical, digital, and virtual worlds



XR will become a mass-market compute platform

5G Applications – Drone

Potential Use Cases

- Delivery of emergency kit or rescue equipment to a disaster area using drones
- Search missions with HD imaging in disaster recovery zones, specifically areas of difficult access
- Coordinated missions where multi drone fleets from multiple countries could be used to inspect an emergency area or perform specific tasks (e.g. load handling)
- Rapid deployment of a temporary cellular network using drones, enabling vital communications for disaster recovery



IoT Innovative Approaches

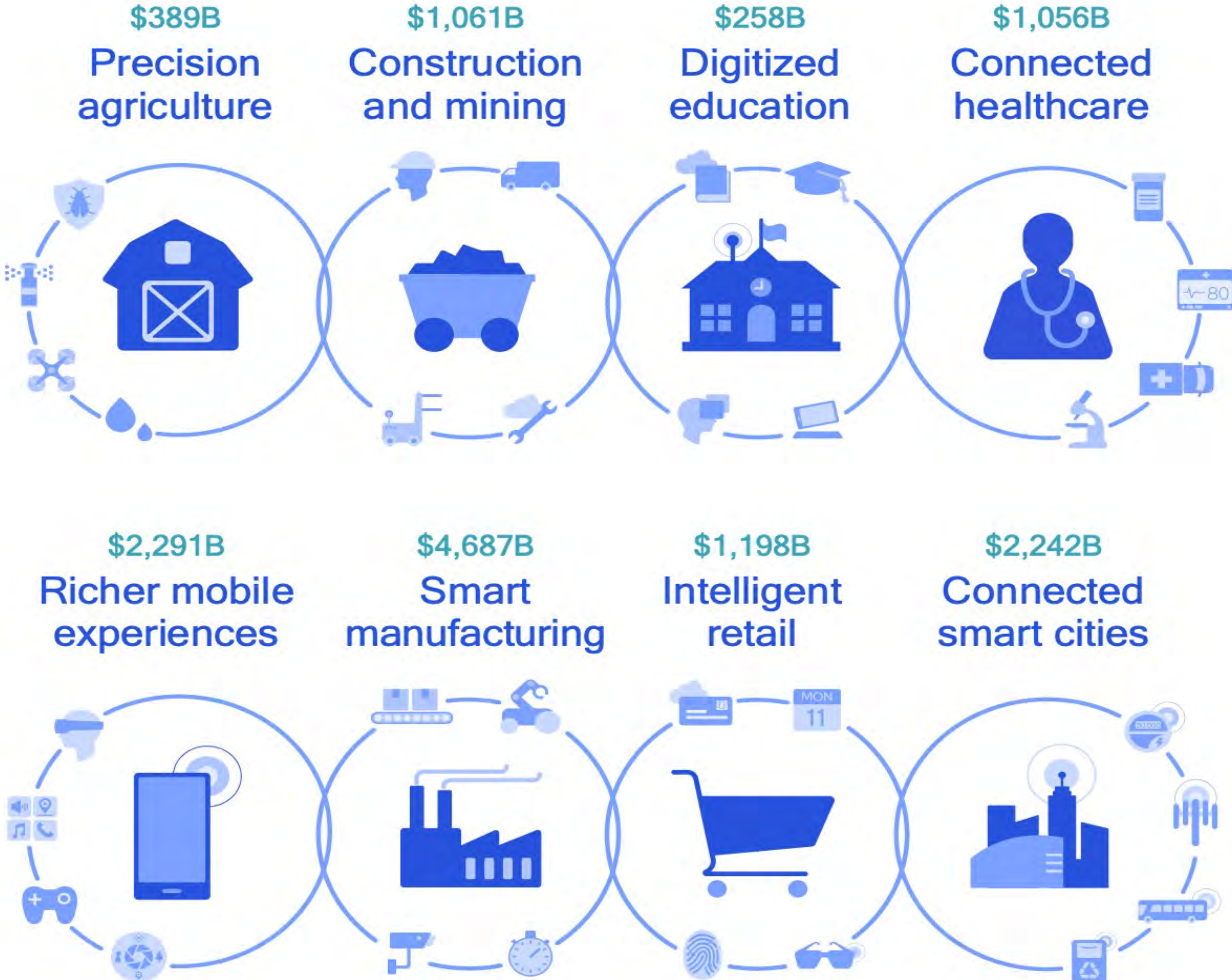
Drone and Future Healthcare

Air delivery of blood samples could save lives

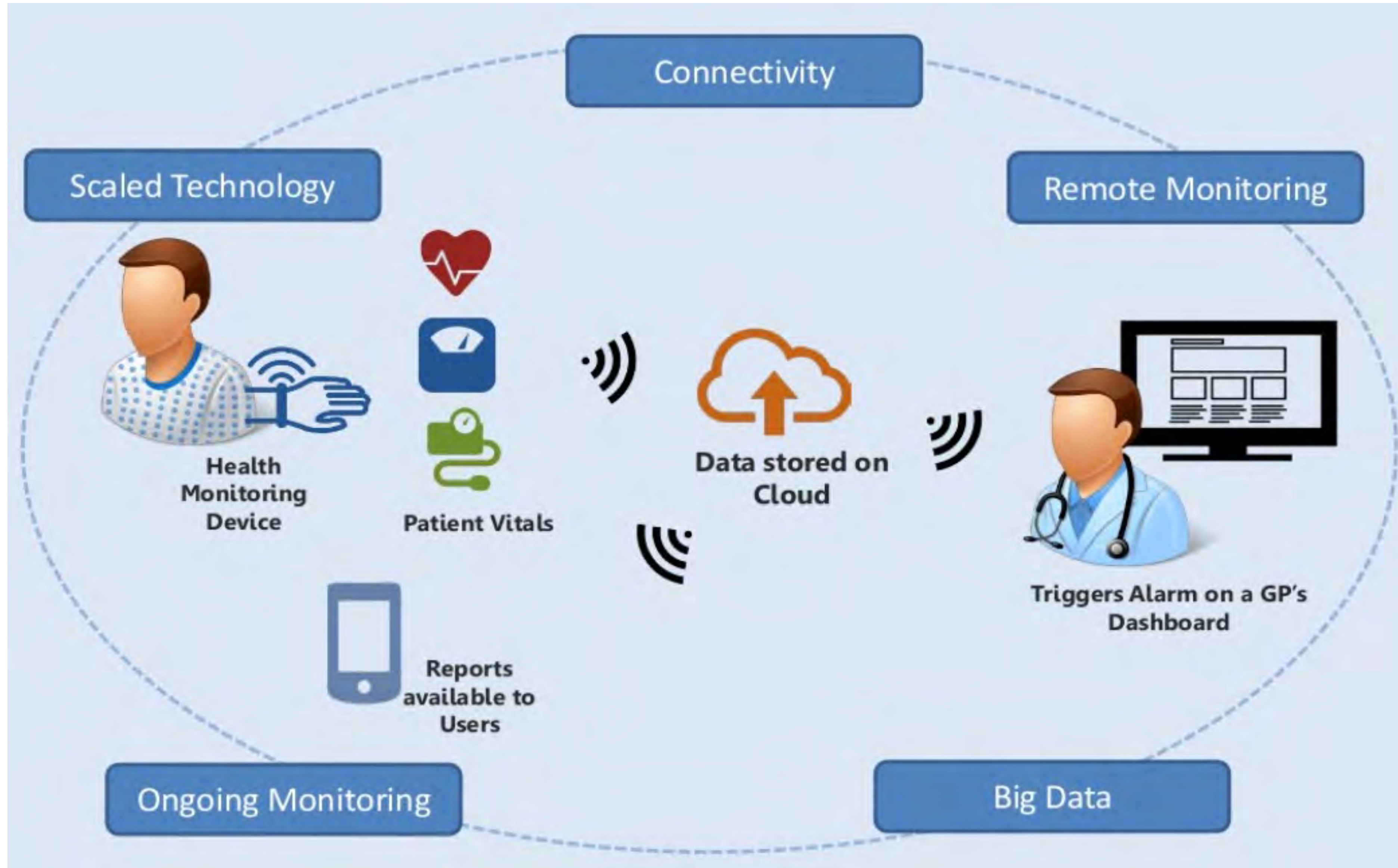


- Most clinics are primarily collection sites.
- *Blood samples are loaded on the drone and flown around for varying time periods between 6-38 minutes.*
- *The blood samples are completely unaffected by turbulence or changes in air pressure*
- *The samples are packed in a special foam with a sponge that would fully absorb the specimens in the case of a crash.*
- *The regulations for drones differ in every country.*

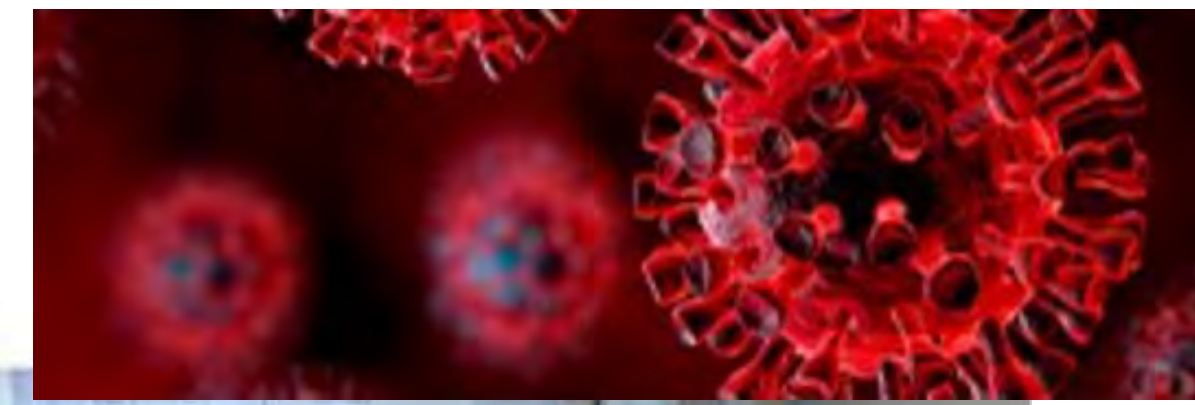
5G will expand the mobile ecosystem to new industries



Accelerated Tele-Service



Smart Hospital



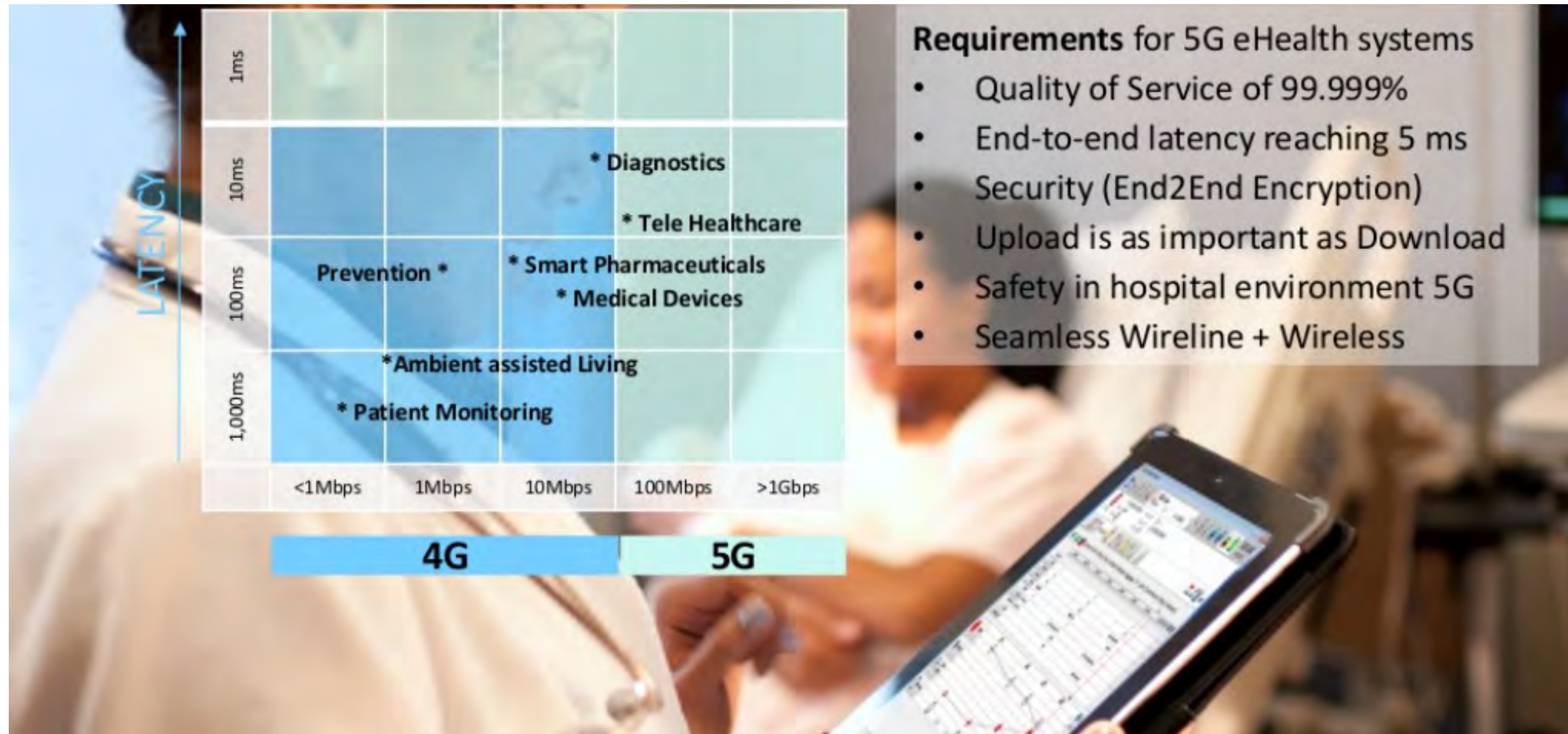
Patient – Nurses care

- Patient Integrated access to services & Environment
- Integrated devices and healthcare records

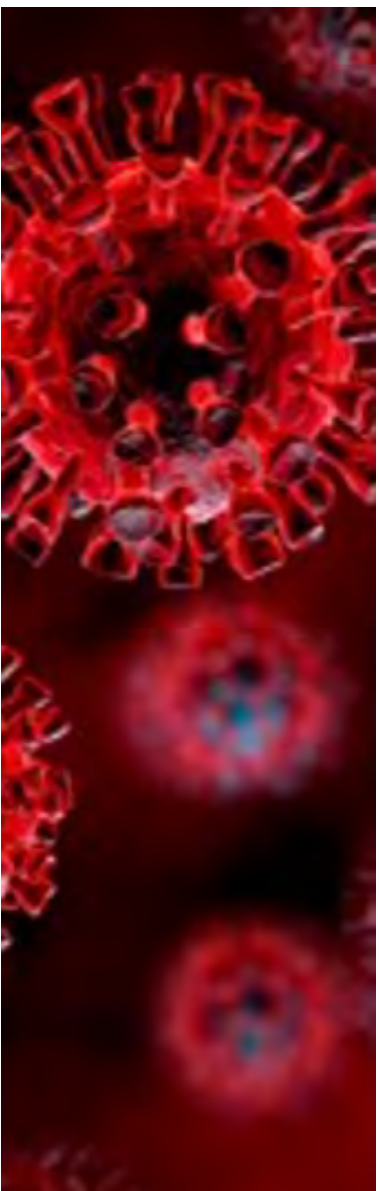
5G Applications – Healthcare

Potential Use Cases

Tele Health, Remote Diagnostics, Surgery



Examples of IoT-enabled healthcare solutions utilized to support patients during the pandemic



Remote patient monitoring

Healthcare professionals use IoT devices to track heart rate, blood pressure and blood glucose levels of patients remotely, particularly the elderly and other vulnerable patients that have had to shield during the pandemic.



Contact tracing

A number of contact tracing systems implemented around the world rely on IoT-based solutions to track the movement of patients and enforce social distancing in public areas.



Vaccine cold chain monitoring

IoT platforms have been used to develop cold chain monitoring systems that track the temperature and location of vaccine carriers. For example, the Electronic Vaccine Intelligence Network, developed by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the Indian government, has reduced vaccine stock-outs by 80%.



Hospital sanitisation

Non-surgical robots connected to IoT systems have been used to clean patient rooms and to disinfect and sterilise surfaces from Covid-19 contamination with a special UV light and chemicals.



Automated temperature screening

IoT-enabled thermal imaging systems have been used to identify people with elevated body temperatures before they enter buildings, such as airports, office spaces, schools, shopping centres and hospitals, for further screening.



Facilities and PPE stock management

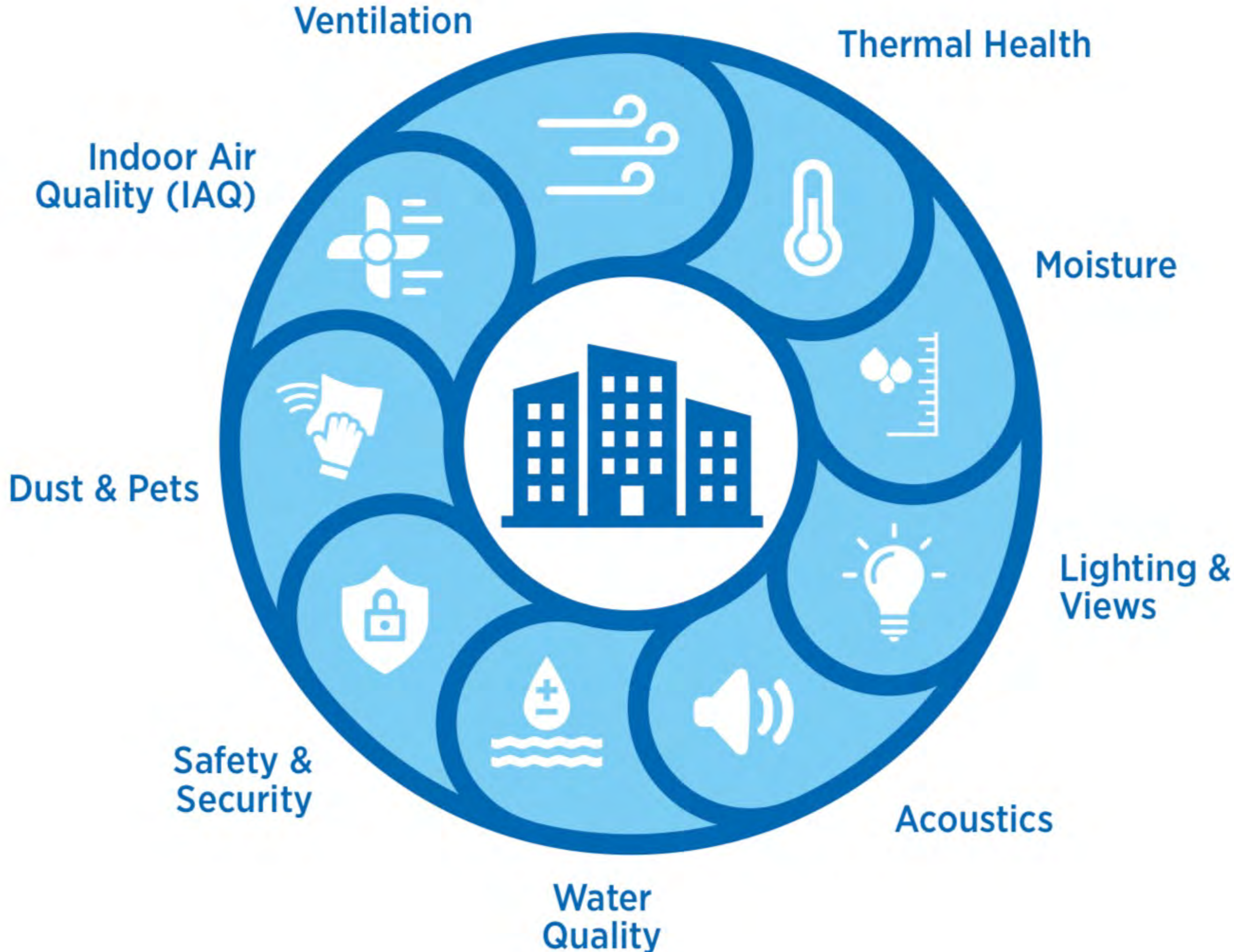
IoT systems have been used to provide supply-chain planners and policymakers with actionable information on the availability of hospital beds and personal protective equipment (PPE) for medical staff for the efficient allocation of resources.



Healthcare delivery drones

IoT-enabled drones have been utilised to deliver test kits and results, PPE, medicines and other vital medical supplies, especially in developing regions with poor logistics infrastructure. For example, in Ghana, connected-drone company Zipline is supporting the delivery of vaccines to remote parts of the country.

Foundation of Covid-19 IoT Healthy Home/Building



Source: CABA Intelligent Buildings and COVID-19 2021 Report

COVID-19 Impact Creative Approach To Services

Foundations of a Healthy Building



Lighting & Control

- AI-based lighting control
- Voice enabled Lighting Control
- Human-centric Lighting

Automation & Energy Optimization

- Building energy performance optimization (BEPO)
- Cloud-based remote services
- Predictive maintenance
- Digital twin
- Workplace analytics

HVAC & IAQ

- HVAC optimization
- Indoor air quality (IAQ)-based ventilation
- Ultraviolet germicidal irradiation (UVGI)
- High efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters

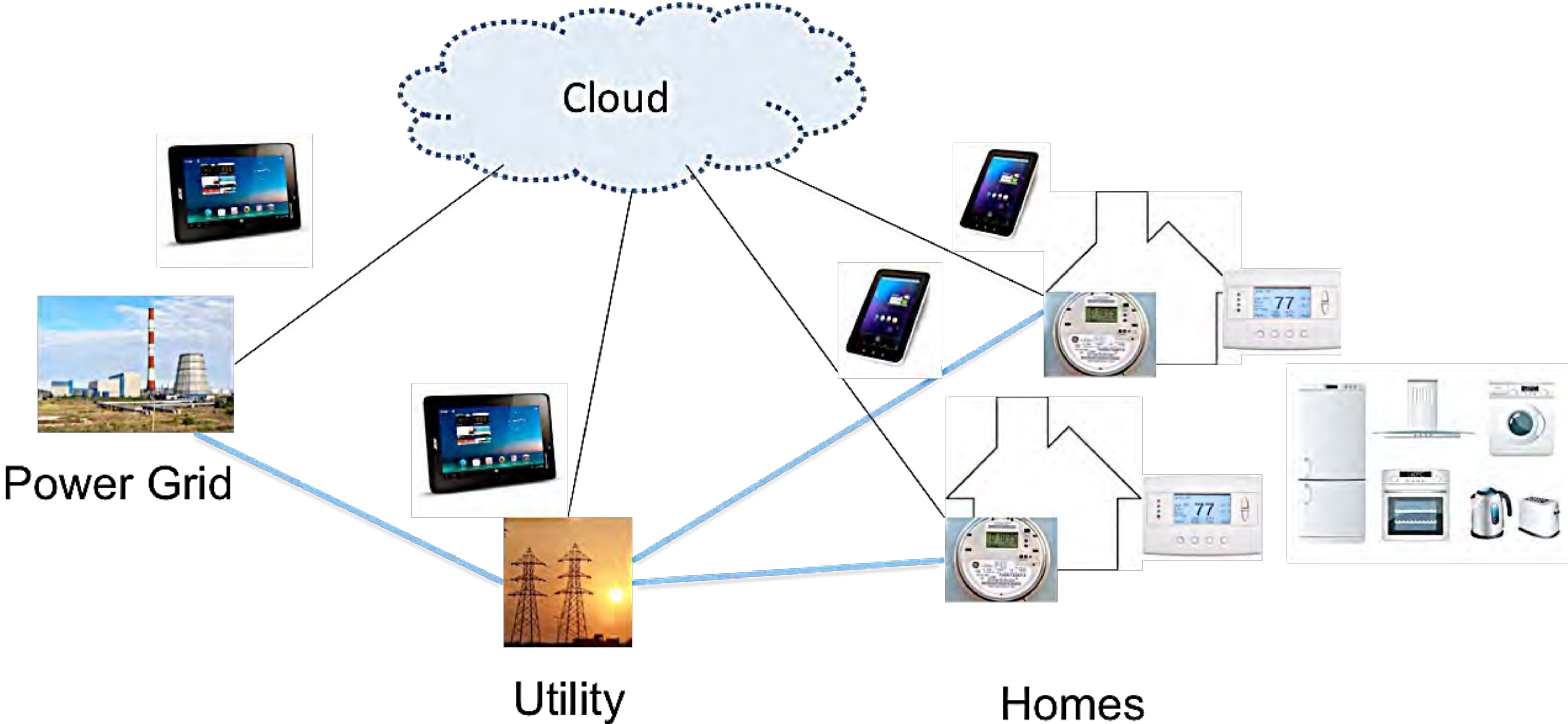
Post-COVID Applications

- Occupancy detection (OD) based social distancing
- Indoor positioning (IP) based contact tracing
- AI-based face and mask detection
- Antimicrobial paints in wash rooms
- Foot operated elevator
- Touch-free bathroom fixtures
- Thermal imaging
- AI-based access control
- Building health performance benchmarking (BHPB)
- Pathogen scanner
- Nano technology (NT)-based self cleaning surfaces
- Touch-free toilet seat cover cleaning

Communication

- Power over Ethernet (PoE)
- Narrowband communication
- Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)

5G Applications – Smart Energy



Public Safety – First Responders

Classification:	Risks
Type of construction:	Commercial
Usage:	Concrete Dwelling
No of Floors:	4
Danger:	Gaz
Secure Access:	Unknown
Surrounding:	Exposed

Combat Strategy

Analysis of Risks

8 mn

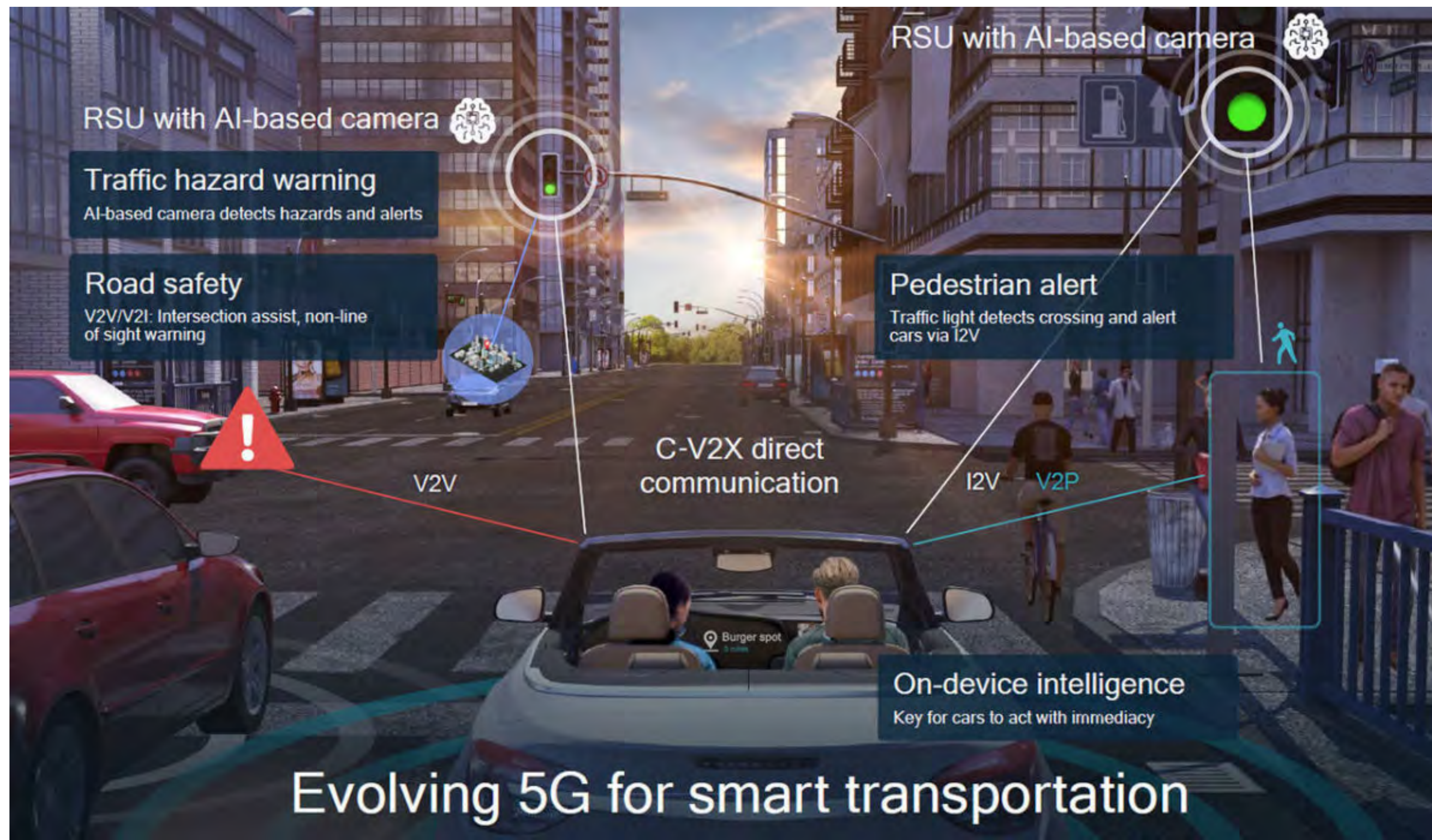
8 mn

er

Must ensure that public safety vehicles receive the proper prioritization in terms of ultra-high-speed data access for building schematics, local maps, communications, etc.



5G – Enable Smart Transportation and EV/Autonomous driving



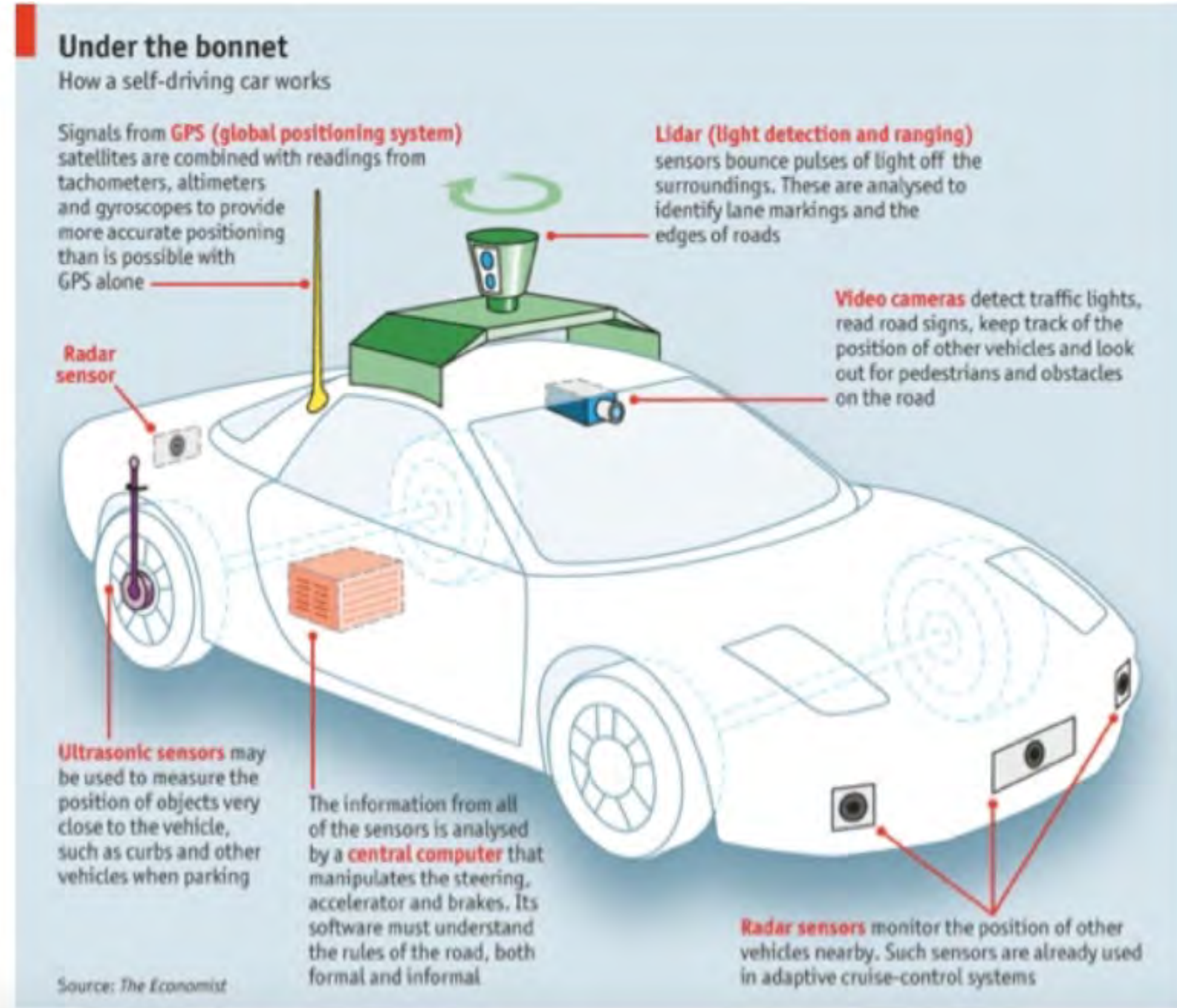
IoT Smart Connected Cars In The Plan – Capabilities/Features Roll-out

- Active Safety, Accident avoidance V2X (V2V, V2I)
 - > Wifi Peer-to-Peer (P2P) Mesh Networking
 - 802.11p for V2V (Vehicle-to-Vehicle), V2I (Vehicle-to-Infrastructure)
- Car Tracking (Location, Speed etc); Logistics: Taxi, Truck etc
- Autonomous Car (Google Car)



IoT and Sensing for Autonomous car

Capable of sensing the environment and navigate without human input.



IoT Smart Connected Cars

Self-Driving Cars challenge at Intersection

Bigger issues regarding IoT Smart Transportation (V2V & V2I)



IoT Smart Connected Cars

DSRC and C-V2X

DSRC Technology

Dedicated Short-Range Communication

- Ad hoc networking technology that allows vehicles to communicate with each other, roadside devices, pedestrians, bicycles, trains,
- IEEE portions also called WAVE (Wireless Access in Vehicular Environments)



V2X Communications

- Long range sensing
- Non line-of-sight capability
- Collaborated driving

V2I

- Red Light Violation Warning
- Curve Speed Warning
- Stop Signal Gap Assist
- Reduced Speed/Work Zone Warning
- Pedestrian in Signalized crosswalk Warning

V2V

- Emergency Electronic Brake Lights
- Forward Collision Warning
- Intersection Management Assist
- Left Turn Assist
- Blind Spot/lane change warning
- Do not pass warning

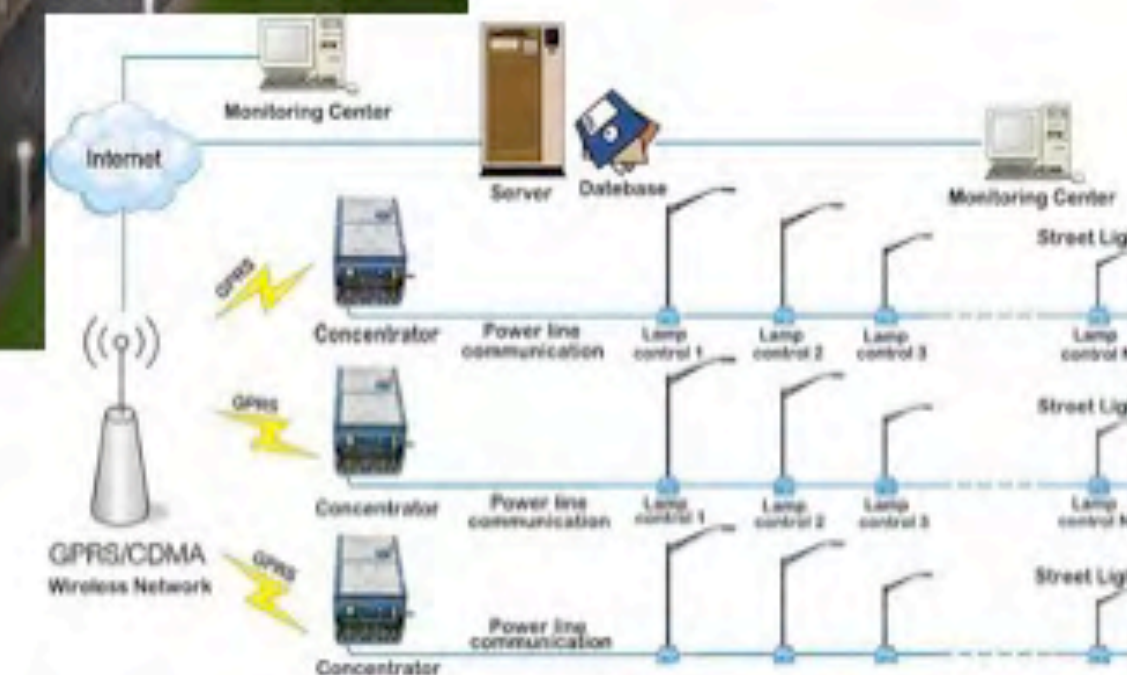
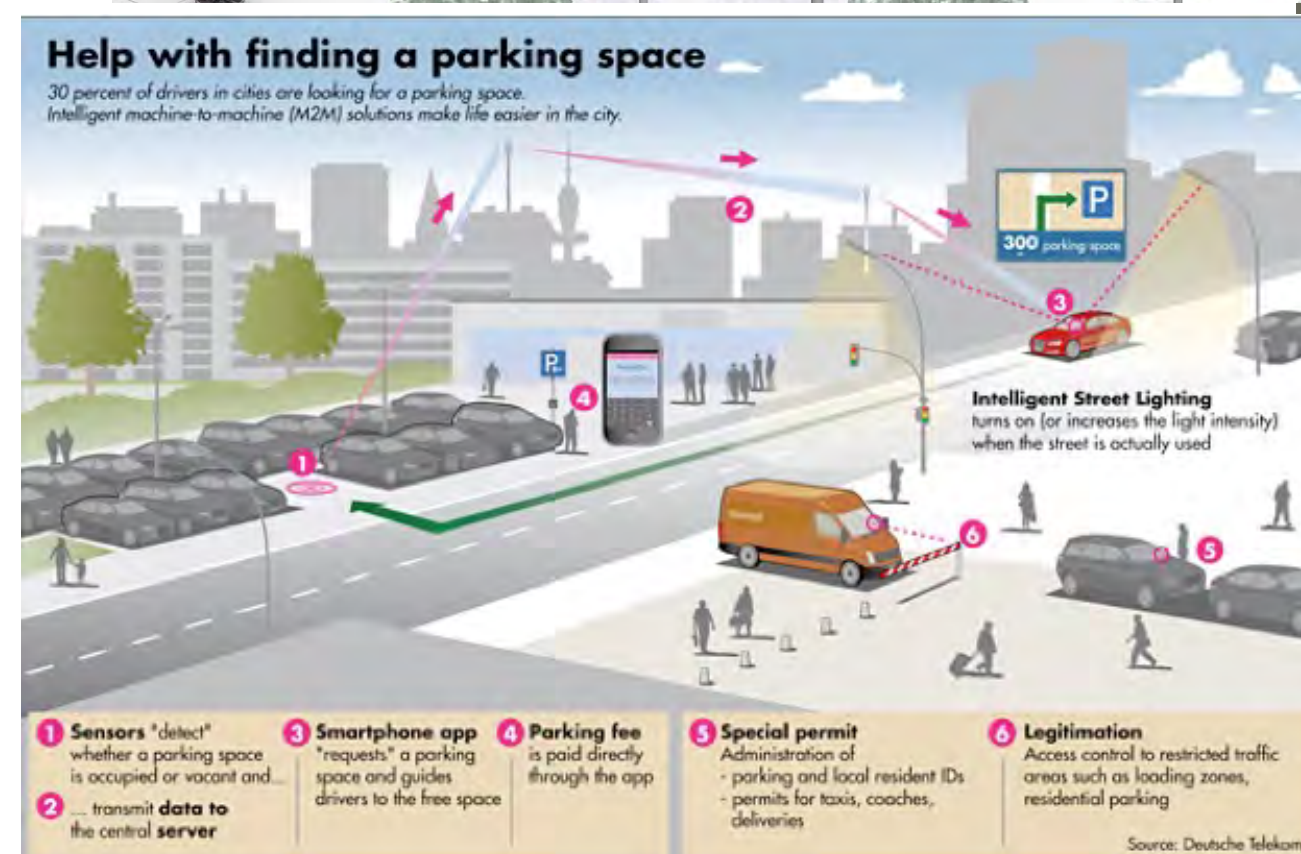
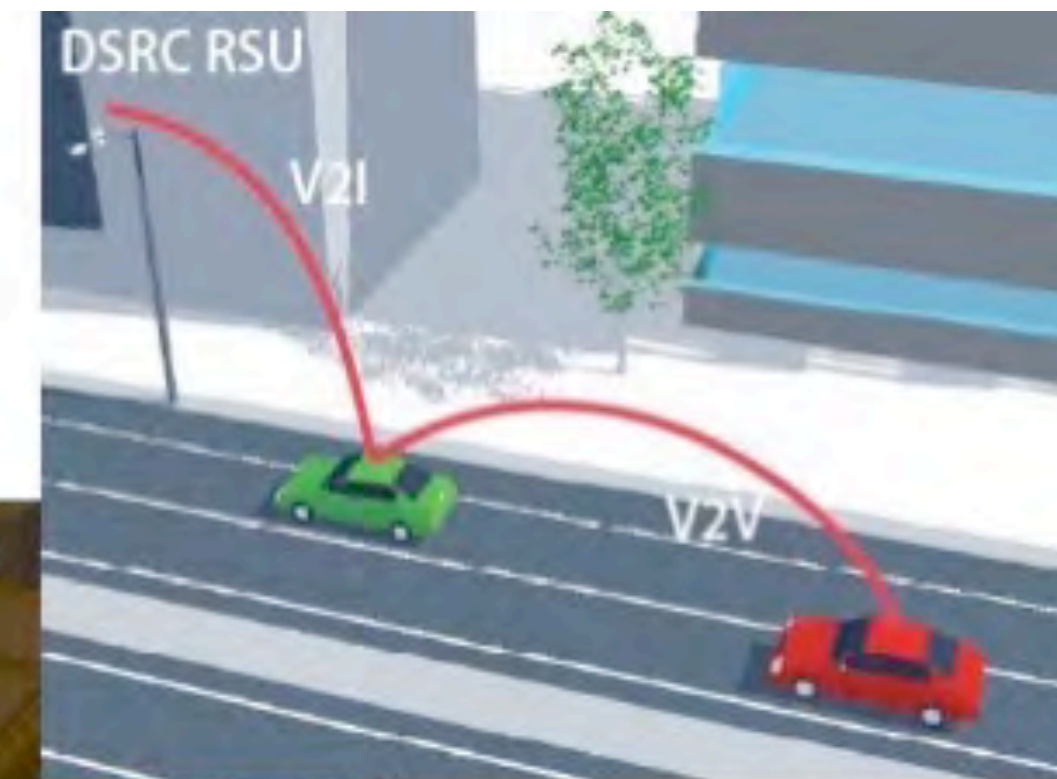
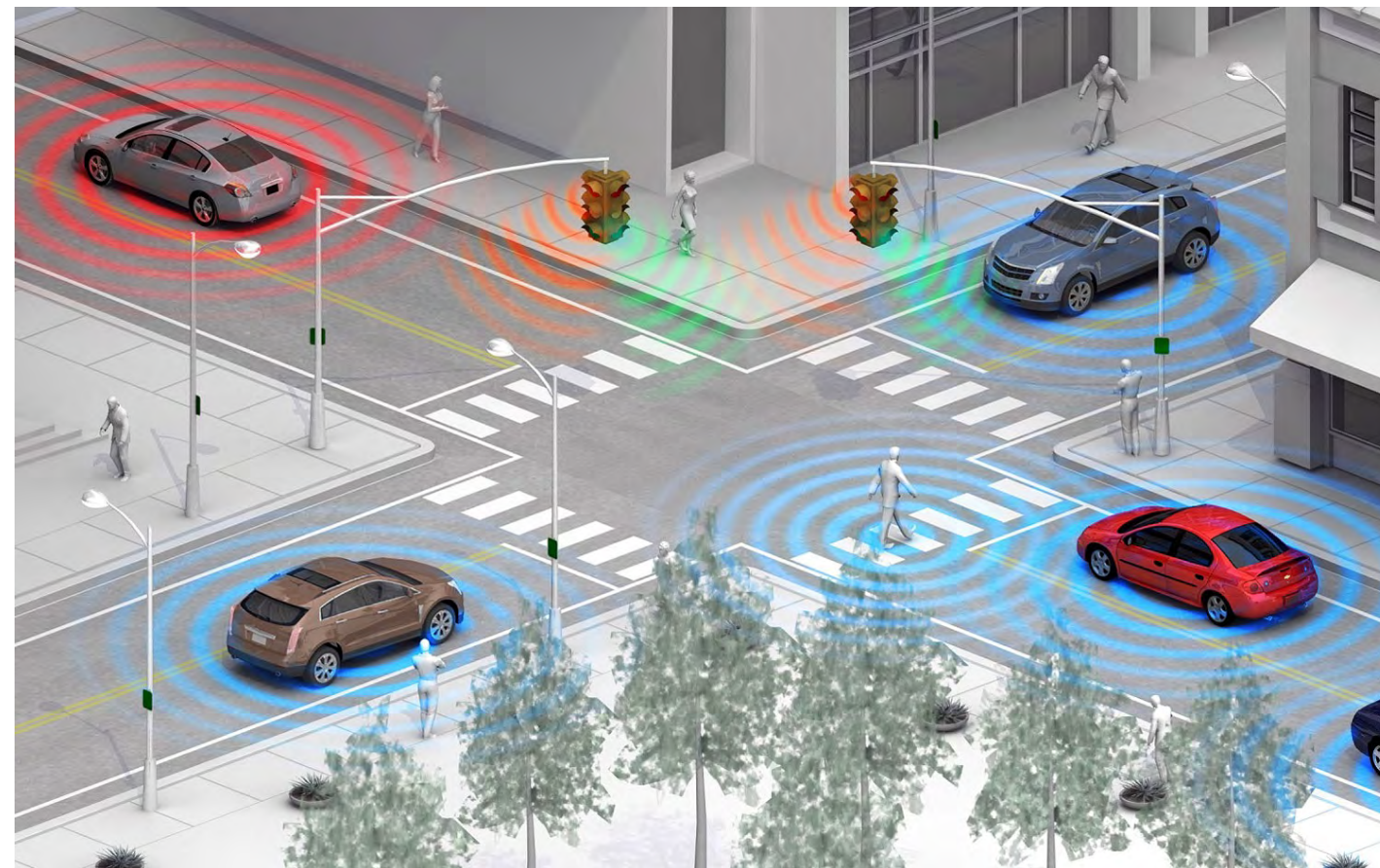
Disruptive Technologies for 5G New Radio (NR)

High reliability, low latency and high data rates are required

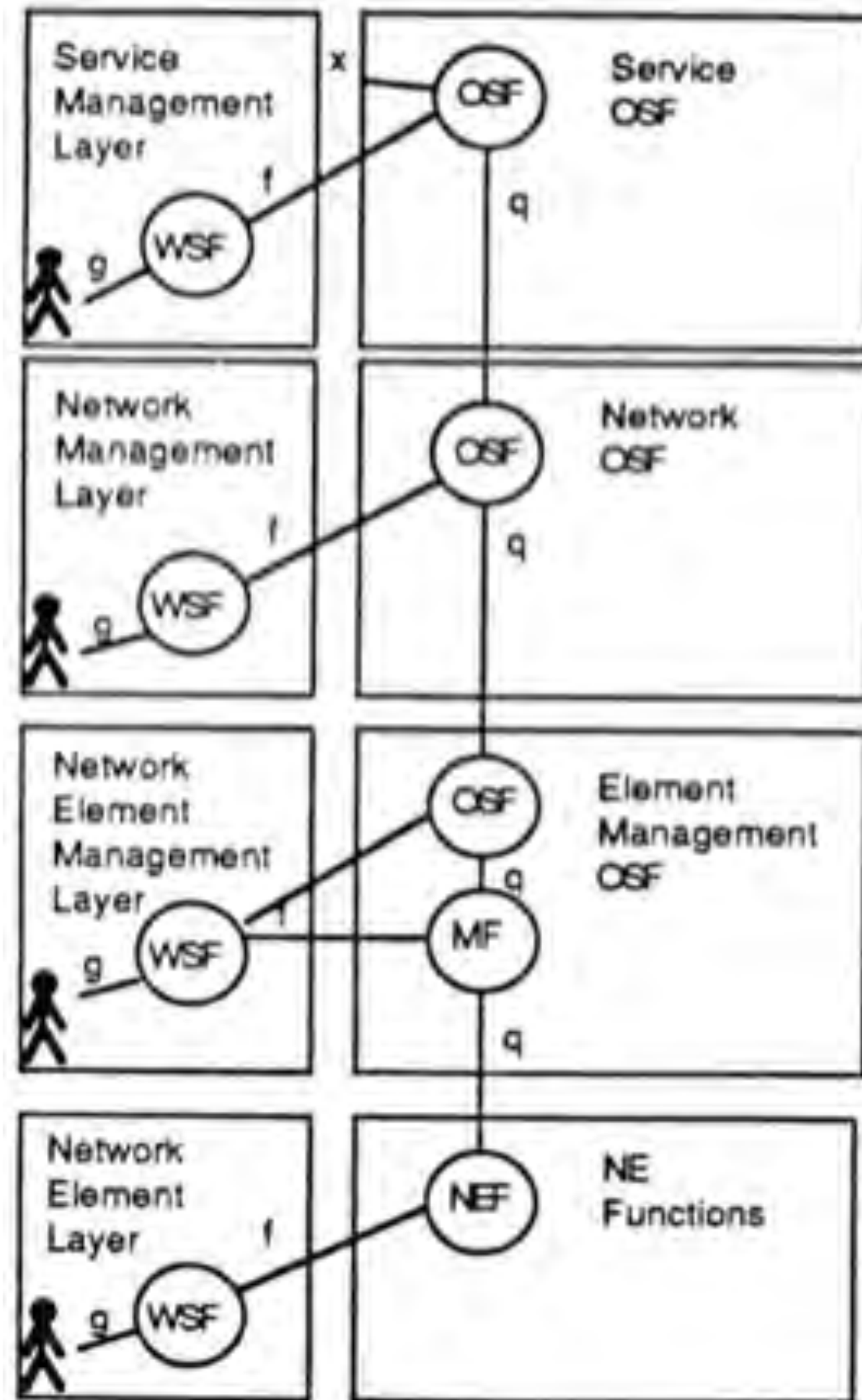
Use Case	Latency	Reliability	Data Rate
Vehicle platooning	<25 ms	>90%	Low
Remote Driving	<5 ms	>99.99%	>10 Mbps DL, >20 Mbps UL
Collective perception of environment	<3 ms	>99%	1 Gbps for a single UE
Cooperative collision avoidance	<10 ms	>99.99%	>10Mbps
Info sharing for level 2/3	<100 ms	>90%	> 50 Mbps
Info sharing for level 4/5	<100 ms	>99.99%	100-700 Mbps

5G Applications – Green & Smart Infrastructure

Integration of **smart vehicles** which can act as storage devices to reduce transmission losses and promote **cleaner transport** and the introduction of **smart infrastructure**, and **intelligent demand response systems**.



Telecom: ITU TMN versus IoT Functional Models



Telecom Functional Network Management Systems

Monitors/Projection Screens

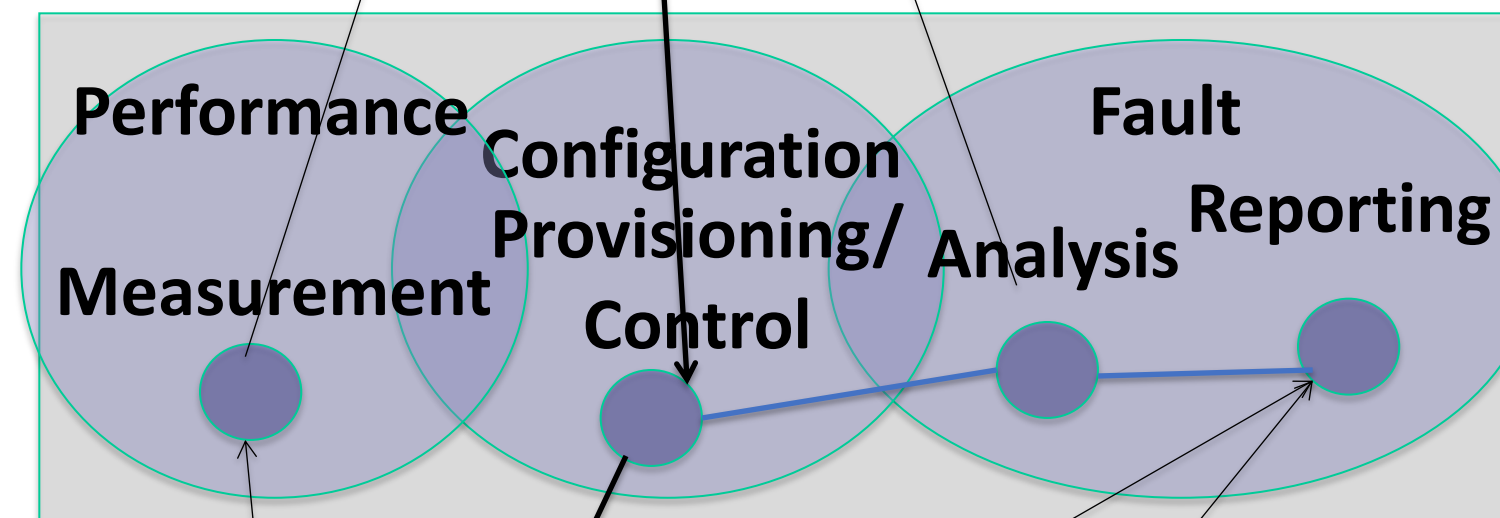
- Graphical views
- Service Performance

Supervisory



**Network Control/
Analysis Center**

Control

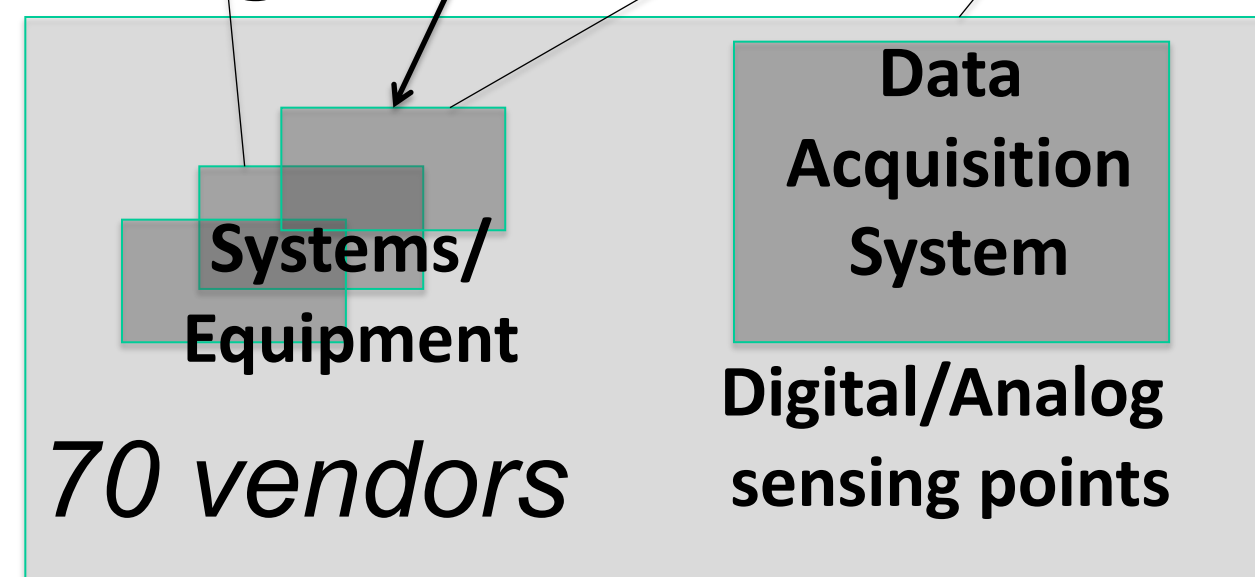


**Int' l Gateways
Switching &
Transmission**

Smart Work Stations

- TMN Functions (Multiple views)
- ACK/Control

Monitoring



**Stations
Cable Stations
Satellite Base Stations**

Work Stations

- Elements of TMN
- Sensing (analog, digital)
- RS-xxx

Use of the Drone in Public Safety



- Search and rescue
- Situational awareness
- Safety – Egress
- Medical delivery



IoT Smart Streetlight



IoT Smart Streetlight

Sensing

- Smart Grid lighting
- Image sensors
- Environmental/Water

Gateway/Control

- Notification light
- Audio
- Signage
- Push to talk
- App based wireless control

Services/Data Analytics

- First Responders
- Interact with traffic light control
- Stat/Planning for safety

FACILITY MANAGER – NEW JOB DESCRIPTION!

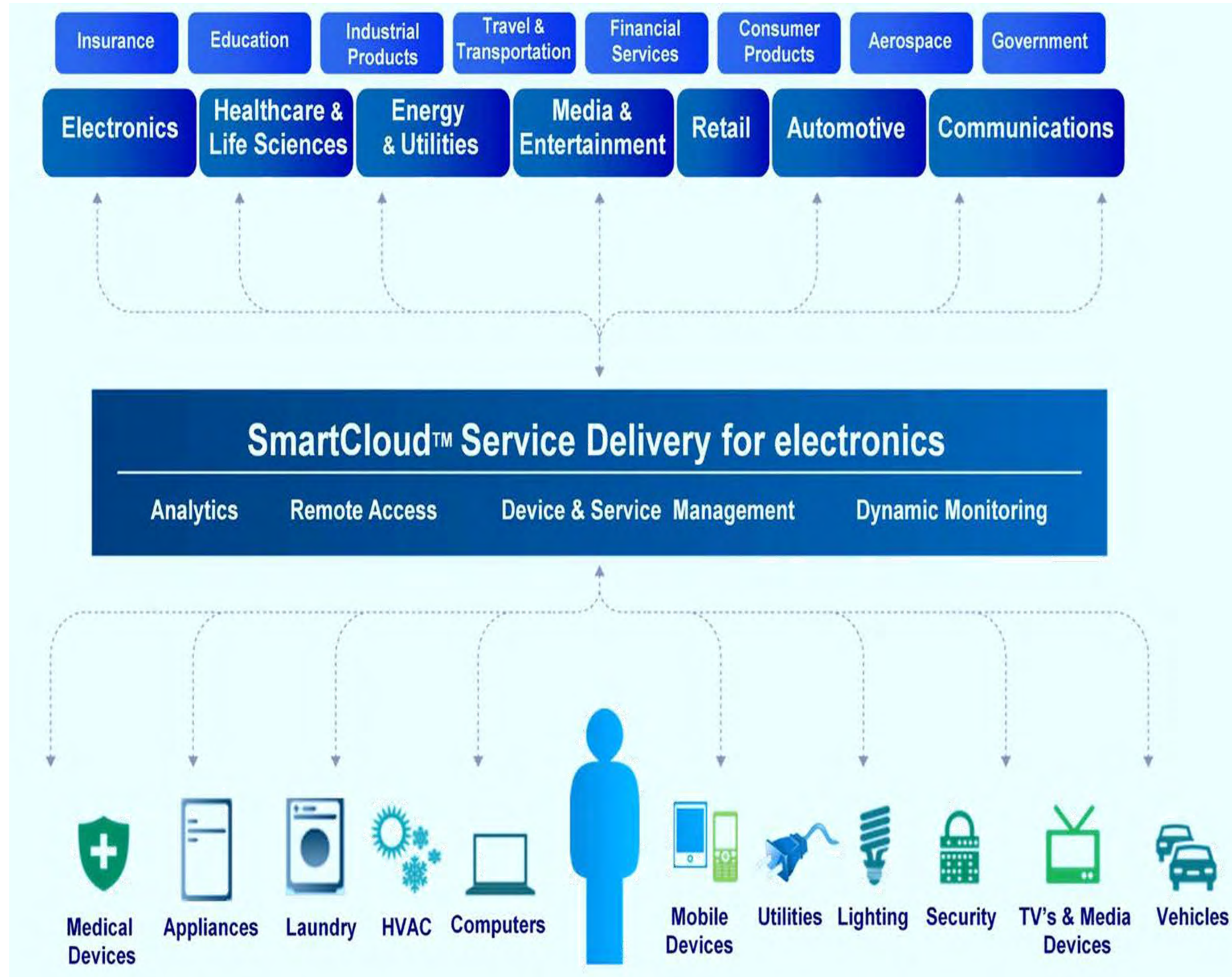
- Building health assessment
- Indoor air quality (IAQ) solutions
- Data driven services
- Health and wellness standards



Source: CABA Intelligent Buildings and COVID-19 Report

Smart Connected Building

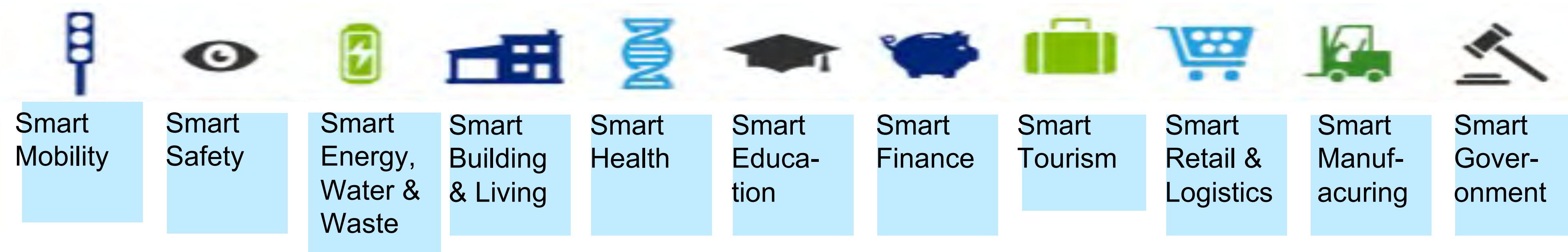
AI-driven building solutions and cloud-based remote services



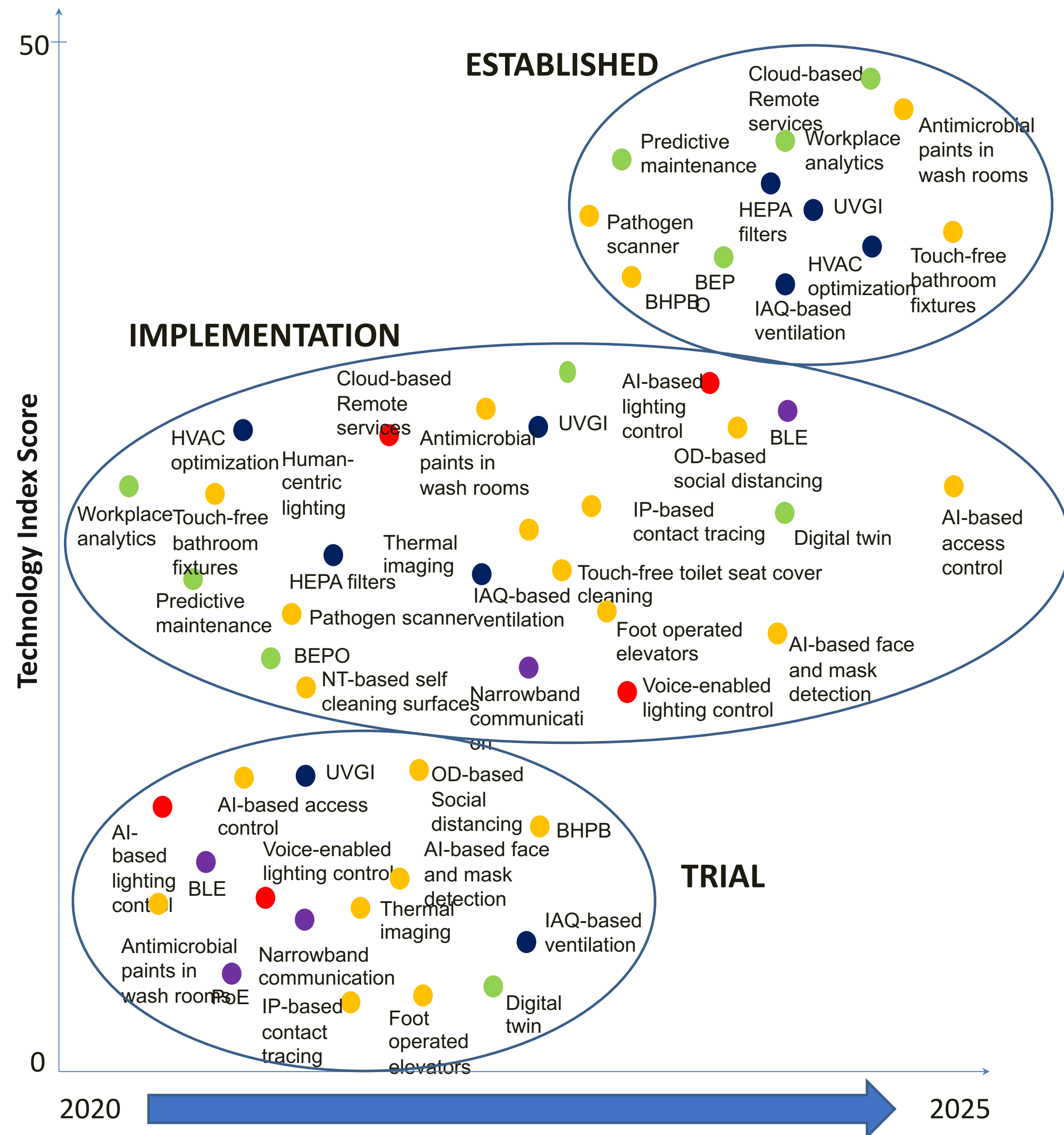
Source: CABA Intelligent Buildings and COVID-19 2021 Report



Across multiple Sectors



Technology Roadmap 2020-2025



Lighting & Control

- AI-based lighting control
- Voice enabled Lighting Control
- Human-centric Lighting

Automation & Energy Optimization

- Building energy performance optimization (BEPO)
- Cloud-based remote services
- Predictive maintenance
- Digital twin
- Workplace analytics

HVAC & IAQ

- HVAC optimization
- Indoor air quality (IAQ)-based ventilation
- Ultraviolet germicidal irradiation (UVGI)
- High efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters

Post-COVID Applications

- Occupancy detection (OD) based social distancing
- Indoor positioning (IP) based contact tracing
- AI-based face and mask detection
- Antimicrobial paints in wash rooms
- Foot operated elevator
- Touch-free bathroom fixtures
- Thermal imaging
- AI-based access control
- Building health performance benchmarking (BHPB)
- Pathogen scanner
- Nano technology (NT)-based self cleaning surfaces
- Touch-free toilet seat cover cleaning

Communication

- Power over Ethernet (PoE)
- Narrowband communication
- Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)

Source: CABA Intelligent Buildings and COVID-19 Report

IoT - 5G/6G – Edge Computing/Edge AI High Level Model

Center/Apps (Insightful Intelligence)

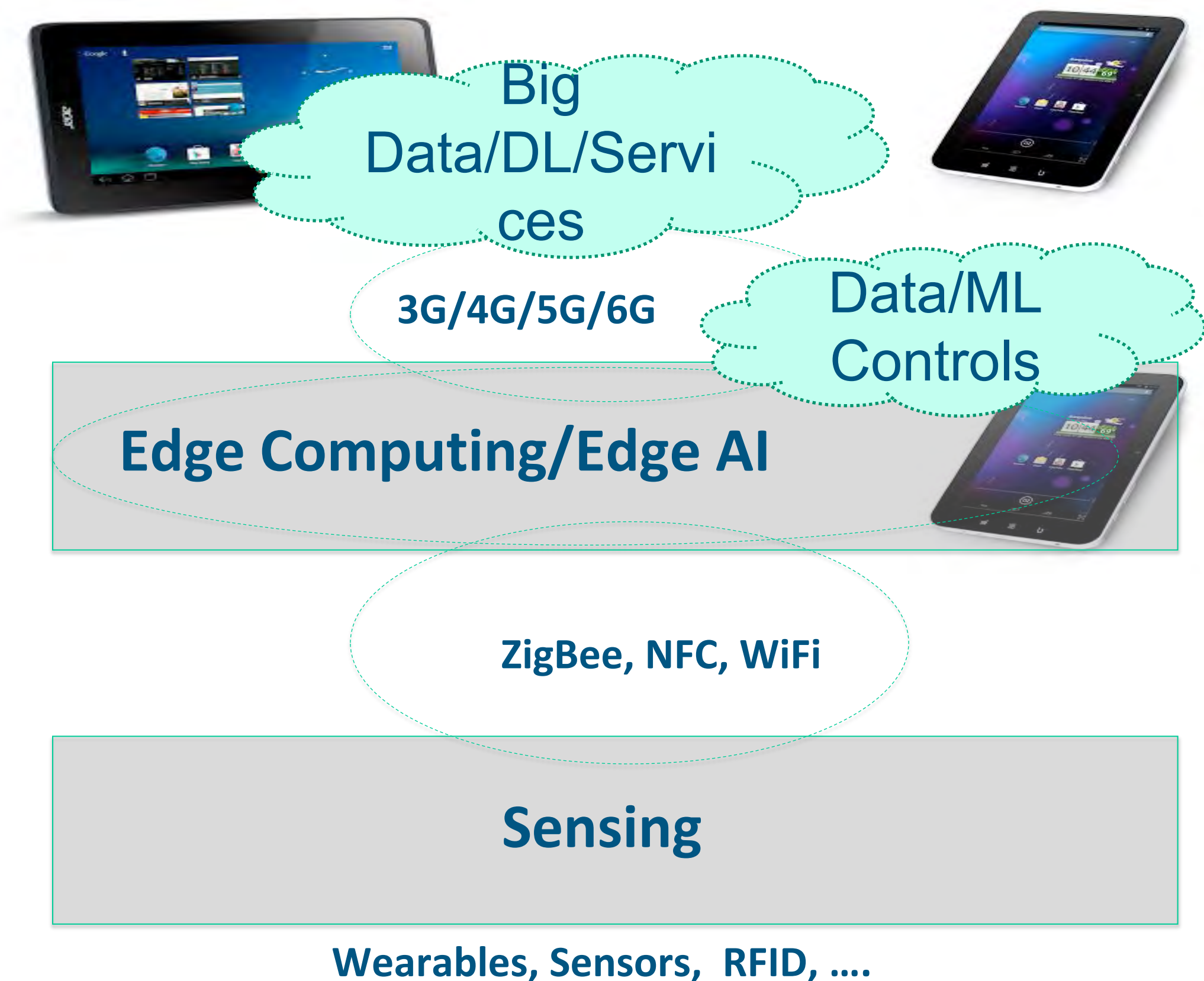
This layer provides insight to the data collected from all layers and offers the information as a service to individuals, industries or infrastructures.

Edge Computing -> Edge AI (Gateway/Aggregation)

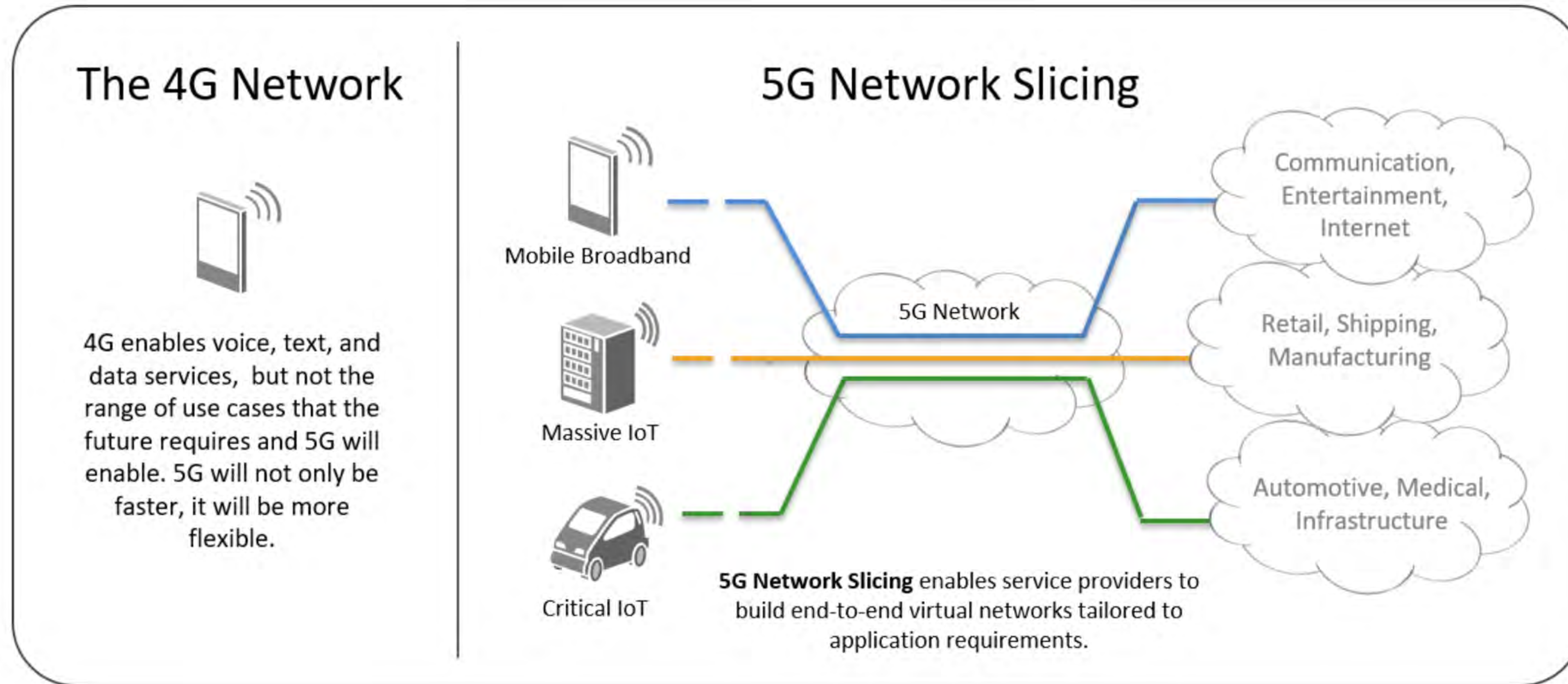
This layer enables the stream of data to move from one level to the next for additional processing.

Sensing

This layer enables interface to objects that are currently passive, where tapping into these objects will generate a stream of pertinent data and information.

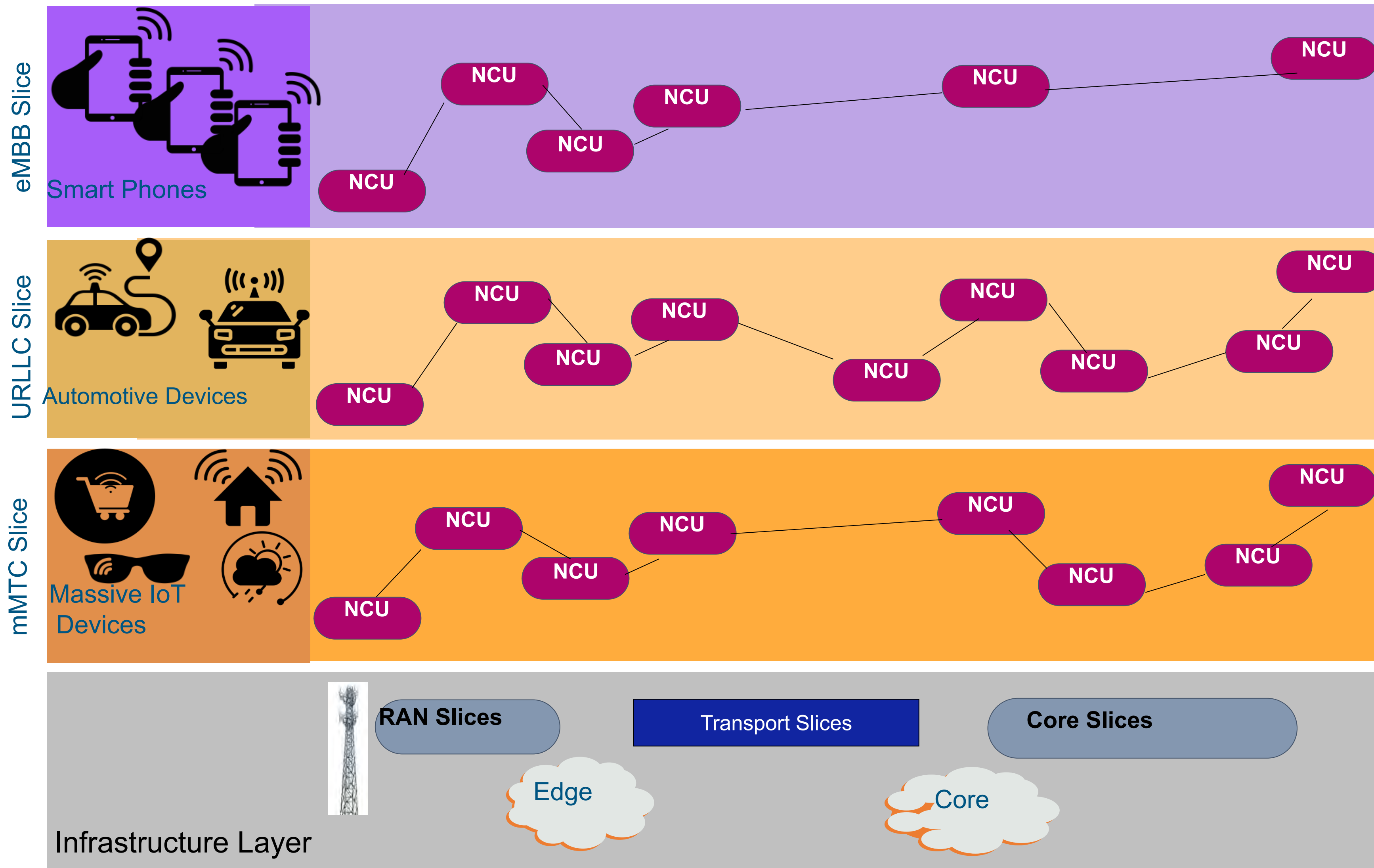


5G Network Slicing (NS) Difference from 4G



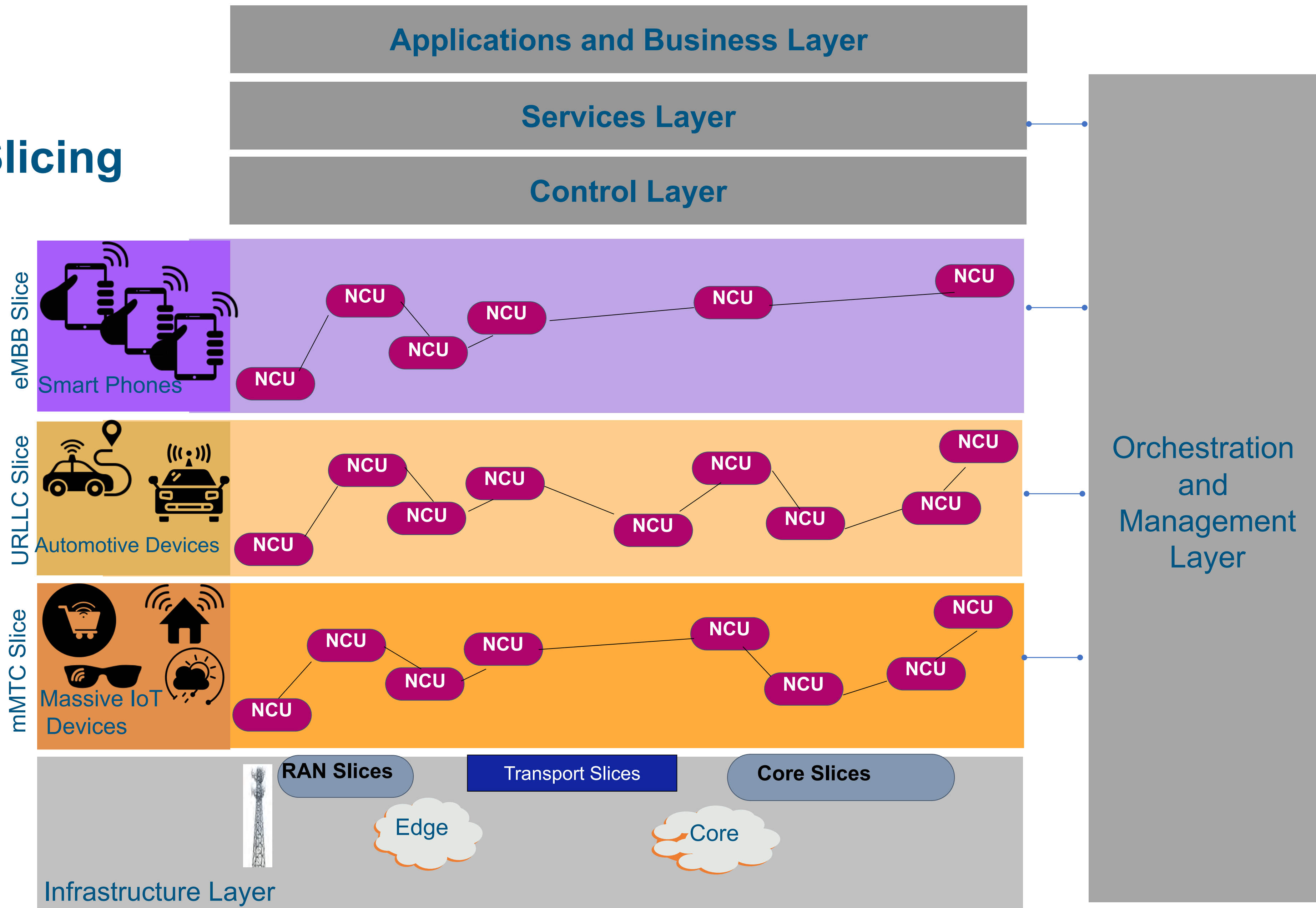
- Each slice is optimized to meet different KPIs: wide coverage, massive connection, low latency and high reliability, high data rate, etc.
- However, not all network slices are created equal

5G Network Slicing (NS)



Network Slicing (NS) partitions common network infrastructure into multiple, logical, end-to-end, virtual network instances to provide customized virtual private services

5G Network Slicing

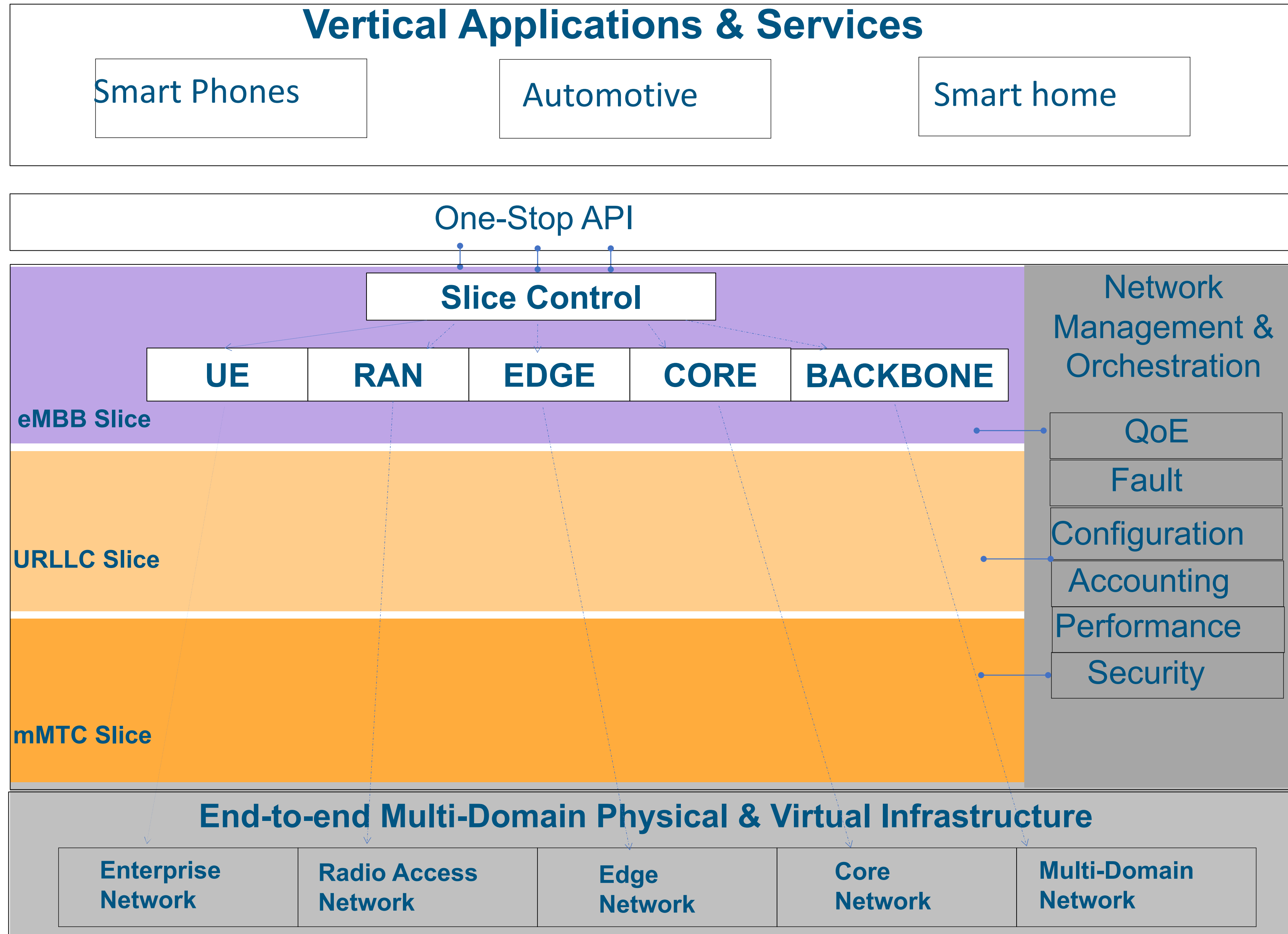


Orchestration deliver cost effective, timely and efficient NS governed by a service level agreement

5
G

N
e
t
w
o
r
k

S
l
i
c
i
n
g



Network slices and major network components

5G Network Slicing – Network Edge and AI



Network Slicing and Multi-access Edge Computing (MEC) are two key enablers for 5G QoS service differentiation optimizing use of resources in the network and use of network slicing.

Flexible orchestration of network slices is realized using software defined functions and programmable infrastructures. RAN's backhaul are governed by the NFV infrastructure, the control of which relies on the MEC

The intelligence data comes in streams: from multiple sites; in multiple forms that include videos from surveillance systems, images from cameras, verbal reports in many languages and dialects, and responses from databases to queries.

Actionable information must be extracted continuously from this streaming data and delivered in customized form to appropriate addresses.

- 5G Commercial trials/deployment are progressing (eMBB, mMTC, URLLC)
- Collaborative 5G & IoT transform from identifying symptoms to identifying root cause leveraging mass connectivity, low latency and higher speed.
- IoT, 5G/6G and AI usher a beginning of collaborative, end-to-end, scalable services aimed at improving business process, quality of life and personalization of services.
- Multi-access Edge Computing (MEC) and Edge Intelligence allows for faster processing closer to the equipment at lower latency.
- Network Slicing enable QoS service differentiation, optimizing use of resources in the network and revenue generation.

5G Network Slicing - Examples

eMBB:

- Video applications for faster download or streaming, video conferencing and virtual reality demanding **higher data speeds**.
- The network will likely need a lot of small cell coverage and will take advantage of higher bandwidth spectrum.

Automotive

Network slices may be needed for high throughput needs for in-vehicle entertainment, and ultra-reliable and low latency (URLLC) needs for assisted/autonomous driving, data gathering and analysis from telemetry sensors, device to device communication, etc.

Massive IoT:

- Support a huge number of devices, many of which require longer battery life, the 5G network will be building off of the LTE Advanced Pro platform.
- 5G will use the platform's two narrowband technologies, enhanced machine-type communication (**eMTC**) and narrowband IoT (**NB-IoT**).
Examples: Transport traffic management department may use a massive IoT network slice to monitor and manage the real-time status of their systems.

Future Networks Technical Community

Collaboration

+ other IEEE and non-IEEE collaborators

Content

technical newsletter, podcasts, videos, articles

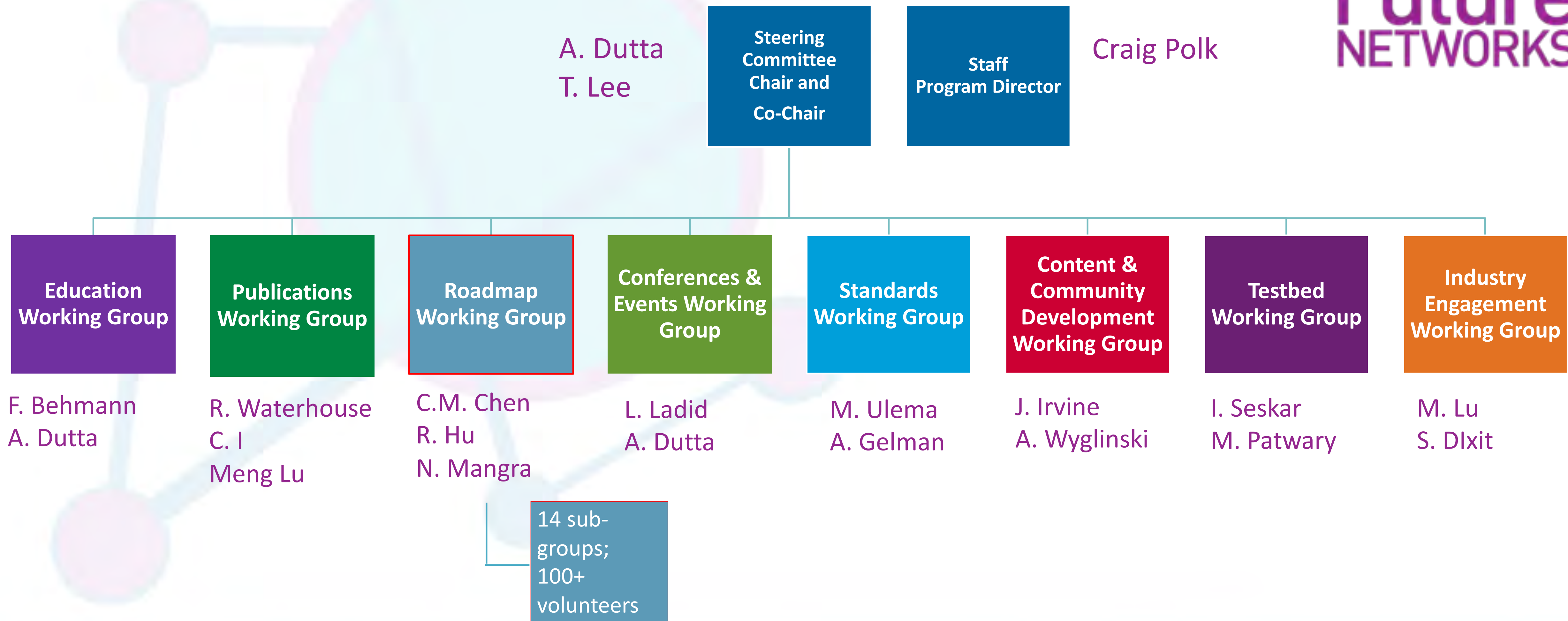
Events

+ workshops and more

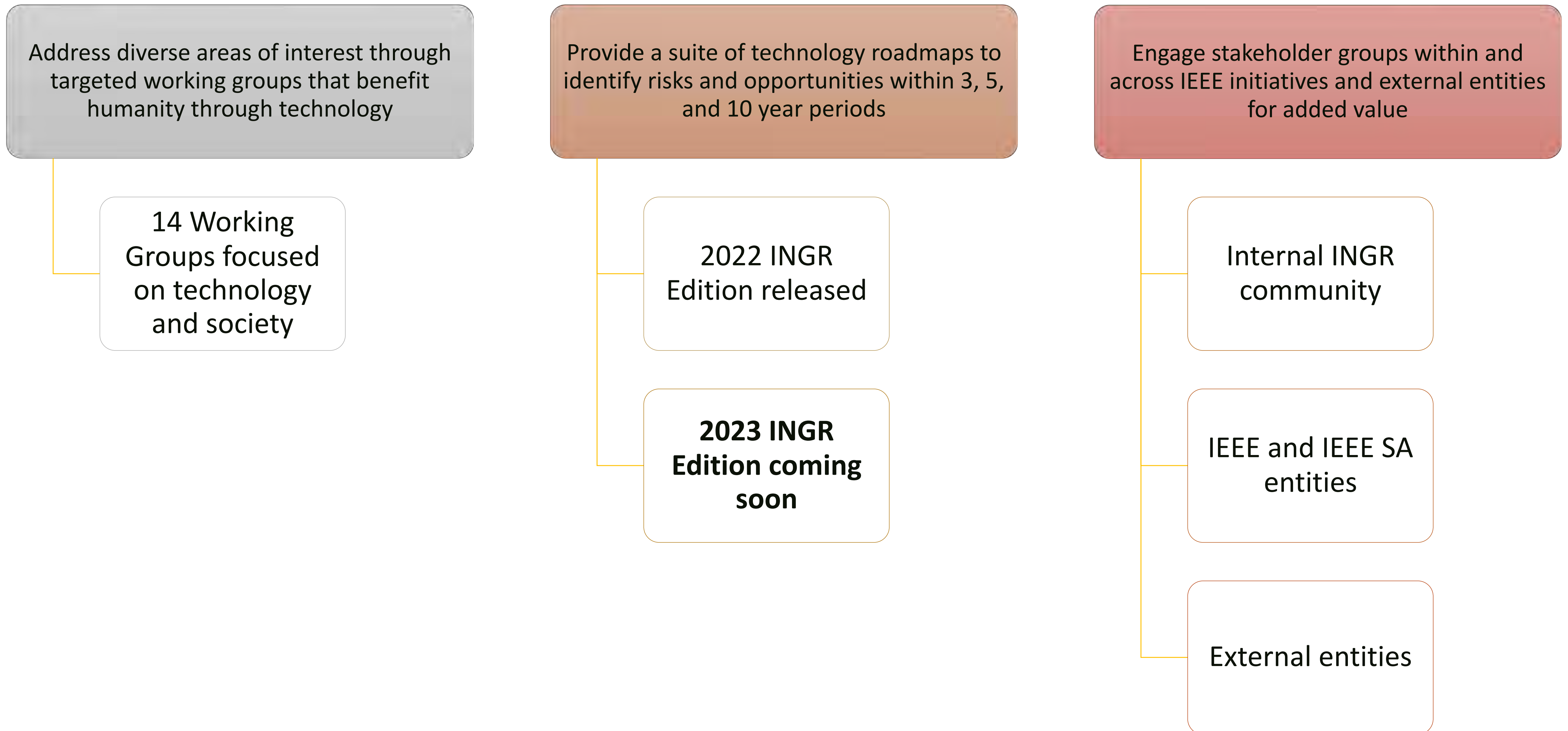
Research & Education

+ eLearning courses, webinar series, tutorials

IEEE Future Networks Organization Structure



INGR Strategic Objectives



<https://futurenetworks.ieee.org/roadmap>

- Annual technical document highlighting network technology evolutions over 3-, 5- and 10-year horizons
- Created by 100+ international experts across 14 working groups
- 2022 Edition (3rd) was 14 chapters, 1000+ pages
- Available exclusively to Future Networks participants
- 14,500+ total INGR downloads
- Events and outreach:
 - Presentations and readouts at conferences
 - Technical workshops
 - 2021-22 webinar series
 - Paid advertising campaigns
 - In 2021, FNI's INGR events compiled 6,200 registrants



INGR Editions



Scope.

- High-level perspective and projection of how the industry could evolve
- Highlights of common needs
- Challenges to achieving those needs
- Potential solutions to those challenges

Projections

- INGR projections for the next 10 years:
 - Key Timeframe points at 3, 5, and 10 years.

Foundation for future editions

- This INGR 1st edition was released in 2020 and was followed by 2021 and 2022 Editions. They laid the foundation for subsequent editions that will include a description and evaluation of 6G and other future network enhancements.

2023 Edition

- Extend the range and depth of the 2022 Edition

IEEE International Networks Generations Roadmap (INGR) 2022 Edition



<https://futurenetworks.ieee.org/roadmap>

IEEE INGR Structure and Working Groups

CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION	INGR WORKING GROUP CHAPTERS
User Access	This group describes how the users reach the network	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Satellites • Deployment • Connecting the Unconnected (CTU)
Network Components and Performance	This group describes how the networks are interconnected	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Edge Automation Platform • Massive MIMO • Systems Optimization • Optics • mmWave
Systems and Standards	This group describes system standards and testability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standardization Building Blocks • Testbed • Energy Efficiency
Services and Enablers	This group represents all the elements that enable deployment, assure functionality and security and address impact on society and environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security • Applications and Services • Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (AI/ML)

Applications and Services WG

INGR Applications and Services WG Focus

- Provides a sustainable **transdisciplinary framework** across end-to-end ecosystems in urban and non-urban areas, and caters to different stages of priorities, resources, and technologies.

INGR Applications and Services Chapter Highlights include

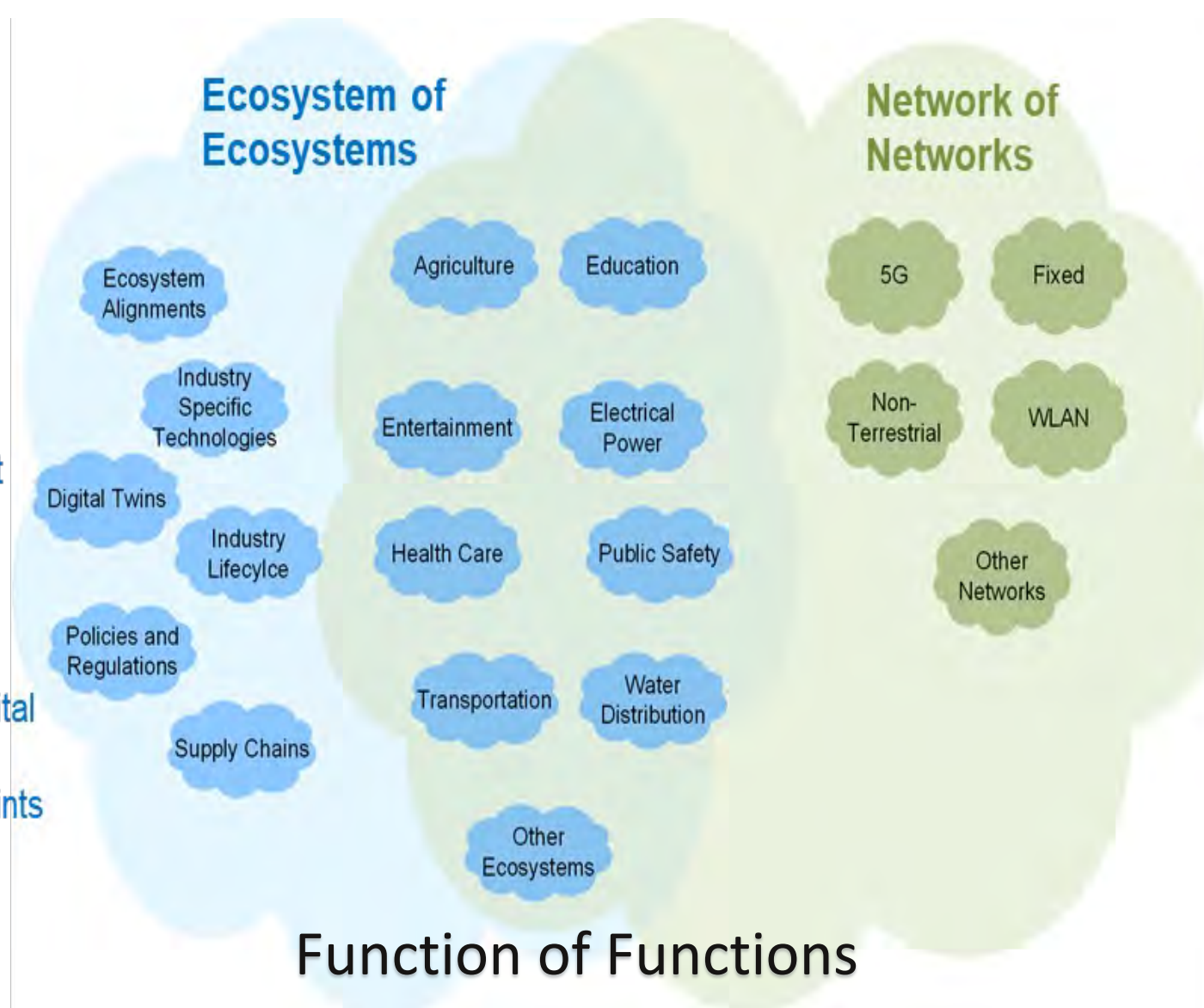
- **Applications and Services Framework**
 - **Ecosystem of Ecosystems:** intra-ecosystem and inter-ecosystem alignments. **Eight ecosystems** are addressed – Agriculture, Education, Electrical Power, Health Care, Media and Entertainment, Public Safety, Transportation, and Water Distribution & Wastewater Treatment.
 - **Network of Networks:** Future networks components (**access, service delivery, operations and service management, and network extensions**), use case categories and deployment drivers, and network operations enhancements.
 - **Function of Functions:** strategic, tactical and operational **governance** functions.
- **Scenarios:** Smart Cities, Smart Regions, and Pandemic Response Scenarios

WG Recommendations / Highlights of 2022 Edition Topics

- **Framework Enhancements** – Additional details on ecosystem enhancements, cross-ecosystem touchpoints, and KPIs
- **Inter-INGR WG Collaboration**, e.g, AI/ML use cases, Comprehensive Plans, Rural Development, Trust, Multi-tiered security, etc

Key Enablers

- Governance
- Contextual Data Models
- Data Policies and Management
- Stakeholder Engagement
- Trust and Privacy
- Multi-Tiered Security
- Investments and Funding
- Competing Priorities
- Connectivity and the Digital Divide
- Capabilities and Constraints
- City Performance



Future Networks Considerations

- Standards – Economies of Scope and Scale
- Technology Enablers, e.g. AI, position / location determination
- Equipment Availability
- Ease of Deployment



IEEE INGR Applications and Services WG

- **Roadmap Details – Refer to INGR WG chapter**
- **WG Participation – 5GRM-appssvcs@ieee.org**

Artificial Intelligence / Machine Learning (AI/ML) WG

INGR Artificial Intelligence / Machine Learning (AI/ML) WG Focus

- Provide the Roadmap based on research and industry advancement to deliver the AI/ML vision beyond 5G.
- Identify and define the taxonomy and state of *AI (sense, think, and act like a human)* and *ML (detection, classification, segmentation, predictions, and recommendations)*.
- Survey existing frameworks that support AI/ML workloads for different domains and identify a reference architecture to compare emerging protocol stacks and infrastructure elements.

INGR AI/ML WG Areas of Interest include:

- **Network Automation**
- **Network Slicing**
- **Network Digital Twins**
- **Security**
- **Dynamic Spectrum Access**
- **Cloud Computing**
- **Multi-access Edge Computing**

Highlights of AI/ML Topics for INGR 2022 Edition include

- **Cross-team collaboration with other FNI WGs** for AI/ML augmentation.
- **Investigate additional 5G and Future Networks areas** where technology gaps can be closed using AI/ML, e.g. Quantum Computing and Security.
- **Set priorities for future development** to include both technological advances and AI/ML developments that are being undertaken by other organizations, e.g. ETSI, 3GPP, etc.
- **Develop an AI/ML based management and orchestration framework.**
- **Define how open source and open architectures can be used and adopted**, e.g. a joint effort for Open RAN technologies may be adopted by industry via the O-RAN Alliance and Telecom Infra Project (TIP).
- **Develop and demonstrate AI/ML 5G and Future Networks use cases**

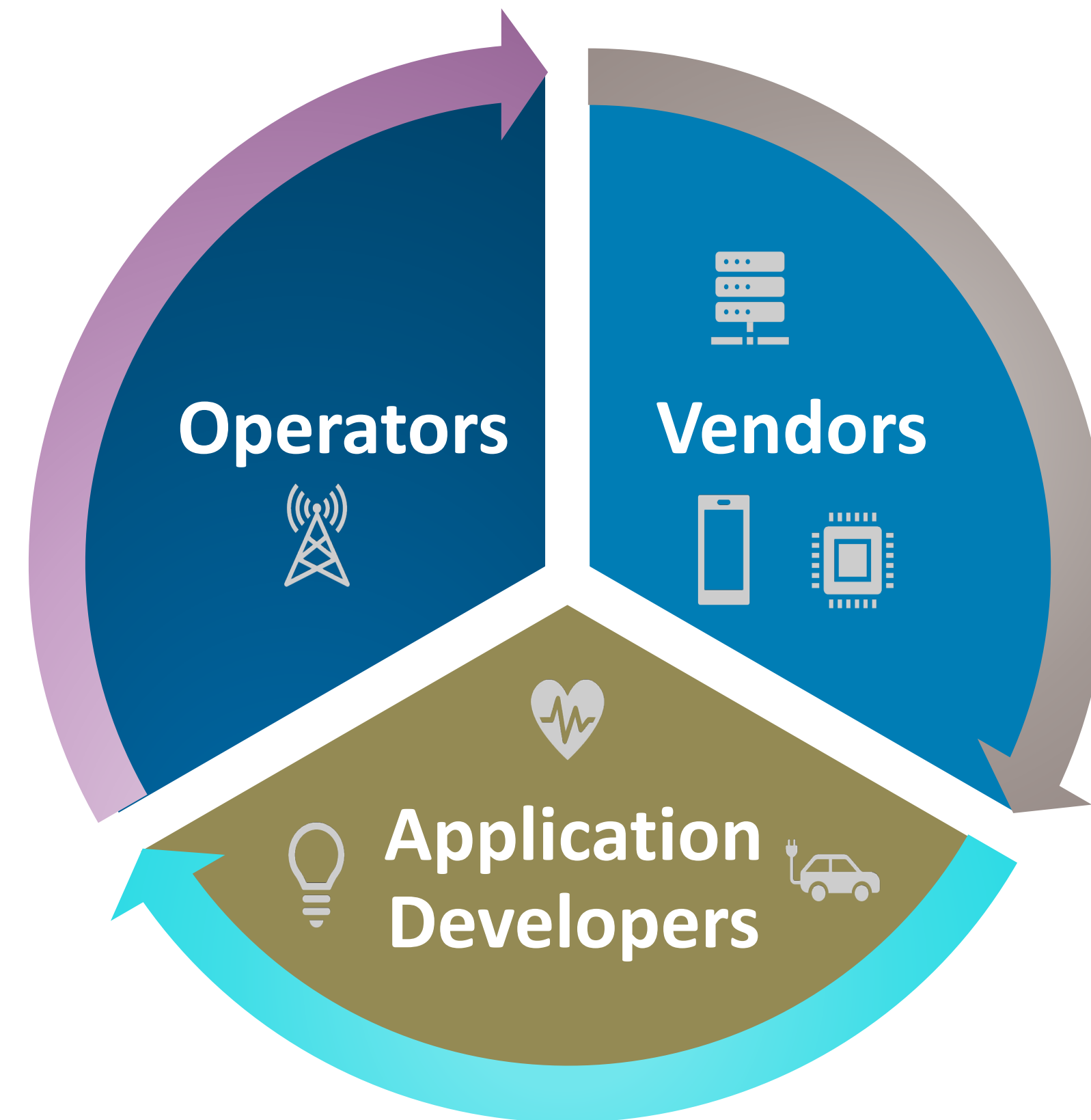


IEEE INGR Artificial Intelligence / Machine Learning (AI/ML) WG

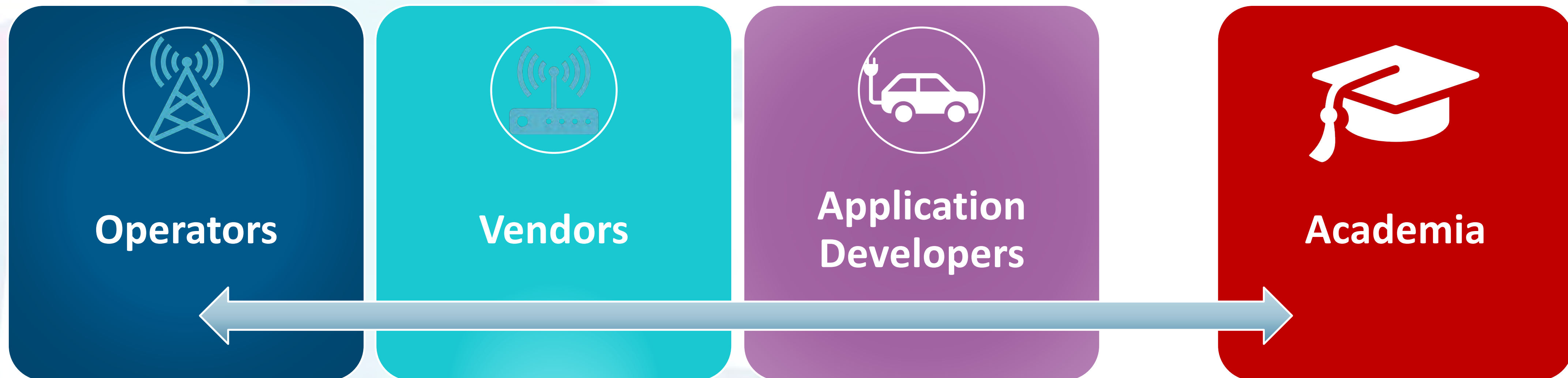
- **Roadmap Details – Refer to INGR WG chapter**
- **WG Participation – 5GRM-AIML@ieee.org**

The 5G & Beyond Testbed

- A virtual end-to-end network testing and innovation platform
- Reduced-cost innovation across interdependent industry players
- Win-win collaboration opportunities across the broad range of 5G/6G technologies
- Academic/education opportunities

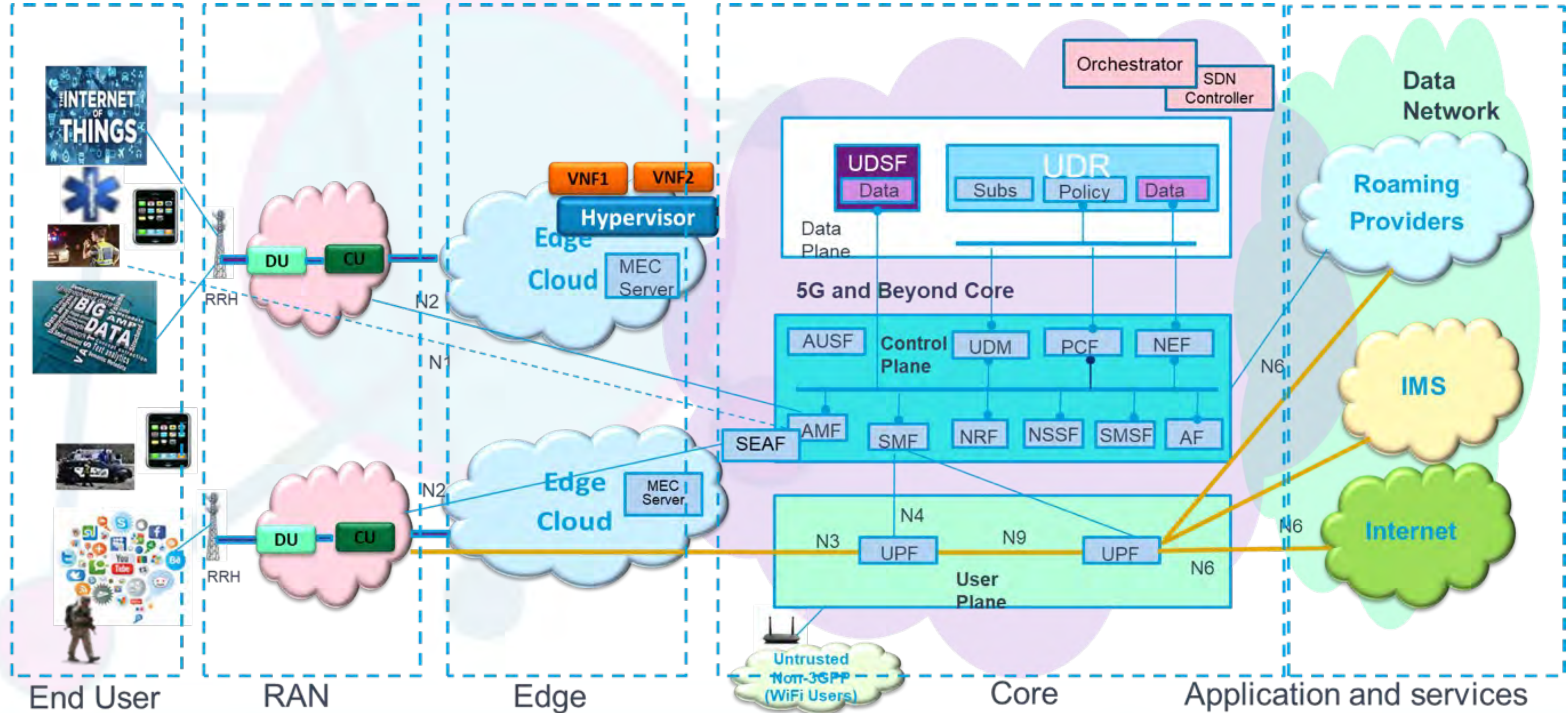


End Users for 5G Testbed Project



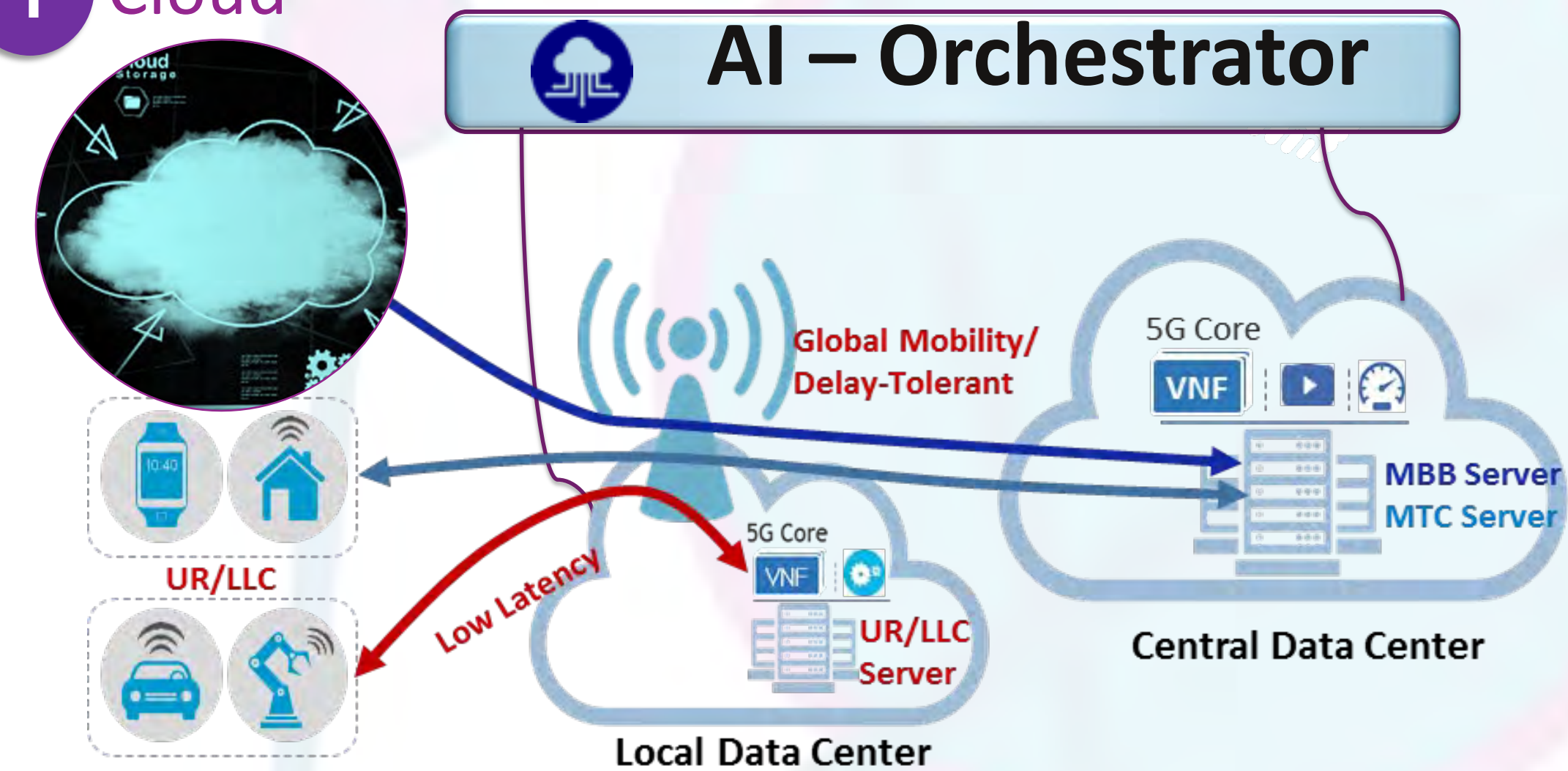
- The 5G & Beyond Testbed Project will bring together industry participants across the broad range of 5G/6G technologies to enable win-win collaboration opportunities and contribute to the roadmap for future technological direction
- The academic institutes will have access to the testbed grand branch in later stages

End-to-End Overview of 5G System



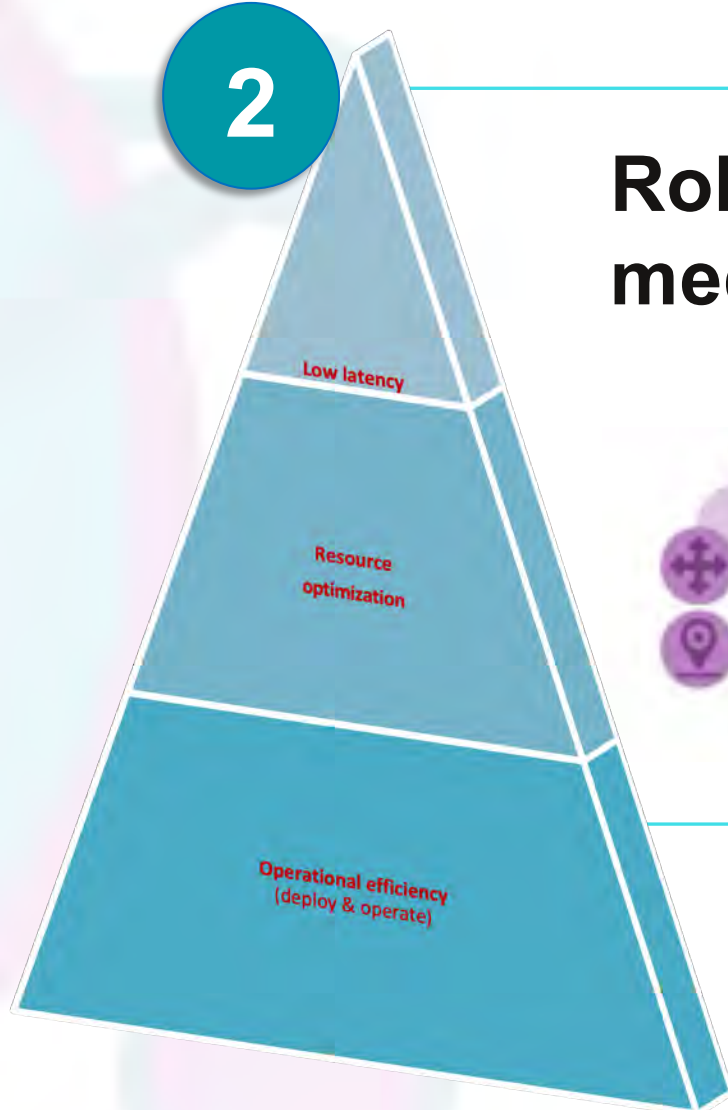
5G & Beyond Testbed Enables New Use Cases for Industry

1 Cloud



Embedding cloud technologies into the mobile network

2



Robust networks that can support drone operations, medical monitoring and surgeries, autonomous cars, etc.



3

Opportunity for startups to develop new products and applications



4



Enhance knowledge and skills for students and faculty staff

INGR 2nd Edition Release

- Access the documents online at **futurenetworks.ieee.org/roadmap**
- **The roadmap documents will also be available at IEEE Xplore**
- INGR is a program of the **IEEE Future Networks Initiative**



Reduce technical and engineering risks associated with the migration to 5G and beyond

IEEE
INGR

International Network Generations Roadmap



The purpose of the International Network Generations Roadmap (INGR) is to stimulate an industry-wide dialogue to address the many facets and challenges of the development and deployment of 5G in a well-coordinated and comprehensive manner.

The First Edition is accessible via the IEEE Future Networks Initiative website:
<https://futurenetworks.ieee.org/roadmap>

📍 Applications & Services
Edge Automation
Platform
Hardware
Massive MIMO
Millimeter Wave

Optics
Satellite
Security
Standardization
Building Blocks



The INGR authors believe that, with widespread participation, the roadmap process can reduce some of the technical and engineering risks associated with the migration beyond 4G and related technologies. As work continues with the Second Edition, new experts are encouraged to participate, to evolve and strengthen this crucial set of documents. Join us!

futurenetworks.ieee.org/roadmap



IEEE
Future Networks™
WORLD FORUM • 2023
13-15 November 2023 // Baltimore, MD, USA



Call for Papers and Proposals

IMAGINING THE NETWORK OF THE FUTURE

General Chair
Henning Schulzrinne, *Columbia University*

General Co-Chairs
Emre Ayranci, *muRata pSemi*
Abbas Jamalipour, *University of Sydney*
Meng Lu, *SWARCO Peek Traffic*

Founding Co-Chair
Ashutosh Dutta, *JHU/APL*
Latif Ladid, *IPv6 Forum, Univ. of Luxembourg*

Technical Program Committee Chair/Co-Chairs
Ekram Hossain, *University of Manitoba*, Chair
Mithun Mukherjee, *Nanjing Univ. Info. Sci. & Tech.*
Essaid Sabir, *ENSEM*
Ping Wang, *York University*
Shui Yu, *Univ. of Tech. Sydney*

The 2023 IEEE Future Networks World Forum (FNWF'23) will continue the path set in 2018 by the IEEE 5G World Forum in bringing together experts from industry, academia, and research to exchange their vision as well as their achieved advances in the continuing evolution of network technology, including 5G, 6G, and other innovative cross-domain breakthroughs. Located in **Baltimore, USA**, IEEE FNWF'23 seeks contributions on how to nurture and cultivate future network technologies and applications for the benefit of society. Workshop, tutorial, industry forum, and demonstration proposals and original, innovative, and high-quality papers are solicited on the technical topics of Future Networks.

CALL FOR PAPERS

TECHNICAL TRACK PAPERS
SYMPOSIUM PAPERS
Submission: 8 September 2023

CALL FOR PROPOSALS

TUTORIAL PROPOSALS
Submission: 8 September 2023

INDUSTRY FORUM AND PANEL PROPOSALS
Submission: 8 September 2023

Notification: Rolling
Camera-ready: 15 September 2023

TOPICAL AND VERTICAL PROPOSALS
Submission: 8 September 2023

ENTREPRENEURSHIP & INNOVATION FORUM PROPOSALS
Submission: 8 September 2023

DEMONSTRATION PROPOSALS
Submission: 8 September 2023



Financial Co-Sponsors



IEEE Future Networks

Be connected to IEEE Future Networks to shape future network requirements

Get monthly updates on technical workshops, summits, webinars, podcasts, and call for proposals, papers, and volunteer opportunities

Thousands are already members

Join today: bit.ly/fni-join



C-IoT Book by

Fawzi Behmann &
Kwok Wu

Roadmap & Opportunities for
2020's and 2030's and impact in
improving quality of life and
business processes

Requirements & Solutions

- Health & Fitness
- Smart Home/Building/Factory
- Smart Energy
- Smart Car
- Smart City

For Individual, Industry and
Infrastructure

Covering

- Sensing
- Gateway
- Services

Market & Technological trends
Standards Initiatives

Internet breaks-down geographical barriers
IoT breaks-down vertical barriers

Collaborative Internet of Things (C-IoT)
for Future Smart Connected Life and Business
Fawzi Behmann and Kwok Wu

The Internet of Things refers to uniquely identifying objects and their virtual presentations in an Internet-like structure and has many definitions, one being a global network infrastructure, linking physical and virtual objects through the exploitation of data capture and communication capabilities. This infrastructure includes existing and evolving Internet and network developments. It will offer specific object-identification, sensor and connection capability as the basis for the development of independent cooperative services and applications. These will be characterized by a high degree of autonomous data capture, event transfer, network connectivity and interoperability.

Collaborative Internet of Things (C-IoT) for Future Smart Connected Life and Business provides the reader with an overview of the evolution of Internet of Things and its impact on Smart Connected Digital Life and emerging Cloud Services comparing trials in the 1990s with current solutions offering future trends. The underlying drivers of innovative change are the scalability of Internet, advancement of

COMING TECH
WILEY

20% OFF
Promo Code
57474*

Collaborative Internet of Things (C-IoT) for Future Smart Connected Life and Business
Fawzi Behmann • Kwok Wu
WILEY

Available at [Wiley](#), [Amazon](#), [Barns & Noble](#), ...

Hard or softcopy

Discount code – 20%, IEEE Code 18493 -15%



THANK YOU!

Questions?

Contact:

Fawzi.behmann@telnetmanagement.com

f.Behmann@IEEE.ORG